

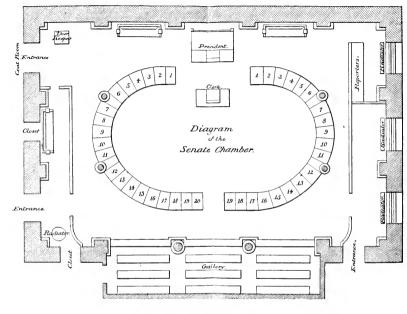
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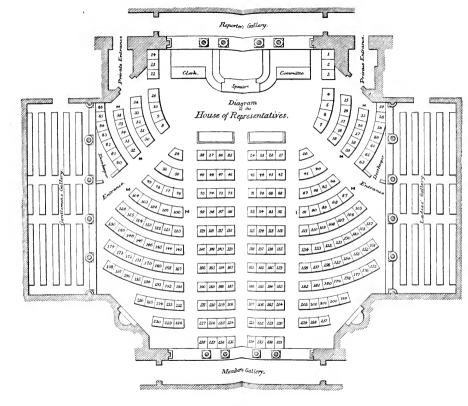


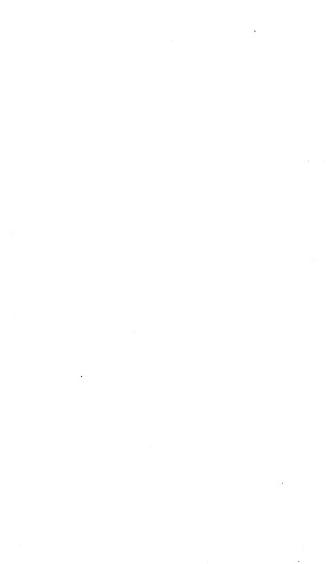
HON. HARRIS C. HARTWELL, PRESIDENT.

RIGHT.								LEF1.				
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LECT











Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

TOGETHER WITH THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT
OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A LIST OF THE
EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL
DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE INSTITUTIONS
AND THEIR OFFICERS,

AND OTHER STATISTICAL INFORMATION.

Prepared under Section 5, Chapter 4 of the Pettic Statutes.

HENRY D. COOLIDGI, CIFRK OF THE SENATE,

EDWADD A. McLAUGHLAN (TERS OF THE HOTS).

BOSTON:

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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

PREAMBLE.

Objects of the Constitution.

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WE the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persous, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence

of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in

each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration twothirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disap-

proved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power-to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States:-to borrow money on the credit of the United States; - to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes; - to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States; -to coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures: - to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States; - to establish post offices and post roads; - to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries; - to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court; - to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations; - to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water :- to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years; - to provide and maintain a navy; -- to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; - to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; -to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of

training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress;—to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings;—and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

· No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular

statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws: and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president. if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner choose the president. But in choosing the president the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from twothirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them by ballot the vice-president.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

- SECT. 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.
- SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and infe-

rior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; — to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; — to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; — to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; — to controversies between two or more states; — between a state and citizens of another state; — between citizens of different states; — between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in eases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by congress: provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary not-withstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES

IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF,

The constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

- ARTICLE I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.
- ART. II. A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.
- ART. III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.
- ART. IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable

searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

- ART. V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.
- ART. VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.
- ART. VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.
- ART. VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

- ART. IX. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.
- ART. X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.
- ART. XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity. commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.
- ART. XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate: - the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted: - the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having

one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ART. XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ART. XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

- Sect. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.
- SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator, or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.
- SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned.

But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void. SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ART. XV. Sect. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[Note. The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the unanimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz.: By convention of Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 23, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New Jork, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 29, 1799.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states on December 15, 1791. The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared, in a message from the President of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states. The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1893, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1894, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25 of the same year.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress on February 1, 1865, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-ninth congress, on June 16, 1866.

On July 20, 1868, the secretary of state of the United States issued his certificate, setting out that it appeared by official documents on

file in the department of state that said amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Massachusetts, Nebraska, and Iowa, and by newly established bodies avowing themselves to be and acting as the legislatures of the states of Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Alabama; that the legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey had since passed resolutions withdrawing the consent of those states to said amendment; that the whole number of states in the United States was thirty-seven, that the twenty-three states first above named and the six states next above named together, constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states, and certifying that if the resolutions of Ohio and New Jersey, ratifying said amendment, were still in force, notwithstanding their subsequent resolutions, then said amendment had been ratified and so become valid as part of the constitution.

On July 21, 1868, congress passed a resolution reciting that the amendment had been ratified by Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nerada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Lonisiana, being three-fourths of the several states of the Union, and declaring said fourteenth article to be a part of the constitution of the United States, and making it the duty of the secre tary of state to duly promulgate it as such.

On July 28, 1868, the secretary of state issued his certificate, reciting the above resolution, and stating that official notice had been received at the department of state that action had been taken by the legislatures of the states in relation to said amendment, as follows: "It was ratified in A.D. 1866, by Connecticut, June 30; New Hampshire, July 7; Tennessee, July 19; Oregon, September 19; Vermont, November 9. In A.D. 1867, by New York, January 10; Illinois, January 15; West Virginia, January 16; Kansas, January 18; Maine, January 19; Nevada, January 22; Missouri, January 26; Indiana, January 29; Minnesota, February 1; Rhode Island, February 7; Wisconsin, February 13; Pennsylvania, February 13; Michigan, February 15; Massachusetts, March 20; Nebraska, June 15. In A.D. 1868, by Ioua, April 3; Arkansas, April 6; Florida, June 9; Lonisiana, July 9; and Alabama, July 13.

"It was first ratified and the ratification subsequently withdrawn by New Jersey, ratified September 11, 1866, withdrawn April, 1868; Ohio, ratified January 11, 1867, and withdrawn January, 1868.

"It was first rejected and then ratified by Georgia, rejected November 13, 1866, ratified July 21, 1868; North Carolina, rejected December 4, 1866, ratified July 4, 1868; South Carolina, rejected December 20, 1866, and ratified July 9, 1868.

"It was rejected by *Texas*, November 1, 1866; *Virginia*, January 9, 1867; *Kentucky*, January 10, 1867; *Delaware*, February 7, 1867; and *Maryland*, March 23, 1867."

And on said July 28, 1868, and in execution of the act proposing the amendment and of the concurrent resolution of congress above mentioned and in pursuance thereof, the secretary of state directed that said amendment to the constitution be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the laws of the United States, and certified that it had been adopted in the manner above specified by the states named in said resolution, and that it "has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

Subsequently it was ratified by *Virginia*, October 8, 1869, by *Georgia*, again, February 2, 1870, and by *Texas*, February 18, 1870.

The fifteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress on February 27, 1869, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30, 1870, to have been ratified by the constitutional number of states and to have "become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution of the United States."]

CONSTITUTION

OR

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PREAMBLE.

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PREAMBLE.

The end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals: it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of His providence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an

original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government, for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring His direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

- ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.
- ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the Supreme Being, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.
- ART. III. [As the happiness of a people, and the good order, and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public instructions

in piety, religion, and morality: Therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendment, Article XI.]

And the people of this commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend.

Provided, notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised.

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.]

- ART. IV. The people of this commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent state; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter be, by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.
- ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.
- ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, lawgiver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.
- ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestible, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.
- ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their pub-

lic officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

- ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.
- ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service. or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him. or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.
- ART. XI. Every subject of the commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.
- ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled

to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches, and seizures, of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation, and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure: and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to a trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising

on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

- ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this commonwealth.
- ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.
- ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.
- ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.
- ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by

the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

- ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.
- ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.
- ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people or their representatives in the legislature.
- ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.
- ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.
- ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.
- ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner;

and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subject to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well; and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them: the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them: the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic, or state, by the name of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives; each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year [on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May;] and shall be styled, The General Court of Massachusetts. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if

he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated; who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve. But if after such reconsideration, twothirds of the said senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law; but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law.

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences. pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters. causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same: whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon. To which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full 'ower and authority, from time to time, to

administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery of truth in any matter in controversy or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court from time to time to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for: and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said commonwealth, and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities, whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the

subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the commonwealth, taken anew once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order. [See Amendments, Article II.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. [There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this commonwealth. qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein; provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XVI., XXII.]

And the several counties in this commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter

the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz.:—Suffolk, six; Essex, six; Middlesex, five; Hampshire, four; Plymouth, three; Barnstable, one; Bristol, three; York, two; Dukes County and Nantucket, one; Worcester, five; Cumberland, one; Lincoln, one; Berkshire, two.]

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature: and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: there shall be a meeting on the [first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this commonwealth; to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the [first Monday in April,] for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors: and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant.] And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant" in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this state, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XV., XX., XXVI., XXVIII.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially; and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a .

fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name: and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription, expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before [the last Wednesday in May] annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May:] and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said [last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X.7

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held annually fon the same first Monday in April], at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct: which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitu-And all other persons living in places unincorporated (qualified as aforesaid) who shall be assessed to the support of government by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the [last Wednesday in May] annually, the governor with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the return copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by [a majority of] voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution; and shall, fon the said last Wednesday in May] annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district to be senators [by a majority of votes; and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned elected by a majority of votes for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the

senate, arising by death, removal out of the state, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall happen.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, [who is not seised in his own right of a freehold, within this commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and] who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceedings.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court with full authority to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the commonwealth, for misconduct and mal-administration in their offices. But previous to the trial of every impeachment the members of the senate shall respectively be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this commonwealth: but the party so con-

victed shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be, in the legislature of this commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. [And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII., XIII., XXI.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.]

And the house of representatives shall have power from

time to time to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

- ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; [and, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seised in his own right of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]
- ART. IV. [Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the same town of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town.] [See Amendments, Articles III., XX., XXVII., XXVIII.]
- ART. V. [The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least before the last Wednesday of that month.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XV.]
- ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.

- ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.
- ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.
- ART. IX. [Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Article XXI.]
- ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker; appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided, that no imprisonment on the warrant or order of the governor, council,

senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may respectively think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

Governor.

- ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled—The Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; and whose title shall be—His Excellency.
- ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall at the same time be seised in his own right, of a free-hold, within the commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; [and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion.] [See Amendments, Article VII.]
- ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives within the several towns of this commonwealth shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the [first Monday of April] annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence

and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the flast Wednesday in May]; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office, seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May]; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, seventeen days at least before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives on the flast Wednesday in Mayl, to be by them examined; and [in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned], the choice shall be by them declared and published; [but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but, if otherwise, out of the number voted for: and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this commonwealth for the time being; and the governor with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; [and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess;] and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious distemper prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the state. [See Amendments, Article X.]

[And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding uinety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and

conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annovance of this commonwealth; and to use and exercise, over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the lawmartial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade, or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by

and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, [the attorney-general,] the solicitor-general, [all sheriffs,] coroners, [and registers of probate,] shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, [of twenty-one years of age and upwards;] the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected, in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

[And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court-martial, pursuant to the laws of the commonwealth for the time being.] [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quartermasters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation of the United States it is provided that this commonwealth shall appoint, as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments, and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this commonwealth, and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the commonwealth; and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall once in every three months, officially, and without requisition, and

at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accourtements, and of all other public property whatever under their care respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officers shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court by a dependence on them for his support, that he should in all cases act with freedom for the benefit of the public, that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns, and that he should maintain the dignity of the commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate, it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

- ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be—His Honor; and who shall be qualified, in point of [religion,] property, and residence in the commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; [and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XIV.]
- ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.
- ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which by this constitution the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of [nine] persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. [Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room: and in case there shall not be found upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII.; XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

- ART. IV. [Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]
- ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for at any time by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.
- ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.
- ART. VII. [And whereas the elections appointed to be made, by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: the vacancies ir the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.] [See Amendments, Articles XVI., XXV.]

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, etc.

ARTICLE I. [The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and] naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives in one room. And, that the citizens of this commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies, for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure, that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitu-

tion: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

- ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.
- ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the commonwealth.
- ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter, appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.
- ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

[The delegates of this commonwealth to the congress of the United States, shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead.]

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which university many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state, and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America, —it is declared, that the PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD

College, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description, under several charters, successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas, by an act of the general court of the colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the overseers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council, and senate of this commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors, who, with the president of Harvard College, for the time being,

together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, etc.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies and public institutions, rewards and immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevo-

lence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections, and generous sentiments, among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, ETC.

ARTICLE I. [Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz.:

"I. A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seised and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.]

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned

to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

["I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent state; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain (as the case may be), and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, preeminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this commonwealth, except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States: and I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation So help me, Gop."] [See Amendments, whatsoever. Article VI.

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution and the laws of the commonwealth. So help me, Gop."

Provided, always, that when any person chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oath[s], he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, ["I do swear," "and abjure," "oath or," "and abjuration," in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words] "swear and," and [in each of them] the words "So help me, God;" subjoining instead thereof, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury." [See Amendments. Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state or government or power whatever. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this state, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate—sheriff—register of probate—or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate,

or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court — secretary — attorney-general — solicitor-general — treasurer or receiver-general — judge of probate — commissary-general — [president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College] — sheriff—clerk of the house of representatives—register of probate—register of deeds—clerk of the supreme judicial court—clerk of the inferior court of common pleas—or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers—shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Articles VIII., XXVII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the commonwealth shall require. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

- ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the commonwealth affixed thereto.
- ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.
- ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.
- ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of habeas corpus shall be enjoyed in this commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.
- ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be—"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."
- ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the commonwealth from a change of the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding

commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority; until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution, are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. [In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments. [See Amendments, Article IX.]

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that twothirds of the qualified voters throughout the state, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and

proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants, in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings. Provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants, nor

unless it be with the consent, and on the application of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose. And provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons under guardianship, who shall have resided within the commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections. Amendments, Articles II., XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII.]

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

[In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a com-

petent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court. [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall be nominated, appointed, and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

- ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.
- ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:—
- "I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, Gop."

Provided, That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word "swear" and inserting, instead thereof, the word "affirm," and omitting the words "So help me, God," and subjoining, instead thereof, the words, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury."

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and

the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) and no person holding any office under the authority of the United States, (postmasters excepted.) shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, at any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if, in the general court next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the sen-

ators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of Mav. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

[The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.] [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May, as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force, and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly appulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:—

"As the public worship of God and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious

teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses; and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members until they shall file with the clerk of such society a written notice, declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made, or entered into by such society; and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law."

ART. XII. [In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls, in each city, town, and district of the commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid; and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many

years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative, or representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls.

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and the same shall be done once in ten years, thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each

city, town, and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XIII. [A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken, and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years. [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXII.]

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative. [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many

times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among

the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor, who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next state census shall have been taken, and at its

first session after each decennial state census thereafterwards, shall divide the commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: provided, however, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. ever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as is required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the state, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers. [See Amendments, Article XXV.]

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of The person so chosen or appointed, duly the council. qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify

himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the state for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such money shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own school.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: provided, however, that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect. [See Amendments, Articles III., XXIII.. XXVI.]

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters; and in each city, said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the commonwealth, equally, as nearly as may be, according to their relative numbers of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well as in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, - or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be pro-

vided by law, - shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respec-The manner of calling and conducting the tive offices. meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one

thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: provided. however, that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. [See Amendments, Article L.VIXX

ART. XXIII. [No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of

foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and, provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom. [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of the senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth; provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XXVII. So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled.

ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of being a pauper; or, if a pauper, because of the non-payment of a poll-tax.

ART. XXIX. The General Court shall have full power and authority to provide for the inhabitants of the towns in this commonwealth more than one place of public meeting within the limits of each town for the election of officers under the constitution, and to prescribe the manner of calling, holding, and conducting such meetings.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

[Note.—Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777-8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions—Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives? Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and

appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved In accordance with the Resolves referred to. elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 19th, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendments had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from one to nine inclusive

The tenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was

approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The elerenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1522 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833

approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833 The twelfth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and

ratified by the people November 14th, 1836

The thirteenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved

and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853, The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson Secretaries. On the 1st

of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The jourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nine-teenth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by

the people May 23d, 1855.

The twentieth, twenty-first, and twenty-second Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved

and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The twenty-third Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and

ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The twenty-sixth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863.

The twenty-serenth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The twenty-eighth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the

people on the 8th day of November, 1881.

The twenty-ninth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1884 and 1885, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1885.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

An Act to regulate the Times and Manner of holding Elections for Senators in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legislature of each State which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said State, and the name of the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock, meridian, on the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said State in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority of all the votes of the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. Approved July 25, 1866.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE, ETc.

[103]

COUNTIES AND TOWNS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS. Date of Driginal Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	uble Sept. 3, 1639, Indian names, Chequocket, Coatuit, etc April 2, 1884, Part of Sandwich.	cr Feb. 19, 1808, Indian name, Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich. Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.	m June 11, 1712, Indian name, Manamoit. Boundary line between it and Orleans, and also between it and Harwich, changed, 1862.	June 19, 1793, Bast precinct of Yarmouth.	m June 2, 1646, Indian name, Nauset. Sec Orleans. Boundary line between the tide waters of, and Wellfloet established, May 6, 1887.	ith June 4, 1686, Indian name, Succanesset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Fal- nouth, March 17, 1841. See Mashpee. Boundary line estab-
IND TOW						
CITIES A	Barnstable . Bourne	Brewster	Chatham	Dennis	Eastham	Falmouth

		•	-		
Sopt. 14, 1694, Indian name, Satucket. See Brewster and Chatham.	Plantation of Marshpee incorporated June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich. Incorporated as District of Marshpee, March 31, 1864. Part of Sandwich annexed to, March 19, 1872. Boundary line between Mashpee and Falmouth defined and established by Act approved June 18, 1885. See Falmouth and Sandwick. Boundary line between, and Sandwich defined and established, May 27, 1887.	Southerly part of Bastham. Part of Bastham annexed to Orleans, March 9, 1839. Boundary line between it and Bastham defined, March 23, 1867. See Chatham.	Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Provincetown, June 12, 1813, March 2, 1829, and March 30, 1836.	Indian name, Shaume. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, Feb. 26, 1811, April, 1859, and March 13, 1860. Part of, annoved to Mashpee, March 19, 1872. See Mashpee, Boundary line established between, and Fulmouth, March 19, 1880. See Bourne. Boundary line between, and Nashpee defined and established, May 27, 1887.	Indian name, Pawmet, or Mecshawn. Boundary line between Truro and Wellfleet established Feb. 22, 1837. See Provincetoun.
1694,	May 28, 1870,	Mar. 3, 1797,	June 14, 1717,	Sept. 3, 1639,	Jaly 16, 1709,
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Harwich	Mashpee	Orleans	ovir	Sandwich	Truro .
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BARNSTABLE COUNTY — Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Wellfleet	June 16, 1763,	Indian name, Punonakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorporated as a district.* See Truro. Boundary line between the tide waters of, and Eastham established. May 6, 1887.
Yarmouth	Sept. 3, 1639,	Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Mattacheese, or Nobscuset. See Dennis.
ВЕККЅНІК	E COUNTY.	BERKSHIRE COUNTY. INCORP. APRIL 24, 1761. Sec Humpshire County.
Adams	Oct. 15, 1778,	East Hoosuck. See Cheshire. Town divided, and North Adams incorporated as a separate town April 16, 1878. See North Adams.
Alford	Feb. 16, 1773,	Westerly part of Great Barrington. Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, Feb. 18, 1819. See Egremont.
Becket	June 21, 1765,	"No. 4." Several grants of land annexed to Becket, Feb. 3, 1798. Part of Loudon (Bethlehem) annexed to Becket, March 1, 1810. See Middlefield.
Bethlehem (District). June 24, 1789, North, 11,000 acres.	June 24, 1789,	North, 11,000 acres. See Otis.

ıton Corner (Dis	(;)	Apr. 14, 1838,	Boston Corner (Dist.) Apr. 14, 1838, Incorporated as a District from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner established March 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.
Cheshire	•	Mar. 14, 1793,	From parts of Lanesborough, Windsor, Adams, and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, Feb. 6, 1798. See Windsor.
Clarksburg.	•	Mar. 2, 1798,	From a gore of unincorporated land lying north of Adams. See $Florida$.
Dalton	•	Mar. 20, 1784,	Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton, Feb. 28, 1795.
Egremont	•	Feb. 13, 1760,	From lands lying west of Sheffield. Boundary line between Egrennont and Alford established Feb. 6, 1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed to Egrenont, Feb. 22, 1790, and Feb. 16, 1824; and part of Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line between it and Sheffield established 1869. See Mt. Washington.
Florida	•	June 15, 1805,	From Bernardstone's (Barnardston's) Grant, and a part of Bulloek's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.
Great Barrington	•	June 30, 1761,	North Parish of Sheffleld. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See Alford.

^{*} By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January, 1777, were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts incorporated subsequent to 1777 were vested with similar powers and privileges.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Hancock	. July 2, 1776,	July 2, 1776, Jericho. See New Ashford.
Hinsdale	June 21, 1804,	Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.
Lanesborough .	June 21, 1765,	New Framingham. See Cheshire.
Lee · · ·	Oct. 21, 1777,	From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hoplands, so called), the Glass Works Grant, and part of Williams Grant. See Lenox.
Lenox	. Feb. 26, 1767,	East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, Jan. 31, 1795, and Feb. 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee established Feb. 7, 1820.
Loudon	. Feb. 24, 1773,	Tyringham Equivalent. See Becket and Otis.
Monterey	. Apr. 12, 1847,	Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851. Part of Sandisfield annexed to, April 24, 1875.
Mount Washington . June 21, 1779,	June 21, 1779,	Tauconnock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line established March 12, 1847. See Egremont and Boston Corner.

		Da	te of Inc	orpo	ratio	n, .	Etc.	109
Feb. 26, 1781, Incorporated as a District, Feb. 26, 1781, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See Cheshire.	"No. 2." Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Marlborough, June 19, 1795, and Feb. 7, 1798, and April 19, 1871; and parts of Tyringham, Feb. 27, 1811. See Monterey and Tyringham.	Part of Adims.	Town of London and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of London, June 19, 1809, and name changed to Otis, June 13, 1810. Part of East, 11,000 acres of unincorporated land, annexed to Otis, and part to Sandisfield, April 9, 1838. See Bethlehem.	Sco Peru, Hinsdale, and Middlefield.	Partridgefield incorporated July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru, June 19, 1806.	Indian name, Pontoosuck.	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmont in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge established March 24, 1831. See Lenox.	"No. 3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, Feb. 8, 1819. Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined May 4, 1853. See Otts and Southfield. Part of, annexed to Monterey, April 24, 1875.
1781,	June 15, 1759,	Apr. 16, 1878,	June 13, 1810,	. July 4, 1771,	July 5, 1771,	. Apr. 21, 1761,	1765,	1762,
o. 26,	ıe 15,	r. 16 ,	ıe 13,	у 4,	y 5,	r. 21,	June 21, 1765,	Mar. 6, 1762,
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Ashi	Mar	h Ad	•	ridge		ield	mone	isfiel
New Ashford	New Marlborough	North Adams	Otis	Purtridgefield	Peru	Pittsfield	Richmond	Sandisfield .
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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Savoy	Feb. 20, 1797, "No. 6."	"No.6."
Sheffleld	June 22, 1733,	Lower Housatonnuc. See Egremont and New Marlborough. Parts of, annexed to New Marlborough, June 19, 1795, and April 19, 1871.
Southfield (District) . June 19, 1797,	June 19, 1797,	South, 11,000 acres. See Sandisfield.
Stock bridge	June 22, 1739,	Housatonnuc, or Housetonic. Boundary line between Stock-bridge and West Stockbridge changed, Feb. 6, 1830. See West Stockbridge.
Tyringham.	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, Feb. 11, 1812. See New Marlborough and Monterey.
Washington	Apr. 12, 1777,	Hartwood. See Egremont, Middlefield, and Lenox.
West Stockbridge .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, March 2, 1793. Part of Stockbridge annexed to
		West Stockbridge, Feb. 12, 1824. See Richmond and Stock- bridge.

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June 21, 1765, West Hoosuck. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, April 9, 1883.	Gageborough, or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, Feb. 26, 1794. See Cheshire and Dalton.	BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 21, 1685.	Northerly part of Fairhaven. Part of, annexed to New Bedford, April 9, 1875.	North Purchase. Boundary line between Atheborough and Wrendham established Feb 18, 1819. Part of, set off as the town of North Atheborough by Act of June 14, 1887, and Act accepted by town July 30, 1887.	From parts of Tannton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, Feb. 26, 1799; and parts of Tannton, Feb. 6, 1819, March 3, 1842, and April 1, 1879. See Freetoen.	Indian names, Appongramset, Acushena, and Coakset. Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed Feb. 20, 1828. See Westport.	South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part of Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington established Feb. 12, 1824. Wellington and Dighton united as one town, Feb. 22, 1826, and March 3, 1827. See Berkley, Somerset, and Prectour.
June 21, 1765,	July 2, 1771,	BRISTO	Feb. 13, 1860,	Oct. 19, 1694,	Apr. 18, 1735,	June 8, 1664,	May 30, 1712,
•	•			•		•	•
Williamstown	Windsor .		Acushnet .	Attleborough	Berkley .	Dartmouth .	Dighton .

BRISTOL COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	ĸs.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Easton	•	Dec. 21, 1725,	Part of Taunton North Purchase in Norton.
Fairhaven .	•	Feb. 22, 1812,	Basterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See Aeushnet and Rochester.
Fall River .		Feb. 26, 1803,	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, Feb. 12, 1834. Incorporated as a City, April 12, 1834. Act accepted April 23, 1834. Part of Fall River, R. I., annexed to Fall River, Mass., 1861. See Preetown and Pastucket.
Freetown		. July -, 1863,	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great River established as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River, and Somerset, March 17, 1847. See Fairhaven and Fall River.
Mansfield .	•	Apr. 26, 1770,	Apr. 26, 1770, North Precinct of Norton. Incorporated as a District. See note, p. 107.
New Bedford	•	Feb. 23, 1787,	Basterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name, Acushnett, or Akushenet. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, March 20, 1845. Incorporated as a City, March 9, 1847. Act accepted March 18, 1847. See Dartmouth and Fairharen. Part of Acushnet annexed to, April 9, 1875.

North Attlebore	ngh .	June 14, 1887,	North Attleborough . June 14, 1887, Part of Attleborough. See Attleborough.
Norton .		June 12, 1711,	North Precinct of Taunton. See Easton and Mansfield.
Pavotucket (R. I.)	·	Mar. 1, 1828,	Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island in 1861, all of Pawtacket, except that part Ving easterly of Seven-Mile River, was annoxed to Rhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the town of Seekonk.
Raynham .		Apr. 2, 1731,	Part of Tannton. Boundary line between the two places established 1866.
Rehoboth .		June 4, 1645,	June 4, 1645, Indian name, Seconet. See Seekonk.
Seekonk .		Feb. 26, 1812,	Westerly part of Reliaboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island, 1861. See Pastucket.
Somerset .		Feb. 20, 1790,	Indian name, Shewannet. A part of Swansea. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, April 4, 1854. See Freetown.
Swansea		Oct. 30, 1667,	Indian names, Mattapoiset and Wannamoiset. See Somerset.
Taunton .		Sept3, 1639,	Indian name, Tecticut, or Cohannet. See Berkley. Act of incorporation as a City granted, March 31, 1869; refused by the Town, April, 1860. Act again granted, May II, 1861, and accepted, June 6, 1864. Part of, set off to Berkley, April 1, 1879. See Lakerille (in Plymouth County); also Raynham.
Wellington .		June 8, 1814,	June 8, 1814, North part of Dighton. See Dighton.

BRISTOL COUNTY — Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	NS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Westport	•	July 2, 1787,	July 2, 1787, Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, Feb. 23, 1785, Feb. 25, 1783, and March 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, R. I., annexed to Westport in 1861. See Dartmouth and Paretucket.
		DUKES C	DUKES COUNTY. INCORP. NOV. 1, 1683.
	_	[Indian name, Cap	[Indian name, Cappawock, or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.]
Chilmark,	•	Oct. 30, 1714,	Indian name, Nashnakenmiuk. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820 Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head established March 9, 1855. See Gosnold.
Cottage City .	•	Feb. 17, 1880,	Part of Edgartown.
Edgartown.	•	July 8, 1671,	Indian names, Chappequidick and Nunpang. Boundary line between Edgarrown and Tisbury established Feb. 5, 1830; also April 23, 1862. See Cottage City.
Gay Head	•	Apr. 30, 1870,	. Apr. 30, 1870, Formerly district of Gay Head.

Posnold			•	Mar.	17,	1864,	. Mar. 17, 1864, That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
[isbury	•		•	July	· ΄	July 8, 1671,	Indian names, Chappaquonsett and Takemmy. Sec Chilmark and Edgarforen.
		ESSI	EX	con	LNI	Y.]	ESSEX COUNTY. Incorp. May 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.
Amesbury			•	Apr. 29, 1668,	50,		New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, March 15, 1844. Authorized by Acts of April 30, 1864, and April 2, 1870, to unite with Salisbury and become a new town, called Merrimac; both Acts rejected. Part of, meorporated as Town of Merrimac by Act of April 11, 1876. Part of Salisbury annexed June 16, 1886.
Andover	•		•	May 6, 1646,	6,	1646,	Indian name, Cochichawick, or Quichlehehek. Part of, annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See North Andover, Middleton, and Lawrence.
3oxford		•	•	Aug. 12, 1685,	12,	1685,	Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich. March 7, 1846. Boundary line between Boxford and Rowley established June 18, 1825. See Groveland and Middleton.
3everly	•		•	Oct. 14, 1668,	14,	1668,	Bass River. See Danvers.
Bradford			•	}	r	-, 1675,	Merrinack. Union of, with Haverhill, authorized June 12, 1869. Act rejected. Union again authorized in 1872, and again rejected. See Groreland and Nerbury.
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ESSEX COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	
Danvers	June 16, 1757,	Village and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, Jan. 28, 1752. Boundary line between Danvers and Salem changed March 17, 1840. May 18, 1855, Danvers was divided into two towns; that part known as North Danvers received the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of South Danvers. Boundary line between Danvers and South Danvers established May 31, 1856. Part of Boverly annexed to Danvers, April 27, 1857.	
Essex	Feb. 18, 1819,	Feb. 18, 1819, Chebacco. Second Parish of Ipswich.	10110
Georgetown .	Apr. 21, 1838,	New Rowley. Part of Rowley.	o)
Gloucester	May 22, 1639,	Cape Ann. Indian name, Wynghersheek and Tragabirzanda. See Rockport. Incorporated as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejected by the voters. Incorporated as a City, April 28, 1873. Act accepted, May 15, 1873.	2120000000
Groveland	Mar. 8, 1850,	Mar. 8, 1850, East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford annexed to Grove-land, March 21, 1856.	uociio.
Hamilton	June 21, 1792,	. June 21, 1792, Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.	

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-, -, 1645, Indian name, Pentucket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present towns of Salem, Platstow, Aktinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, and Meltuna and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Incorporated as a City, March 10, 1869. Act accepted, May 15, 1869. See Bradford.	Aug. 5, 1634, Indian name, Agawam. See Boxford, Essex, and Hamilton.	From parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorporated as a City, March 21, 1853. Act accepted, March 29, 1853. Small portion of Methuen annexed to Lawrence, April 4, 1854. Parts of Andover and North Andover annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See Haverkill.	Indian name, Sagus, or Sangus. Boundary line between Lynn and Chelsen defined, July 21, 1839. Incorporated as a City, April 10, 1850. Act accepted, May 14, 1850. See Chelsea, Lynnfield, Nahant, and Sangus.	Set off from Lynn, and incorporated as a District, July 3, 1782. Incorporated as a Town, Feb. 28, 1814. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading established April 20, 1854. Line between it and Wakefield defined, 1870. See North Reading.	May 14, 1645, Jeffry's Creek.	Marble-harbor.	Apr. 11, 1876, Part of Amesbury. See Amesbury.
, 1645,	Aug. 5, 1634,	Apr. 17, 1847,	Nov, 1637,	July 3, 1782,	May 14, 1645,	May 2, 1649,	Apr. 11, 1876,
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Haverhill	Ipswich	Lawrence	Lynn .	Lynnfield	Manchester.	Marblehead	Merrimac

ESSEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Methuen	Dec. 8, 1725,	. Dec. 8, 1725, Part of Haverbill. See Laurence and Haverhill.
Middleton	June 20, 1728,	From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford, and Andover.
Nahant	Mar. 29, 1853,	Mar. 29, 1853, Set off from Lynn.
Newbury	May 6, 1635,	Indian names, Quascacunquen and Wescussanco. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford established June 16, 1809 See Newburyant and West Newbury.
Newburyport	Jan. 28, 1764,	Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newburyport, April 17, 1851. Incorporated as a City, May 24, 1851. Act accepted, June 3, 1851.
North Andover .	Apr. 7, 1855,	North Parish of Andover. Part of, annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879.
Parsons	Feb. 18, 1819,	Part of Newbury. Name changed to West Newbury, June 14, 1820.
Peabody	May 18, 1855,	See South Danvers.
Rockport	Feb. 27, 1840,	Part of Gloucester.
Rowley	Sept. 4, 1639,	Sept. 4, 1639, See Boxford and Georgetown.

		Da	te of In	ıcor	por	atio	on, I	Etc.		11
June 24, 1629, Indian name, Naumkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorporated as a City, March 23, 1836. Act accepted, April 4, 1836. Part of annexed to Swampscott, April 3, 1867. See Dancers, South Dancers, and Middleton.	Oct. 7, 1640, Colchester. See Amesbury.	Part of Lynn. Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, Feb. 22, 1841. See Lynn.	See Danvers. Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed April 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of April 13, 1868; approved by the people.	May 21, 1852, Easterly part of Lynn. See Salem.	New Meadows. See Middleton.	Enon or Salem Village.	June 14, 1820, Parsons, a part of Newbury. See Parsons.	FRANKLIN COUNTY. Incomp. June 24, 1811. See Hampshire County.	Huntstown.	Falltown. Part of Deerfield annexed to Bernardston, April, 1838. Part of Leyden annexed, June 10, 1886. See Leyden.
'une 24, 1629,	Oct. 7, 1640,	Feb. 17, 1815,	May 18, 1855,	day 21, 1852,	Oct. 18, 1650,	May 10, 1643,	une 14, 1820,	COUNTY.	. June 21, 1765,	Mar. 6, 1762,
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Salem.	Salisbury	Saugus	South Danvers	Swampscott	Topsfield	Wenham	West Newbury		Ashfield	Bernardston

FRANKLIN COUNTY -- Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Towns.		Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Buckland .		•	Apr. 14, 1779,	"No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, April 14, 1838.
Charlemont	•	•	June 21, 1765,	Plantation of Charlemont. See Rove, Heath, and Shelburne.
Colrain .		•	June 30, 1761,	Colrain.
Сопwау .	•		June 16, 1767,	South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield, and Whately defined June 21, 1811. See Buckland.
Deerfield .	•	•	May 24, 1682,	Indian name, Pancomtock, or Pocomtuk. See Bernardston, Conway, Shelburne, and Whately.
Erving .		•	Apr. 17, 1838,	Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield — known as Hack's Grant—annexed to Erving, Feb. 10, 1860. See New Salem and Orange.
GIII .	•	•	Sept. 28, 1793,	Easterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, Feb. 28, 1795, and Great Island, in Connecticut River, March 14, 1805.
Greenfield .	•	•	June 9, 1753,	June 9, 1753, North-easterly part of Deerfield. See Gill.

Salem.	Roads-town. See New Salem.	June 30, 1761,	•	٠	Shutesbury.
North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemont, March 19, 1703.	North-westerly part Shelburne and Cha	June 21, 1768,	•	٠	Shelburne .
Myrifield, and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rowe, and part to Charlemont, April 2, 1838. See Monroe and Zoar.	Myrifield, and severshire County, ann April 2, 1838. See	Feb. 9, 1785,	•	•	Rowe
District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, March 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving established Feb. 27, 1841. See Athol.	District of Orange, annexed to Orange Orange and Erving	Feb. 24, 1810,	•	•	Orange .
Indian name, Squakeag. See Brving and Gill.	Indian name, Squake	Feb. 22, 1713,	•	•	Northfield .
Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, Feb. 20, 1824. See Prescott, Athol, and Orange.	Part of Shutesbury annexed to Prescott, Athol, and Orange.	June 15, 1753,	•	•	New Salem.
rland. See Wendell.	North Parish of Sunderland. See Wendell.	Dec. 22, 1753,	•	•	Montague .
From a part of Rowe, and the gore north of Florida.	From a part of Rowe	Feb. 21, 1822,	٠	٠	Monroe .
Part of Bernardston. District of Leyden. See Bernardston.		Feb. 22, 1809,	•	•	Leyden .
	Part of Sunderland.	May 5, 1774,	•	٠	Leverett .
Charlemont.	North-easterly part of Charlemont.	Feb. 14, 1785,	•	٠	Heath
Seo Plainfield.	· Feb. 7, 1792, Plantation, "No. 7." See Plainfield.	Feb. 7, 1792,	•	•	Hawley .

FRANKLIN COUNTY — Concluded.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	ND TC	OWNS.		Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Sunderland.	_;			Nov. 12, 1714,	Nov. 12, 1714, Swampfield. See Leverett and Montague.
$\mathbf{Warwick}$			•	Feb. 17, 1763,	Feb. 17, 1763, Roxbury Canada.
Wendell				May 8, 1781,	Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and a gore of land annexed to Wendell, Feb. 28, 1803.
Whately			•	Apr. 24, 1771,	Apr. 24, 1771, North part of Hatfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Whately, March 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately established Feb. 2, 1849. See Comeay.
Zoar .			·	1 1	See Rawe.
	HAI	MPD)	EN	COUNTY.	HAMPDEN COUNTY. INCORP. Feb. 20, 1812. See Hampshire County.
Agawam				May 17, 1855,	May 17, 1855, Part of West Springfield,—the Parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.

Apr. 10, 1741, Glaszow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester established Feb. 22, 1809, and June 13, 1810, and between Blandford and Russell, Feb. 23, 1809. See Norwich.

Blandford .

			D	ate	of Ir	icorpoonup	orat	ion	, Etc	•	12
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See Blandford, Norwich, Middleford and Worthington.	Northerly part of Springfield.	Bedford. First incorporated as a District. See Tolland.	Southerly part of Wilbraham. See Wibraham.	East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorporated as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May I, 1836. See Wales.	Parish of West Springfield, Incorporated as a City, April 7, 1873. Act accepted, May 29, 1873.	Indian name, Masacsick. Second Parish of Springfield.	Stony Hill. See Springfield.	Westerly part of Printield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer established Feb. 8, 1828.	Basterly part of "No. 5." Part of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, March 6, 1792. See Russell.	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Pahner, Feb. 7, 1831. See Monson.
. July 14, 1731,	. Oet. 31, 1765,	Apr. 29, 1848,	Jan. 25, 1754,	Mar. 28, 1878,	July 5, 1785,	Mar. 14, 1850,	Oct. 17, 1783,	Feb. 28, 1774,	Apr. 25, 1760,	Nov. 28, 1780,	Jan. 30, 1752,
July 1	Det. 3	Apr. 29	Jan. 2	Mar. 2	July	Mar. 1	Oct. 1	Feb. 28	Apr. 2	Nov. 2	Jan. 3
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Brimfield	Chester	Chicopee	Granville	Hampden	Holland	Holyoke	ngn	Ludlow	Monson	ntgo	Palmer
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HAMPDEN COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	.83	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Russell	•	Feb. 25, 1792,	North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See Blandford.
South Brimfield.	•	Sept. 18, 1762,	See 1Vales.
Southwick	•	Nov. 17, 1770,	Southerly part of Westfield. First incorporated as a District. See Westfield.
springfield .	•	May 14, 1636,	Indian name, Agawam. Organized as a Town, May 14, 1636. O. S. Boundary line between Springfield and Lndlow established June 5, 1830. Incorporated as a City, April 12, 1852. Act ac- cepted, April 21, 1852. See West Springfield, Wilbraham, Long- meadow, and Chicopee.
rolland .	•	June 14, 1810,	West Parish of Granville. See Sandisheld.
Wales	•	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield. Incorporated as a District, Sept. 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, Feb. 20, 1828. See Holland.
Westfield .	•	May 16, 1669,	Indian name, Woronoack, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed March 20, 1837. See Southewick, Russell, and West Springfield.

West Springfield . Feb. 23, 1774, West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, March 3, 1802. See Agavam and Holyoke.	June 15, 1763, Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the Elbows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799. Town divided, and southerly part incorporated as the Town of Hampden, March 28, 1878.	
Feb. 23, 1774,	June 15, 1763,	
•		
West Springfield	Wilbraham, .	

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 21, 1662.

Berkshire. June 24, 1811, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; [Apr. 21, 1761, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of and Feb. 20, 1812, the southerly portion of the remaining part was incorporated as the County of Hampden.]

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY -- Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Easthampton	June 17, 1785,	Indian name, Pasaconuck. Parts of South and North Hampton. Incorporated as a District, June 17, 1785, and as a Town, June 16, 1809. Boundary line between Easthampton and Southampton established Feb. 1, 1828. Changed Feb. 21, 1862. Parts of Southampton annexed to Easthampton, March 13, 1841, and April 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton and Northampton established March 26, 1855. See Southampton and Westhambon.
Enfield	Feb. 16, 1816,	್ಷ
Goshen	May 14, 1781,	Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See Chesterfield.
Granby	June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granby, March 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granby and South Hadley changed June 12, 1824, June 29, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich .	. Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Quabin. See Dana, Enfield, and Petersham.
Hadley	May 20, 1661,	Indian name, Norwottock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amberst changed March 1, 1815. See South Hadley, Amherst, and Northamston.

	hampton, Montgomery, and Westhampton.				
	Southampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, March 13, 1841. See Easthampton	Jan. 5, 1753,	•	•	Southampton
	East Parish of Pelham, and south part of New Salem.	Jan. 28, 1822,	•		Prescott .
•	Incorporated as a District, March 16, 1785, and as a Town, June 15, 1807.	Mar. 16, 1785,			Plaintield .
	New Lishittie. See Prescott.	Jan. 15, 1742,	•		Pelham .
•	Basterly part of Murrayfield. Parts of Chester and Blandford annexed to Norwich, April 28, 1853. Name changed to Huntington, March 9, 1855. Sec Chesterfield and Montgomery.	June 29, 1773,		•	Norwich .
•	Indian manes, Nanotnek, Nonotnek, or Norwottoek. Hoekanum Mendows set off from Hadley and annexed to Northampton, April 15, 1850. Incorporated as a City, June 23, 1883. See Easthempton, Southampton, and Westhempton.	Oct. 18, 1654,			Northampton
	From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington, and all of Prescott's Grant.	Mar. 12, 1783.			Middleffeld.
	See Norveich.	June 29, 1773.	•		Huntington
	Boundary line between Hatfield and Williamshurg established March 14, 1845, and March 19, 1847. See Whately and Williamshury.	. May 11, 1670,		•	Hatfield .

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
South Hadley	Apr. 12, 1753,	Second Precinct of Hadley. See Granby.
Ware	Nov. 25, 1761,	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annexed to Ware, Feb. 8, 1823.
Westhampton	Sept. 29, 1778,	West part of Northampton. Boundary line between Northampton, Westhampton, Easthampton, and Southampton, changed March 12, 1872.
Williamsburg	Apr. 24, 1771,	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Chesterfield established June 24, 1795. See Chesterfield, Haffield, and Whately.
Worthington	June 30, 1768,	"No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1799. See Middlefield.

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Acton .		٠	July 3, 1735,	July 3, 1735, Part of Concord. See Carlisle.
Arlington .		•	Feb. 27, 1807,	See West Cambridge.
Ashby .	•	•	Mar. 5, 1767,	From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg, and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, Nov. 16, 1792; and part to Fitchburg, March 3, 1829.
Ashland .	•	•	Mar. 16, 1846,	From parts of Hopkinton, Francingham, and Holliston. See Hopkinton.
Ayer .		•	Feb. 14, 1871,	Peb. 14, 1871, Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford .		•	Sept. 23, 1729,	From parts of Billerica and Concord.
Belmont .	•	•	Mar. 18, 1859,	From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown, and Waltham. Boundaries defined, 1862.
Billerica .		•	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Shawshin. See Bedford and Carlisle.
Boxborough		•	Feb. 25, 1783,	From parts of Stow, Harvard, and Littleton. Incorporated as a District, Feb. 25, 1783, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See Littleton.
Brighton		•	Feb. 24, 1807,	Southerly part of Cumbridge, "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, Jan. 27, 1816. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 21, 1873, and by vote of City and Town.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS,	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Burlington	Feb. 28, 1799,	Feb. 28, 1799, Part of Wohnen. See Lexington.
Cambridge	Sept. 8, 1633,	"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, March 6, 1802, Feb. 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorporated as a City, March 17, 1846. Act accepted March 30, 1846. Parts of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, April 27, 1835, March 10, 1835. Doundary line between Somerville and Cambridge changed April 30, 1856, and April 29, 1862. See Belmont, Brighton, Lexington, and West Cambridge.
	Apr. 28, 1780,	Apr. 28, 1780, Parts of Concord, Acton, Chelmsford, and Billerica incorporated as the District of Carlisle, April 28, 1780, and as a Town, Feb. 18, 1805. See Chelmsford.
Charlestown .	June 24, 1629,	 June 24, 1629, Indian name, Mishaum. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorporated as a City, Feb. 22, 1847. Act accepted March 10, 1847. See Cambridge, West Cambridge, Stoneham, Woburn, and Somerville. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 14, 1873, and by votes of the two Cities.
Chelmsford	May 29, 1655,	Part of, annexed to Carlisle, Feb. 17, 1865. Part of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874. See Lowell, Carlisle, and Westford.

		Date	of In	icorpe	oration	, Etc.	151
Sept. 2, 1635, Indian name, Musquetequid. See Acton, Bedford, Lincoln, and Carlisle.	Parts of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874, and April 1, 1879. See $Lowell$.	Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough established Jan. 20, 1798. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, Feb. 25, 1793, Jan. 26, 1796, and June 10, 1863. See <i>Groton</i> and Tyngsborough.	East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, March 11, 1835.	Southerly part of Malden. Part of, annexed to Medford, April 20, 1875.	Part of Holliston annexed to Framingham, Feb. 11, 1833. Part of Natick annexed, 1871. See Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton, and Marborough.	Indian names, Petapawag, Wabansconcett. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable established Feb. 15, 1820. See Pepperell, Dunstable, Harvard, Shirley, and Ayer.	Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed March 3, 1829; and established between Holliston, Hopkinton, and Medway, March 27, 1835. See Ashland, Framingham, and Mifford.
ept. 2, 1635,	Feb. 26, 1701,	Oct 15, 1673,	Apr. 10, 1780,	Mar. 9, 1870,	June 25, 1700,	May 25, 1655,	Dec. 3, 1724,
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Concord	Dracut	Dunstable	East Sudbury	Everett	Framingham	Groton	Holliston

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	Dec. 13, 1715, Indian name, Moguncoy. See Ashland, Holliston, and Upton.	From parts of Marlborough and Stow. Part of Bolton annexed March 20, 1868.	Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington, Jan. 10, 1810. See <i>Lincoln</i> .	From parts of Concord, Lexington, and Weston.	Indian name, Nashoba. Named Littleton, Dec. 3, 1715. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough established Feb. 20, 1794. See Boxborough.	Part of Chelmsford. Incorporated as a City, April 1, 1836. Act accepted, April 11, 1836. Parts of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, March 22, 1832, March 29, 1834, and June 5, 1874; and part of Dracut (Centralylile), Feb. 28, 1851, May 18, 1874, and April 1, 1879. Part of Chelmsford annexed to, May 18, 1874.	See Medford, Melrose, and Everett. Part of Medford annexed to, April 20, 1877. Boundary line between Medford and Malden changed Feb. 29, 1878. Incorporated as a City, March 31, 1881. Act accepted, June 9, 1881.
Date of Incorporation.	Dec. 13, 1715,	Mar. 19, 1866,	Mar. 29, 1712,	Apr. 19, 1754,	Nov. 2, 1714,	Mar. 1, 1826,	May 2, 1649,
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hopkinton .	Hudson	Lexington	Lincoln	Littleton	Lowell	Malden

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Pepperell	Apr. 6, 1753,	Incorporated as a District from Second Preclinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. See Groton.
Reading	May 29, 1644,	May 29, 1644, Lynn Village. See Lynnfield, Wilmington, and South Reading.
Sherborn	May 27, 1674,	Boggestow. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, May 3, 1852. See Holliston, Natick, and Medway.
Shirley	Jan. 5, 1753,	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, Feb. 6, 1798. See Lunenburg and Ayer.
Somerville	Mar. 3, 1842,	Part of Charlestown. Incorporated as a City, April 14, 1871. Act accepted, April 27, 1871. See Cambridge.
South Reading	Feb. 25, 1812,	Second Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, April 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.
Stoneham	Dec. 17, 1725,	Part of Charlestown. See South Reading and Metrose.
Stow	May 16, 1683,	Indian name, Pomposetticut. See Boxborough, Harvard, and Maynard.
Sudbury	. Sept. 4, 1639, See Maynard.	See Maynard.

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Westerly Precinct of Chehnsford.	Sept. 23, 1729,	•
westerly farish of Cambridge, Part of Charlestown annexed to West Cambridge, Feb. 25, 1842. Name changed to Arlington, April 30, 1867. See Winchester, Belmont, and Cambridge.	Feb. 27, 1307,	•
See East Sudbury and Natick.	Apr. 10, 1780,	
Sept. 7, 1630, Indian name, Pigsgusset. See Belmont, Weston, and Cambridge.	Sept. 7, 1630,	
Westerly Precinct of Waterdown. Part of Newton annexed to Waltham, April 16, 1849. Incorporated as a City, Jane 2, 1884. Act accepted July 16, 1884. See <i>Behnont</i> and Newton.	Jan. 4, 1737,	
See South Reading and Lynnfield. Boundary line between Wake-field and Lynnfield defined April 2, 1870.	Feb. 25, 1812,	•
South and easterly part of Dunstable. Incorporated as a District, June 22, 1789, and as a Town, Feb. 23, 1809. Part of Dunstable annexed to Tyngslorough, March 3, 1792. Boundary line between Tyngshorough and Dunstable established June 10, 1814. See <i>Dunstable</i> .	June 22, 1789,	•
June 29, 1732, Townshend. North part of Turkey Hill. See Ashby.	June 29, 1732,	•
Dec. 23, 1734, Indian name, Wannestr. Northerly part of Billerica. Part of annexed to Lowell, June 5, 1874. See Lowell.	Dec. 23, 1734,	•

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Wilmington	Sept. 25, 1730,	Sept. 25, 1730, From parts of Woburn and Reading.
Winchester	Apr. 30, 1850,	From parts of Woburn, Medford, and West Cambridge. Part of, annexed to Woburn by Act of May 12, 1873.
Woburn	Sept. 27, 1642,	Charlestown Village. Incorporated as a City, May 18, 1888. Act accepted, May 29, 1888. See Burkington, Wilmington, and Winchester.
	NANTUCKET	NANTUCKET COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 20, 1695. [Indian name, Nautican.]
Nantucket	June 27, 1687, See Sherburn. June 27, 1687, Name change	June 27, 1687, See Sherburn. June 27, 1687, Name changed to Nantucket, June 8, 1795.

NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MARCH 26, 1793.

The latter was composed of the Towns of Haverhill, Salisbury, Hampton, Exeter, Dover and Strawberry Bank (Portamouth). The four hist-named Towns having been "taken off" upon the separation of New Hampshire from Amsenchuschs in 1686, the others were set back to Essex, Feb. 4, 1680, and the original County of Norfolk [Norfolk County, as incorporated, included all the original territory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea. May 10, 1643, the Colony was divided into four Counties: viz., Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk, and Norfolk, censed to exist.

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Avon .			Feb. 21, 1888,	. Feb. 21, 1888, Pasterly part of Stoughton. See Stoughton.
Bellingham	•	•	Nov. 27, 1719,	From parts of Dedham, Wrentham, and Mendon. Boundary line between Bellingham, Franklin, and Medway, established Feb. 23, 1832; line between Bellingham and Mendon established March 7, 1872.
Braintree			May 13, 1640,	May 13, 1640, Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See Quincy and Randolph.
Brookline .			Nov. 13, 1705,	Muddy River; Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, Feb. 24, 1844. Part of, annexed to Boston, 1870. Part of, annexed to Boston, May 8, 1874. See Boston. Line between Brookline and City of Boston changed April 27, 1872.
Canton			Feb. 23, 1797,	Northerly part of Stoughton. See Stoughton.
Cohasset		•	. Apr. 26, 1770,	Indian name, Conahesset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
Dedham			Sept. 8, 1636,	Sept. 8, 1636, Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined March 7, 1791. See Bellindam. Dover Dovebeter. Needbam, Medield.
				Walpole, West Roxbury, Hyde Park, and Norwood.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation,	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Dorchester	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Mattapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quincy changed July 10, 1814, and established Feb. 21, 1820. Part of Decham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annexed to Boscon by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the people of the City and Town. See Boston, Quincy, Stoughton, and Hyde Park.
Dover	July 7, 1784,	Part of Dedham. Incorporated as a District July 7, 1784, and as a Town, March 31, 1835. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined March 7, 1791. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb 27, 1872.
Foxborough	June 10, 1778,	From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Stoughton, and Stoughton-ham (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon annexed to Foxborough, March 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, Feb. 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, Feb. 28, 1850. See Sharon, Walpole, and Wrentham.
Franklin	Mar. 2, 1778,	Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Medway established Nov. 3, 1792, and Feb. 23, 1832. See Bellingham and Norfolk.
Holbrook	Feb. 29, 1872,	Feb. 29, 1872, Part of Randolph.

			Da	te of	Incorp	oratio	on,	Etc.	139
· Apr. 22, 1868, From parts of Dorchester, Dedham, and Milton.	Dedham Village. See Medway.	Part of Medfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn established March 3, 1792. See Bellingham, Franklin, Holliston, and Norfolk.	Part of Medway.	Indian name, Uncataguisset, or Unquety. See Hyde Park and Quincy.	Part of Dodham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed June 22, 1797. See Newton. Part of, set off and incorporated as the town of Wellesley, April 6, 1881.	From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway, and Walpole. Boundary line between it and Wrentham changed in 1871.	From parts of Dedham and Walpole.	North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, Feb. 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855; and a part of Braintree, April 21, 1856. Boundary line between Quincy and Milton changed and established April 16, 1885. Incorporated as a City, May 17, 1888. Act accepted, June 11, 1888. See Dorchester.	Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined June 22, 1811. Part set off into a new Town, Feb. 29, 1872. See Holbrook.
1868,	May 23, 1651,	Oct. 24, 1713,	Feb. 24, 1885,	. May 7, 1662,	Nov. 5, 1711,	Feb. 23, 1870,	Feb 23, 1872,	Feb. 24, 1792,	Mar. 9, 1793,
22,	23,	24,	24,	. 7	ت	23,	23,	<u>12</u>	6
\mathbf{Apr}	May	Oct.	Feb.	May	Nov	Feb.	Feb	Feb.	Mar.
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Hyde Park.	Medfield	Medway	Millis .	Milton.	Needham	Norfolk	Norwood	Quincy	Randolph

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	. •
Roxbury	Sept. 28, 1630,	Part of Newton annexed to Roxbury, April 23, 1838. Incorporated as a City, March 12, 1846. Act accepted March 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury established May 3, 1850, and changed April 3, 1860. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 1, 1867, and vote of the people of the two Cities on the second Monday of September following. See Boston and Wost Hoxbury.	Countries and
Sharon	June 20, 1765,	Indian name, Mashapoag. Stoughtonham. Second Precinct of Stoughton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, Feb. 12, 1792; also March 26, 1864. Boundary line between Sharon and Foxborough established Jan. 30, 1833. Part of, annexed to Walpole, May 1, 1874. See Foxborough and Walpole.	Lowns of 1
Stoughton	Dec. 22, 1726,	Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, March 31, 1817. Easterly part incorporated as the town of Avon, Feb. 21, 1888. See Canton, Foxborough, and Sharon.	zussucnu.
Walpole	Dec. 10, 1724,	Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, Feb. 28, 1804, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, March 27, 1833, and March 28, 1834. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872. See Foxborough, Norfolk, and Norrocod.	3C113.

Wellesley .		۷ .	pr.	6, 1881,	· Apr. 6, 1881, Incorporated from the Town of Needham, April 6, 1881.
West Roxbury			lay 2	May 24, 1851,	Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, April 21, 1852. Boundary line between it and Boston, changed 1870. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 29, 1873, and by votes of City and Town. Mount Hope Cemetery in, annexed to the City of Boston, April 12, 1872.
Weymouth.		<u></u>	ept.	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Wessaguscut, or Wessaguson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington established March 31, 1817.
Wrentham .		•	ct. 1	Oct. 15, 1673,	Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough established Feb. 3, 1819. Boundary line between it and Norfolk changed in 1871. See Auleborough, Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, and Norfolk.
			LYN	тоотн	PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1635.
Abington .	•	<u> </u>	une l	June 10, 1712,	Indian name, Manamooskeagln. Easterly part of Bridgewater. See Weymouth, Rockland, and South Abington.
Bri dgewater	•	· ·	oun	June 3, 1656,	Indian name, Nunketest. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established Feb. 23, 1838, and March 20, 1846. See East Bridgewater, Halifax, North Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Chauge of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Brockton	June 15, 1821,	Name changed from North Bridgewater to Brockton March 28, 1874. Part of, annexed to South Abington, April 24, 1875. Part of South Abington annexed to, April 24, 1875. Incorporated as a City, April 9, 1881.
Carver	June 9, 1790,	South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middle-borough and Carver established March 24, 1849. See Plympton.
Duxbury	June 7, 1637,	Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield established June 14, 1813 See Kingston and Pembroke.
East Bridgewater	June 14, 1823,	Part of Brilgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, April 11, 1857. See Bridgewater and South Abington. Part of, annexed to Brockton, April 24, 1875.
Halifax	July 4, 1734,	Indian name, Monoponset. From parts of Plympton, Middle-borough, and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halifax, Feb. 20, 1834; and part of Plympton, March 16, 1830. Boundary line between it and Plympton established Feb. 6, 1863. See East Bridgewater.

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June 14, 1727, Boundary line between Hanover and South Schuate determined Nay 15, 1857, under Resolves of May 31, 1856. Boundary line between Hanover and South Schuate changed Feb. 11, 1878. Boundary line between Hanover and Pembroke defined April 23, 1885. See Rockland.	Westerly part of Pembroke.	Barecove. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See Cohasset.	Nantasket. See Hingham.	Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, April 14, 1857.	South-westerly part of Middleberough. Boundary line between it and Taunton defined 1867.	South-easterly part of Rochester Boundary line between Marion and Wareham established Feb 18, 1859, and Feb. 13, 1866.	Green Harbor. Rexham. See <i>Duxbury</i> . Boundary line between, and Scituate established May 11, 1887.	Mattapoisett Precinct, a part of Rochester.	Indian names, Assawampsit, or Assawomit, and Nemesket. See Gareer and Lakeville.
e 14, 1727,	Feb. 22, 1820,	Sept. 2, 1635,	May 29, 1644,	June 16, 1726,	May 13, 1853,	May 14, 1852,	Mar. 2, 1640,	May 20, 1857,	June -, 1669,
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Hanover	Hanson	Hingham	Hall .	Kingston	Lakeville	Marion	Marshfield	Mattapoisett	Middleborough

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — Concluded.

CITTES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
North Bridgewater .	June 15, 1821,	Part of Bridgewater. Boundary line between North and West Bridgewater established Jan. 22, 1825. In 1871 the name of the Town was changed to Standish, subject to the approval of the voters. The Act was not approved. Name changed to Brockton, March 28, 1874.
Norwell	Feb. 14, 1849,	Name changed from South Scituate. See South Scituate.
Pembroke	Mar. 21, 1711,	Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeeset. See Hanover and Hanson.
Plymouth	Dec. 11, 1620,	Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Umpane, and Patuxer. See Kinsyton, Wareham, and Piympton.
Plympton	June 4, 1707,	Indian name, Wenatukset. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plymouth and Carver established Feb. 8, 1793. See Carver and Haifax.
Rochester	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Seipican, or Sippican. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairlanven established April 9, 1835. See Marson and Matkepoisett. Boundary line between, and Wareham established June 3, 1887.
Rockland	Mar. 9, 1872,	Mar. 9, 1872, North and east part of Abington. Boundary line between Hanover and Rockland established March 23, 1878.

. Jan. 10, 1738, Indian name, Winnisimet. Runauey Marsh. Incorporated as a City, March 13, 1857. Act accepted, March 23, 1857. See Lynn, Saugus, and North Chelsea.

Mar. 19, 1848, Part of Chelsea. See Windhrop. Name changed to Revere by Act of March 24, 1871; approved by the Town.

North Chelsea

Chelsea

Mar. 19, 1848, | See North Chelsea.

		Date	of Incor	por	utio	n, 1
Oct. 5, 1636, Indian name, Satuit, from Satuit Brook in the eastern part of the Town. See Colasset and South Scituate. Boundary line between, and Marshfield established May 11, 1887.	Mar. 4, 1875, Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. Part of, annexed to Brock-ton, April 24, 1875. Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886.	Part of Scituate. See <i>Hanover</i> . Part of Hanover annexed Feb. 11, 1878. Change of name authorized, Feb. 27, 1888. Name of Norwell adopted, March 5, 1888.	Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareliam, Jan. 29, 1827. Boundary line between it and Rochester defined 1861 and 1866. See <i>Marion</i> . Boundary line between, and Kochester established June 3, 1887.	Part of Bridgewater. See North Bridgewater.	. Mar. 4, 1875, Name changed from South Abington. See South Abington.	SUFFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1613. See Norfolk County.
t. 5, 1636,	ar. 4, 1875,	Feb. 14, 1849,	July 10, 1739,	Feb. 16, 1822,	ar. 4, 1875,	OUNTY.
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•	South Abington .	South Scituate	-	dgev		J
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Scituato	Sout	Sout	Warcham	Wes	Whitman	

SUFFOLK COUNTY — Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Winthrop	Mar 27, 1852.	Easterly part of North Chelsea.
Boston	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Shawmut. Tri-Mountain. Noddle's Island (East Boston) graded to Samuel Mawerick, April 1, 1633, and an- nexed to Reaten Money of 1638, 8 I for Succeeded from
		The Islands granted to Boston, March 4, 1634. Dordhester Point (South Boston) annexed to Boston, March 6, 1804.
		Boston incorporated as a City, Feb. 23, 1822. Act accepted March 4, 1822. Boundary libe between 18coton and Brookline setablished and nort of Brookline amount to Reston Ech. 99
		1825; annexed portion joined to Ward 6, March 3, 1826. Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, March 4, 1634, and
		annexed to Boston from Dorchester, March 25, 1834. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury established March 16, 1836;
		changed April 19, 1837; established May 3, 1850; and changed April 3, 1860. Part of Dorchester, known as Washington Village.
		annexed to Boston, May 21, 1859. Dorchester annexed 1889. Part of Brookline annexed 1870. Line changed between and
		West Roxbury, April 2, 1870. Boundary line between Brookline and Boston changed April 27, 1872. Mount Hope Cemetery in
		West Roxbury annexed to, April 12, 1872. Sec Roxbury, Dor- chester, and West Roxbury. Brighton. West Roxbury, and
		Charlestown annexed by chaps 303, 314, and 286 of the Acts of 1873. Part of, annexed to the City of Newton, May 5, 1875.

WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORP. APRIL 2, 1731.

Ashburnham Athol Anburn IVard Barre	 . Feb. 22, 1765, . Mar. 6, 1762, . Apr. 10, 1778, . Apr. 10, 1778,	Dorchester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburnham, Peb. 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, Jan. 28, 1824. See Ashby and Gardner. Indian name, Payguage, or Poquaig. Part of Gerry annexed to Athol, Peb. 28, 1865; part of Orange, Feb. 7, 1816; and parts of New Salem, Peb. 6, 1830, and March 16, 1837. Land confirmed to Athol, June 11, 1829. See Royalston. Gerry, and Boylston. See Ward. From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford, and Leicester. Name changed to Auburn, Feb. 7, 1837. North-westerly part of Rutland incorporated as Rutland District, March 28, 1753. Rutland District incorporated as Town of Hardinson, June -, 1774. Name changed to Barre, Nov, 1776.
Hutchinson	June -, 1774,	See Barre.
Berlin .	Mar. 16, 1784,	South Parish of Bolton incorporated as District of Berlin, March 16, 1784, and as a Town, Feb. 6, 1812. Part of Lancaster annoxed to Berlin, Feb. 8, 1791; and a part of Northborough, Feb. 14, 1806.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
ğ	ır. 25, 1845,	Mar. 25, 1845, Part of Mendon.
Ju	June 24, 1738,	Part of Lancaster. Part of Marlborough annexed to Bolton, Feb. 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and Westborough established March 16, 1838. See <i>Berlin</i> ; also <i>Hudson</i> , in Middlesex County.
ğ	ar. 1, 1786,	Mar. 1, 1786, North Parish of Shrewsbury. See West Boylston.
ž	Nov. 12, 1718,	Indian name, Quabong, Quobog, or Quobage Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintree established June 19, 1791, and March 8, 1792. Fart of New Brookfield annexed Ware. Ware Brookfield, April 15, 1854 See North Brookfield and Ware.
ž	ov. 2, 1754,	Nov. 2, 1754, West part of Oxford. See Oxford, Southbridge, and Sturbridge.
Ä	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of Lancaster.
Fe	Feb. 18, 1801,	From parts of Petersham, Hardwick, and Greenwich. Boundary line established Fob. 12, 1903. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich established June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham
_		and Hardwick annexed to Dana, Feb. 4, 1842.

Feb. 2, 1731, Indian name. Chahanakongmum. From lands between Woodstook and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See Southbridge and Webster. Fitchburg. Feb. 3, 1764, West part of Lunenburg. See Ashby and Westminster. Incorporated as a City by Act of March 8, 1872. Act accepted, April 8, 1872. April 8, 1872. Act accepted, April 8, 1872. Indian name Stubenburgham, Ashby, and Westminster. Aghurnham, Winchendon, and Templeton. See Ashburnham, Winchendon, and June 14, 1823, part of Shrewshury annexed to Graffon, and part of Sutton, March 3, 1812. See Worcester. June 10, 1814; and geores of land, Feb. 7, 1831, and Feb. 6, 1833. See Duna and Petersham. Holden Jan. 9, 1740, North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton enhoxed to Holden, March 19, 1831. See Paxton and West Boylston. Paxton enhoxed to Holden, March 19, 1831. See Paxton and West Boylston.		74	Date of	7 INC	orporai	2.: 2.:		ಶಶ	140
	Jine between it and Uxbridge established April 29, 1964. See Hebster.	Indian name. Chahanakongmum. From lands between Wo stork and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley s Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See Southbridge and Webster.	West part of Lunenburg. See Ashiy and Westminster. Inc porned as a City by Act of March 8, 1872. Act accepted, A. 8, 1872.	From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon, Templeton. See Ashburnham, Ashby, and Westminster.	Indian name. Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Graft June 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed March 3, 18 and part of Sutton, March 3, 1812. See Worcester.	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, J. 10, 1814; and gores of land, Feb. 7, 1831, and Feb. 6, 18 See Duna and Petersham.	From parts of Lancaster, Groton, and Stow. See Boxborough	North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden a Paxton established March 27, 1793. Part of Paxton anner to Holden, March 19, 1831. See Paxton and West Boylston.	Part of Milford.
		2, 1731,	3, 1764,	27, 1785,	18, 1735,	, 1738-39,	29, 1732,	9, 1740,	7, 1886,
		Feb.	Feb.	June	Apr.	Jan. 10	June	Jan.	Apr.
Dudley Fitchlung Gardner Grafton Harvard Holden		•			•	•	•	•	•
Dudley . Fitchburg . Gardner . Grafton . Hardwick . Harvard . Holden .		•		•	•				٠
Dudley Fitchburg Gardner Grafton Hardwick Harvard Holden									
	,	Dudley	Fitchburg	Gardner	Grafton	Hardwick	Harvard	Holden	Hopedale

WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	June 13, 1767, North-casterly part of Rutland. See Princeton.	Indian name, Nashwash, or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancaster and Sterling established March 7, 1837. See Berlin, Holden, and Sterling.	Indian name, Towtaid. See Ward, Spencer, and Paxton.	Part of Lancaster. Part of No-town annexed to Leominster, April 13, 1838.	South part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley established March 3, 1846. See Fitchburg and Townsend.	Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squnshopog. See Bellingham, Blaekstone, and Milford.	Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, April 1, 1859. See Hopedade.	North Parish in Sutton.	Jan. 31, 1751. Indian name Wenimesset See Prochested and Hardmick
Date of Incorporation.	June 13, 1767, No	May 18, 1653, In	Feb. 15, 1713, In	June 23, 1740, Pa	Aug. 1, 1728, So	May 15, 1667, In	. Apr. 11, 1780, In	June 11, 1813, \mid No	Jan. 31, 1751. Th
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hubbardston	Lancaster	Leicester	Leominster	Lunenburg	Mendon	Milford	Millbury	New Braintree

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From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, Feb. 5, 1811. See Mind Royalston.	Oct. 20, 1786,	•	•	•	Gerry .
See Gerry. Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed March 29, 1837. See Royalston.	Oct. 20, 1786,	•			Phillipston .
Indian name, Nitchawog. See Dana.	Apr. 20, 1751,	•		¤	Petersham .
South part of Rutland and north part of Leicester incorporated as District of Paxton, Feb. 12, 1775. Parts of Holden ann xed to Paxton, Feb. 13, 1804, and April 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 21, 1851. See Holden and Rutland.	. Feb. 12, 1765,	•	•	•	Paxton
Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, Feb. 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annexed Feb. 6, 1807; part of Charlton, Feb. 3, 1809; and Oxford North Gote, March 22, 1838. See Charlton, Ward, and Webster.	-, 1713,	•		•	Oxford,
West wing of Rutland. Incorporated as District of Oakham, June 17, 1762.	June 11, 1762,	•	•		Oakhan
North Parish in Brookfield. See Brookfield.	Feb. 28, 1812,	•	2	ookfie	North Brookfield
North part of Uxbridge. Parts of Sutton annexed to North-bridge, Feb. 17, 1801, and Mar. 16, 1844. See Sutton and Uzbridge.	July 14, 1772,	•	•	150	Northbridge
Jan. 24, 1766, North Precinct of Westborough Part of Marthorough annexed to Northborough, June 20, 1807. See Berlin.	Jan. 24, 1766,	•		ongh	Northborongh

CITIES AND TOWNS.	ø;	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Princeton	•	Apr. 24, 1771,	Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Hubbardston annexed to Princeton, Feb. 16, 1810; and part of No-rown, April 4, 1838. Part of Westminster annexed to, April 22, 1870. See Westminster.
Royalston	•	Feb. 17, 1765,	Royalstonshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, Feb. 26, 1799; and part of Athol, March 7, 1803. See Phillipston.
Rutland	•	Feb. 23, 1713,	Indian name, Nagneag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton established Feb. 20, 1829. See Hubbardston, Oakland, and Paxton.
Shrewsbury .	•	Dec. 19, 1727,	Dec. 19, 1727, See Boylston and Grafton.
Southborough .	•	July 6, 1727,	Part of Marlborough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough established March 5, 1835. See Marlborough.
Southbridge .	•	Feb. 15, 1816,	From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton, and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, Feb. 23, 1822; and part of Sturbridge, April 6, 1839. Boundary line between it and Sturbridge changed in 1871.

		D	ate of In	corp	orat	ion, E	tc.		13
· Apr. 3, 1753, Second Precinct of Leicester.	Second Precinct of Lancaster. See Lancaster and West Boylston.	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Sturbridge, June 27, 1792. See Dudley and Southbridge. Boundary line between it and Southbridge changed in 1871.	Nipmug Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line lotween Sutton and Northbridge changed March 7, 1837. See Ward, Grafton, Milbury, North- bridge, and Oxford.	Narragansett, "No. 6." See Gerry and Gardner.	From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge, and Hopkinton.	Indian name, Waeuntug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed April 30, 1856. See Douglas.	See Western.	From parts of Dudley and Oxford, Boundary line between Webster and Douglas established Feb. 27, 1841.	Nov. 18, 1717, Channey. See Bolton and Southborough.
3, 1753,	Apr. 25, 1781,	June 24, 1738,	June 21, 1715,	. Mar. 6, 1762,	June 14, 1735,	June 27, 1727,	Jan. 16, 1741,	Mar. 6, 1832,	8, 1717,
Apr.	Apr. 2	June 2	June 2	Mar.	June 1	June 2	Jan. 1	Mar.	Nov. 1
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Sponcer	Sterling	Sturbridge	Sutton	Templeton .	Upton.	Uxbridge	Warren	Webster	Westhorough
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WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
West Boylston	Jan. 30, 1808,	From parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Part of Boylston annexed to West Boylston, Feb. 10, 1820, and June 17, 1820. See Bolton.
West Brookfield, .	Mar. 3, 1848,	Part of Brookfield.
Western	Jan. 16, 1741,	From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield, and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, March 13, 1834. See Palmer and Ware.
Westminster	Apr. 26, 1770,	Narragansett, "No. 2." Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westminster, Feb. 12, 1796, and Feb. 16, 1813; and part of No-town, April 10, 1838. Part of, annexed to Princeton, April 22, 1870. See Ashburnham and Gardner.
Winchendon	June 14, 1764,	June 14, 1764, Ipswich Canada. See Gardner.
Worcester	Oct. 15, 1684,	Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcestor, March 22, 1838. Incorporated as a City, Feb. 29, 1848. Act accepted, March 18, 1848. See <i>Holden</i> and <i>Ward</i> .

CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,

WITH THE DATE OF THEIR ORGANIZATION, AND THEIR POPULATION.

	NA	ME.			INCORPORATED.	POPULATION, 1885.
Boston .					Feb. 23, 1822,	390,406
Salem .					March 23, 1836,	28,084
Lowell .					April 1, 1836,	64,051
Cambridge					March 17, 1846,	59,660
New Bedford					March 9, 1847,	3 3,393
Worcester					Feb. 29, 1848,	68,383
Lynn .					April 10, 1849,	45,861
Newburyport					May 24, 1851,	13,716
Springfield					April 12, 1852,	37,577
Lawrence					March 21, 1853,	38,845
Fall River					April 12, 1854,	56,863
Chelsea .					March 13, 1857,	25,709
Taunton .					May 11, 1864,	23,674
Haverhill					March 10, 1869,	21,795
Somerville					April 14, 1871,	29,992
Fitchburg					March 8, 1872,	15,375
Holyoke .					April 7, 1873,	27,894
Gloucester					April 28, 1873,	21,713
Newton .					June 2, 1873,	19,759
Malden .					March 31, 1881,	16,407
$Brockton \ .$			٠.		April 9, 1881,	20,783
Northampton					June 23, 1883,	12,896
Waltham					June 2, 1884,	14,609
Quincy .					May 17, 1888,	12,145
Woburn .					May 18, 1888,	11,750

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[Established by Chapter 253, Acts of 1882]

DISTRICT No. 1.

Towns.		Population 1880.	Tow	NS.			Population 1880.
Barnstable Count	, l		Bristol (Co	- Cor	١.	
Barnstable	".	4,250	Seekonk	•		٠.	1,228
Bourne	.	-,	Somerset	-			2,006
Brewster	.	1,144	Swanzey				1,356
Chatham		2,252	Westport				2,898
Dennis	. 1	3,290					_,
Eastham		692	Duk	es Co) .		
Falmouth	.	2,422	Chilmark				494
Harwich	.	3,265	Cottage Ci	ty			679
Mashpee		347	Edgartown	١.			1,301
Orleans	.	1,294	Gay Head				161
Provincetown .	.	4,345	Gosnold				154
Sandwich	.	3,544	Tisbury				1,516
Truro	.	1,019					·
Wellfleet	.]	1,908	Nantu	cket	Co.		
Yarmouth		2,173	Nantucket	•	•	•	3,726
Bristol Co.	- 1		Plumo	uth	Co.		
Acushnet	.	1,105	Lakeville				1,008
Dartmouth	.	3,430	Marion				958
Dighton	.	1,791	Mattapoise	tt			.1,365
Fairhaven	.	2,875	Middleboro	ugh		. 1	5,237
Fall River	.	49,006	Rochester				1,043
Freetown	.	1,329	Wareham			.	2,897
New Bedford .	.	26,875				i	-
Rehoboth	.	1,891	Total			.]	148,274

DISTRICT No. 2.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Bristol Co.		Plymouth Co Con.	
Attleborough	11,111	Bridgewater	3,620
Berkley	927	Brockton	13,608
Easton	3,902	Carver	1,039
Mansfield	2,765	Duxbury	2,196
North Attleborough*	-	East Bridgewater .	2,710
Norton	1,732	Halifax	542
Raynham	1,681	Hanover	1,897
Taunton	21,213	Hanson	1,309
		Hingham	4,485
Norfo/k Co.	1	Hull	383
Avont	-	Kingston	1,524
Braintree	3,855	Marshfield	1,785
Canton	4,523	Pembroke	1,405
Cohasset	2,182	Plymouth	7,094
Holbrook	2,132	Plympton	694
Quincy	10,529	Rockland	4,553
Randolph	4,027	Scituate	2,466
Sharon	1,492	South Abington ! .	3,024
Stoughton	4,875	South Scituate \$.	1,820
Weymouth	10,571	West Bridgewater .	1,665
Plymouth Co. Abington	3,697	Total	149,033
	DISTRIC	T No. 3.	1
Suffolk Co.		Suffolk Co Con.	
Boston, Ward 11 .	16,601	Boston, Ward 22 .	12,715
Ward 15-		Ward 23 .	14,008
Precinct 3.	3,084	Ward 24 .	16,871
Precinct 4.	3,801		
Ward 17 .	14,445		1
Ward 18 .	13,141	Norfolk Co.	1
Ward 19 .	19,973	Milton	3,206
Ward 20 .	17,391		
Ward 21 .	14,712	Total	149,948
	DISTRICT	No. 4.	
0 2 12 0	1	Suffolk Co Con.	
Suttoik Co.			
Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 1 .	14,773	Boston, Ward 6 .	16,90

^{*} North Attleborough was incorporated from a part of Attleborough, June 24, 1887.

[†] Avon was incorporated from a part of Stoughton, Feb. 21, 1888.

¹ Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886.

[§] Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

DISTRICT No. 4-Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 8 — Precinct 2 . Precinct 3 . Precinct 4 . Ward 12 . Ward 13 . Ward 14 .	3,569 2,321 4,091 14,697 21,462 20,005	Suffolk Co.—Con. Boston, Ward 15— Precinct 1 Precinct 2 Ward 16 Total	4,999 3,019 15,184 148,727
	DISTRIC	CT No. 5.	
Middlesex Co. Arlington	4,100 1,615 711 52,740 2,460 24,985 11,711 5,426 10,938	Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 8— Precinct 1 . Ward 9 . Ward 10 . Ward 25 .	2,814 12,322 11,503 6,693
	DISTRIC	T No. 6.	
Essex Co. Lynn	38,284 808 2,626 2,501 4,159 12,017 7,573 4,560 3,181 4,891	Middlesez Co. — Con. Wakefield Winchester Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 3 Ward 4 Ward 5 Chelsea Revere Winthrop Total	5,548 3,802 11,515 11,258 10,961 21,785 2,263 1,042 148,775
	DISTRIC		
Essex Co. Amesbury Beverly Boxford Bradford	3,355 8,445 824 2,643	Essex Co.—Con. Danvers Essex	6,636 1,670 2,231 19,329

DISTRICT No. 7 - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Essex Co Con.		Essex Co Con.	
Groveland	2,227	Peabody	9,028
Hamilton	935	Rockport	3,912
Haverhill	18,475	Rowley	1,201
Ipswich	3,699	Salem	27,598
Lynnfield	686	Salisbury	4,079
Manchester	1,640	Topsfield	1,165
Marblehead	7,467	Wenham	889
Merrimac	2,237	West Newbury	1,989
Middleton	1,000		
Newbury	1,566		
Newburyport	13,537	Total	148,463
3	DISTRIC	T No. 8.	<u>' </u>
	1	1	
Essex Co.		Middlesex Co Con.	
Andover	5,171 39,178	Littleton	994 59,485
Methuen	4,392	North Reading	900
North Andover	3,217	Pepperell	2,348
North Andover	0,211	Shirley	1,365
	i		
Middlesex Co.		Tewksbury	2,171
Acton	1,797	Townsend	1,967
Ashby	914	Tyngsborough	631
Ayer	1,882	Westford	2,147
Bedford	931	Wilmington	933
Billerica	2,000		
Boxborough	319	Worcester Co.	
Carlisle	478	Bolton	903
Chelmsford	2,553	Harvard	1,253
Concord	3,922		2,008
Dunstable	1,605 453	Lunenburg	1,101
Groton	1,862	Total	149,925
	DISTRIC	T No. 9.	
	1		
Middlesex Co.	0.00	Middlesex Co Con.	0.00*
Ashland	2,394	Maynard	
Framingham Holliston		Natick	8,480
Hopkinton	3,099 4,602	Newton	16,995
Hudson	3,739	Sudbury	1,491 1,178
Lincoln			
Lincoln	882 10,126	Wayland	1,962 1,448

DISTRICT No. 9 - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population
Worcester Co.		Norfolk Co Con.	
Berlin	977	Foxborough	2,951
Blackstone	4,908	Franklin	4,051
Clinton	8,030	Hyde Park	7,090
Hopedale*	- 1	Medfield	1,365
Mendon	1,094	Medway	3,955
Milford		Millis†	-
Northborough	1,676	Needham	2,538
Southborough	2,142	Norfolk	930
Westborough	5,214	Norwood	2,345
		Walpole	2,494
Norfolk Co.	}	Wellesley	2,717
Bellingham	1,223	Wrentham	2,482
Brookline	8,053		
Dedham	6,224	Total	147,254
Dover	653	1	İ
	DISTRIC	T No. 10.	
Worcester Co.		Worcester Co Con.	
Auburn	1,317	Shrewsbury	1,500
Barre	2,418	Southbridge	6,465
Boylston	854	Spencer	7,466
Brookfield	2,820	Sterling	1,414
Charlton		Sturbridge Sutton	2,062
Douglas	2,241	Sutton	3,105
Dudley	2,804	Upton	2,023
Grafton	4,030	Uxbridge	3,111
Hardwick	2,233	Warren	3,889
Holden	2,499	Webster	5,696
Leicester	2,779	West Boylston	2,994
Millbury	4,741	West Brookfield .	
New Braintree	610	Worcester	58,295
Northbridge	4,053	77 . 7. 0	
North Brookfield	4,459	Hampden Co.	1 000
Oakham	869	Brimfield	1,203
Oxford	2,604	Holland	
Paxton	592 1,100	Wales	1,030
Princeton	1,100	Total	148,455
rentiana	1,000	10001	140,450
	DISTRIC	T No. 11.	
Franklin Co.		Franklin Co Con.	
Ashfield	1,062	Charlemont	932
Bernardston .	934	Colrain	1,777
Deinardston .			

^{*} Hopedale was incorporated from a part of Milford, April 7, 1886.

[†] Millis was incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

DISTRICT No. 11 - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Franklin Co Con.		Humpshire Co Con	,
Deerfield	3.543	0	753
Erving	872	O	634
Gill	733	Yf . 11	1,933
Greenfield	3,903	TT . C in	1.495
Hawley	592	TT	. 1,236
Heath	560	M: 141. 2.14	. 648
Leverett	742	37	. 12,172
Levden	507		614
Monroe	166	DI 1 . C 1.1	. 457
Montague	4,876	D	. 460
New Salem	869	Cambanatan	1,046
Northfield	1,603	(1 1 TT 11	3,538
Orange	3,171	117	4,817
Rowe	502	Westhematen	. 564
Shelburne	1,621	Williamsland	2,234
Shutesbury	529	337 4 h / +	758
Sunderland	755	Worthington .	.
Warwick	713	Worcester Co.	1
Wendell	465	1 - h h h	. 1,666
Whately	1,074	1.1.1	4,307
	1,011	To	. 736
		Div. 1.3	12,405
Hampden Co.		0 1	4,988
Holyoke	21,851	TT 11 1 4	. 1,386
		7	5,776
Hampshire Co.		Th / 1	. 1,109
Amherst	4,299	Di illi	. 621
Belchertown	2,346	* *	1,192
Chesterfield	769	rn 1	2,789
Cummington	881	7.07	1,652
Easthampton	4,206	777: 1 1	3,722
Enfield	1,043	17 Inchedudon	- 0,122
Goshen	327	Total	. 147,435

DISTRICT No. 12.

Berkshire Co. Adams Alford Becket Cheshire Clarksburg Dalton Egremont Florida Great Barrington .	5,593 348 1,123 1,587 724 2,052 875 459 4,658	Berkshire Co.—Con. Hancock Hinsdale Lanesborough Lee Lenox Monterey Mount Washington New Ashford New Marlborough	642 1,595 1,278 3,939 2,043 635 205 203 1,876
Great Barrington .	4,658	New Marlborough .	1,876

DISTRICT No. 12 - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Berkshire Co.—Con. North Adams Otis Peru Pittsfield Richmond Sandisfield Savoy Sheffled Stockbridge Tyringham Washington West Stockbridge Williamstown Windsor Hämpden Co.	10,192 785 403 13,367 1,124 1,107 715 2,204 2,360 542 492 1,934 3,395 644	Hampden Co.—Con. Chester Chicopee Granville Hampden Longmeadow Ludlow Monson Montgomery Palmer Russell Southwick Springfield Tolland Westfield West Springfield Wilbraham	1,473 11,325 1,205 958 1,401 1,526 3,758 303 5,504 823 1,104 33,340 452 7,587 4,149 1,628
Agawam Blandford	2,216 979	Total	148,780

COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

As Established by Chapter 348 of the Acts of 1886.

- The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 54,950.
- Cape District. Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable, and Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury, in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket.
- First Plymouth District. Abington, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Scituate* and Whitman.
- Second Plymouth District. Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Warcham, and West Bridgewater.
- Second Bristol District. Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swanzey.
- Third Bristol District.—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport.
- II. The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, Eighth and Ninth Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 56,627.
- First Bristol District. Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton.
- First Norfolk District. Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth.
- Second Norfolk District. Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton†Walpole, Wellesley, and Wrentham.
- Eighth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 19, 22, and 25, Boston.
- Ninth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 21, 23, and 24, Boston.
 - * Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.
 - † Stoughton divided and Avon incorporated, Feb. 21, 1888.

III. — The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 51,780.

First Suffolk District.—Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston.

Second Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston,

First Middlesex District. — Arlington, Medford, Somerville, and Winchester.

Second Middlesex District. — Belmont, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown.

Third Middlesex District. - Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge.

IV. — The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 57,237.

Third Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston, and Ward No. 3, Cambridge.

Fourth Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 2, 12, and 16, Boston.

Fifth Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 9, 10, and 11, Boston.

Sixth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston.

Secenth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 17, 18, and 20, Boston.

V. — The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 52,429.

First Essex District. — Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, Lynn, and Nahant and Swampscott.

Second Essex District. - Beverly, Marblehead, and Salem.

Third Essex District. — Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport (Wards Nos. I and 2), Rockport, Rowley, Topsfield, and West Newbury.

Fourth Essex District. — Amesbury, Haverhill, Merrimag, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6), and Salisbury.

Fifth Essex District.—Boxford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Lynn (Wards Nos. 1, 6, and 7), Lynnfield, Middleton, North Andover, Peabody, Saugus, and Wenham.

VI. — The Sixth Essex, and the Fourth, Flith, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 55,764.

Sixth Ennex District. — Andover, Bradford, Lawrence, and Methuen. Fourth Middlenx District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Mariborough, Maynard, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, and Weston.

- Fifth Middlesex District.—Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlide, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Woburn.
- Sixth Middlesex District. Everett, Malden, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Wilmington.
- Seventh Middlesex District. Lowell.
- VII. The First, Second, Third, and Fourth Woreester, and the Worcester and Hampshire Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 56,662.
- First Worcester District. Worcester (Wards Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8), in the county of Worcester.
- Second Worcester District. Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Grafton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough.
- Third Worcester District. Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, North Brookfield, Oxford, Paxton, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield.
- Fourth Worcester District. Fitchburg, Holden, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, Westminster, and Worcester (Wards Nos. 2 and 3).
- Worcester and Hampshire District. Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Hubbardston, New Braintree, Oakham, Petersham, Philleston, Rutland, and Templeton, in the county of Worcester, and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire.
- VIII. The Franklin, First and Second Hampden, Berkshire, and the Berkshire and Hampshire Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 57,167.
- Franklin District. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, in the county of Franklin, and Ashburnham, Royalston, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester.
- First Hampden District. Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Spring-field, Wales, and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden.
- Second Hampden District. Agawam, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield, in the county of Hampden.

Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williamstown, and Windsor, in the county of Berkshire.

Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire, and Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire, and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden.

SENATE DISTRICTS.

As Established by Chapter 338 of the Acts of 1886.

[Average ratio for the State, 11,065+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY (including Ward 3, Cambridge, Middlesex County) — Nine Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,050+.]

First District. - Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston. Legal voters, 10,805.

Second District. — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 9,416.
Third District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston, and Ward 3, Cambridge. Legal voters, 11,434.

Fourth District. — Wards Nos. 2, 12, and 16, Boston. Legal voters, 10,518.
Fifth District. — Wards Nos. 9, 10, and 11, Boston. Legal voters, 10,637.
Sixth District. — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 12,225.

Seventh District. — Wards Nos. 17, 18, and 20, Boston. Legal voters, 12,123.

Eighth District. — Wards Nos. 19, 22, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 9,603.

Ninth District. — Wards Nos. 21, 23, and 24, Boston. Legal voters, 12,396.

ESSEX COUNTY - Six Senators.

Ratio for one Senator, 10,437+.]

First District. — Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, Lynn, Nahant, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 9,911.

Second District. - Beverly, Marblehead, and Salem. Legal voters, 10.533.

Third District.—Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 1 and 2), Rockport, Rowley, Topsfield, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 10,757. Fourth District. — Amesbury, Haverhill, Merrimac, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6), and Salisbury. Legal voters, 10,836.

Fifth District. — Boxford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Lynn (Wards Nos. 1, 6, and 7), Lynnfield, Middleton, North Andover, Peabody, Saugus, and Wenham. Legal voters, 10,392.

Sixth District. - Andover, Bradford, Lawrence, and Methuen. Legal voters, 10,196.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY (excluding Ward 3, Cambridge) — Seven Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,018+.]

First District. — Arlington, Medford, Somerville, and Winchester. Legal voters, 10,771.

Second District. - Belmont, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 10,608.

Third District. — Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge. Legal voters, 10.180.

Fourth District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Maynard, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 10,949.

Fifth District. — Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Woburn. Legal voters, 11,180.

Sixth District. — Everett, Malden, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 11,073.

Seventh District - Lowell. Legal voters, 12,366.

WORCESTER, FRANKLIN, HAMPSHIRE, HAMPDEN, AND BERKSHIRE COUNTIES - Ten Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,382+.]

First Worcester District. — Wards Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Worcester. Legal voters, 10,786.

Second Worcester District. — Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Grafton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 11,433.

Third Worcester District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Leicester, Milbury, North Brookfield, Oxford, Paxton, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 11,217.

- Fourth Worcester District. Fitchburg, Holden, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, Westminster, and Worcester (Wards Nos. 2 and 3). Legal voters, 12,099.
- Worcester and Hampshire District.—Athol. Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Hubbardston, New Braintree, Oakham, Petersham, Phillipston, Rutland, and Templeton, in the county of Worcester; and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire. Legal voters, 11,127.
- Franklin District. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, in the county of Franklin; and Ashburnham, Royalston, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester. Legal voters, 11,268.
- First Hampden District. Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 11,534.
- Second Hampden District. Agawam, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 11,337.
- Berkshire District. Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williamstown, and Windsor. Legal voters, 10,915.
- Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire; Chesterfield, Cummington, Eastampton, Goshen, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, Sonthampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire; and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden. Legal voters, 12,053.

NORFOLK COUNTY (excluding Cohasset) — Two Senators [Ratio for one Senator, 11,765.]

- First District. Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 11,930.
- Second District.—Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton* Walpole, Wellesley, and Wrentham. Legal voters, 11,600.
 - * Stoughton divided and Avon incorporated, Feb. 21, 1888.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY (including Cohasset, in Norfolk County) —

Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,329+.]

- First District. Abington, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Scituate* and Whitman. Legal voters, 11,303.
- Second District. Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 11,356.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Three Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,014+.]

- First District.—Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 11,093.
 Second District.—Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swanzey Legal voters, 11,665.
- Third District. Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 10,281.

BARNSTABLE, DUKES, AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES One Senator.

- Cape District. Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable; Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury, in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket. Legal voters, 10,345.
 - * Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 256, ACTS OF 1886.

[Average ratio for the State, 1,844+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

FIFTY-TWO REPRESENTATIVES.

1,10111101			
1.—Boston,	1st Ward.	Legal voters, 3,487.	Two representatives.
2Boston,	2d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,345.	Two representatives.
3Boston,	3d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,011.	Two representatives.
4Boston,	4th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,131.	Two representatives.
5 Boston,	5th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,274.	Two representatives.
6Boston,	6th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,024.	Two representatives.
7 Boston,	7th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,038.	Two representatives.
8Boston,	8th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,069.	Two representatives.
9Boston,	9th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,854.	Two representatives.
10Boston,	10th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,306.	Two representatives.
11 Boston,	11th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,477.	Two representatives.
12 Boston,	12th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,527.	Two representatives.
13 Boston,	13th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,056.	Two representatives.
14 Boston,	14th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,815.	Two representatives.
15 Boston,	15th Ward.	Legal veters, 3,354.	Two representatives.
16 Boston,	16th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,946.	Two representatives.
17 Boston,	17th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,634.	Two representatives.
18 Bo-ton,	18th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,603.	Two representatives.
19 Boston,	19th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,267.	Two representatives.
20 Boston,	20th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,886.	Two representatives.
21 Boston,	21st Ward.	Legal voters, 3,646.	Two representatives.
22 Boston,	22d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,254.	One representative.
23 Boston,	23d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,865.	Two representatives.
24 Boston,		Legal voters, 4,885.	Two representatives.
25 Boston,	25th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,082.	One representative.
			-

- Chelsea, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 4,284.
 Two representatives.
- 27.—Chelsea, 4th Ward, Revere, and Winthrop. Legal voters, 3,034.
 Two representatives.

ESSEX COUNTY.

THIRTY-FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

- Salisbury, Amesbury, Merrimac, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 3,477. Two representatives.
- Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,375. Two representatives.
- Haverhill, 3d and 5th Wards, Methuen, and Bradford. Legal voters, 3,810. Two representatives.
- Lawrence, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,689. Two representatives.
- Lawrence, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,702. Two representatives.
- Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 2,023. One representative.
- Groveland, Georgetown, Boxford, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1.764. One representative.
- Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Newbury. Legal voters, 3,668. Two representatives.
- Rowley, Ipswich, Hamilton, and Wenham. Legal voters, 1,913.
 One representative.
- 10.—Gloucester, 1st Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, Essex, and Manchester. Legal voters, 5,107. Three representatives.
- Gloucester, 2d Ward, and Rockport. Legal voters, 1,753. One representative.
- 12 .- Beverly. Legal voters, 2,437. One representative.
- Salem, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,639. One representative.
- 14.—Salem, 3d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,962. One representative.
- Salem, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,985. One representative.
- 16.-Marblehead. Legal voters, 2,060. One representative.
- 17.—Swampscott, Lynn, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,781.
 Two representatives.

- Lynn, 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 3,230. Two representatives.
- Lynn, 1st Ward, 5th Ward, and Lynnfield. Legal voters, 3,338.
 Two representatives.
- 20.—Lynn, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and Saugus. Legal voters, 3,456. Two representatives.
- 21.- Peabody. Legal voters, 2,192. One representative.
- 22.- Danvers and Middleton. Legal voters, 1,814. One representative.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

FORTY-THREE REPRESENTATIVES.

- Cambridge, 1st Ward and 5th Ward. 1 egal voters, 3,681. Two representatives.
- 2.-Cambridge, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 3,439. Two representatives.
- 3.—Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,303. One representative.
- 4 .- Cambridge, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,060. Two representatives.
- 5 .- Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1.989. One representative.
- 6.-Somerville, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,183. One representative.
- Somerville, 2d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,484. One representative.
- 8.-Medford. Legal voters, 2,119. One representative.
- Malden, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3.934. Two representatives.
- Everett. Legal voters, 1,204. One representative.
- 11. Melrose. Legal voters, 1,491. One representative.
- 12.-Stoneham. Legal voters, 1.547. One representative.
- 13.-Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,535. One representative.
- 14 .- Woburn and Reading. Legal voters, 3,773. Two representatives.
- Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 1,996. One representative.
- 16.—Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 1,794. One representative.
- 17.—Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,976. Two representatives.
- Waltham, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and Weston. Legal voters, 3,555. Two representatives.
- Lexington, Lincoln. Concord, Bedford, and Burlington. Legal voters, 1,987. One representative.
- 20 Chelmsford, Billerica, Tewksbury, Wilmington, and North Reading. Legal voters, 1,994. One representative.

- 21.-Lowell, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,894. One representative.
- 22.-Lowell, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,064. One representative.
- 23.-Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,268. One representative.
- 24.—Lowell, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, Dracut, and Tyngsborough. Legal voters, 4,844. Three representatives.
- 25 .- Lowell, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,870. One representative.
- 26.—Natick. Legal voters, 2,117. One representative.
- 27.- Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,730. One representative.
- Holliston, Sherborn, Framingham, and Wayland. Legal voters, 3,513. Two representatives.
- Marlborough, Hudson, and Sudbury. Legal voters, 3,733. Two representatives.
- 30.—Maynard, Stow, Boxborough, Littleton, Acton, and Carlisle. Legal voters, 1,808. One representative.
- Westford, Groton, Pepperell, and Dunstable. Legal voters, 1,887.
 One representative.
- Ayer, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby. Legal voters, 1,658. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

TWENTY-NINE REPRESENTATIVES.

- Athol, Royalston, and Phillipston. Legal voters, 1,764. One representative.
- Gardner, Winchendon, Templeton, and Ashburnham. Legal voters, 3,807. Two representatives.
- Barre, Dana, Petersham, Hardwick, and Rutland. Legal voters, 1,865. One representative.
- 4.—Westminster, Hubbardston, Princeton, Holden, and Paxton. Legal voters, 1,780. One representative.
- Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, New Braintree, Oakham, Sturbridge, and Warren. Legal voters, 3,684. Two representatives.
- 6.- Spencer and Leicester. Legal voters, 1,970. One representative.
- Charlton, Dudley, and Southbridge. Legal voters, 1,989. One representative.
- 8.- Webster, Oxford, and Auburn. Legal voters, 1,863. One representative.
- Douglas, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 1,914. One representative.
- Uxbridge, Northbridge, and Upton. Legal voters, 1,943. One representative.

- 11.—Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, * and Hopedale. * Legal voters, 3,578. Two representatives.
- Westborough, Northborough, Southborough, Berlin, Shrewsbury, and Grafton. Legal voters, 3,562. Two representatives.
- Boylston, Bolton, West Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Sterling. Legal voters, 3,655. Two representatives.
- 14.—Leominster and Luneuburg. Legal voters, 1,805. One representative.
- 15 Fitchburg, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,659. Two representatives.
- 16 .- Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,632. One representative.
- 17.-Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,375. One representative.
- 18.-Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,682. One representative.
- 19 .- Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,640. One representative.
- 20 .- Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,219. One representative.
- 21.-Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,522. One representative.
- 22.- Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,895. One representative.
- 23 .- Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,878. One representative.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

SIX REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Northampton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, Easthampton, and Southampton. Legal voters, 3,589. Two representatives.
- Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Westhampton, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,494. One representative.
- Hatfield, Hadley, South Hadley, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,976. One representative.
- Amherst, Beichertown, and Granby. Legal voters, 1,908. One representative.
- Enfield, Greenwich, Pelham, Prescott, and Ware. Legal voters, 1,664. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Chester, Blandford, Tolland, Granville, Southwick, and Agawam. Legal voters, 1,846. One representative.
 - Milford divided and Hopedale incorporated April 7, 1886.

- Montgomery, Russell, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 3,561. Two representatives.
- Holyoke, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,834. One representative.
- 4.— Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,212. One representative.
- 5.- Chicopee. Legal voters, 1,871. One representative.
- Springfield, 1st Ward, 4th Ward, and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,389. Two representatives.
- 7.-Springfield, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,800. One representative.
- Springfield, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward, Legal voters, 3,510. Two representatives.
- Longmeadow, Hampden, Wilbraham, Monson, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,988. One representative.
- Ludiow, Palmer, Brimfield, and Holland. Legal voters, 1,741.
 One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FIVE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Greenfield, Shelburne, and Bernardston. Legal voters, 1,964.
 One representative.
- Warwick, Orange, New Salem, Erving, and Shutesbury. Legal voters, 1,913. One representative.
- Northfield, Gill, Montague, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,849.
 One representative.
- Leverett, Sunderland, Whately, Deerfield, and Conway. Legal voters, 1,789. One representative.
- Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Rowe, and Monroc. Legal voters, 2,003. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

NINE REPRESENTATIVES.

- New Ashford, Williamstown, North Adams, Florida, and Clarksburg. Legal voters, 3,509. Two representatives.
- Adams, Cheshire, and Savoy. Legal voters, 1,803. One representative.
- Hancock, Lanesborough, Lenox, Windsor, Peru, Hinsdale, Washington, and Richmond. Legal voters, 1,789. One representative.

- 4 .- Pittsfield and Dalton. Legal voters, 3,724. Two representatives.
- Stockbridge, Lee, and Becket. Legal voters, 1,802. One representative.
- West Stockbridge, Alford, Egremont, and Great Barrington. Legal voters, 1,805. One representative.
- Monterey, Otis, Sandisfield, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Mount Washington, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,725. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

(Excluding Cohasset.)

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- 1.- Dedham and Norwood. Legal voters, 2,184. One representative.
- 2. Brookline. Legal voters, 1,820. One representative.
- 3 Hyde Park. Legal voters, 1,824. One representative.
- 4. Milton and Canton. Legal voters, 1,772. One representative.
- Quincy and Weymonth. Legal voters, 5,603. Three representatives.
- 6 .- Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,657. One representative.
- Randolph, Stoughton*Sharon, and Walpole. Legal voters, 3,368.
 Two representatives.
- Franklin, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, Medway, and Norfolk. Legal voters, 3.435. Two representatives.
- Needham, Dover, Medfield, Wellesley, and Millis. Legal voters, 1,867. One representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

EIGHTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, and Seekonk. Legal voters, 3,827. Two representatives.
- Mansfield, Easton, and Raynham. Legal voters, 2,039. One representative.
- Taunton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and Berkley. Legal voters, 5,512.
 Three representatives.
- Fairhaven, Acushnet, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,529. One representative.
- New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,549. Two representatives.
- New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3.502. Two representatives.
 - * Stoughton divided and Avon incorporated, Feb. 21, 1888.

- Westport and Dartmouth. Legal voters, 1,701. One representative.
- Fall River, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 5,600. Three representatives.
- Fall River, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and 9th Ward. Legal voters, 3,826. Two representatives.
- Dighton, Somerset, Swanzey, and Rehoboth. Legal voters, 1,959.
 One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

(Including Cohasset, in Norfolk County.)

TWELVE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- 1.- Plymouth. Legal voters, 1,896. One representative.
- Marshfield, Plympton, Kingston, and Duxbury. Legal voters, 1,737. One representative.
- Scituate, South Scituate* Hanson, and Pembroke. Legal voters, 1,845. One representative.
- Cohasset, Hingham, and Hull. Legal voters, 1,874. One representative.
- Rockland and Hanover. Legal voters, 1,835. One representative.
- Whitman and Abington. Legal voters, 2,116. One representative.
- Mattapoisett, Marion, Wareham, Rochester, and Carver. Legal voters, 1,980. One representative.
- Middleborough, Lakeville, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,922.
 One representative.
- Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,064. One representative.
- 10.—Brockton, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,213. One representative.
- Brockton, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,733. One representative.
- Brockton, 1st Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,444. One representative.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

- Falmouth, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee, Barnstable, Yarmouth, and Dennis. Legal voters, 4,340. Two representatives.
 - * Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

- Harwich, Chatham, Brewster, and Orleans. Legal voters, 2,076.
 One representative.
- Eastham, Wellfleet, Truro, and Provincetown. Legal voters, 1,841. One representative.

DUKES COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

 Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury. Legal voters, 1,276. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

1.- Nantucket. Legal voters, 812. One representative.

A LIST

Of the Counties, Towns, and Cities in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1875, 1880, and 1885, and of Legal Voters in 1885. Revised and corrected by the Bureau of Statistics of Labor.

COUNTIE				١,	1	POPULATION.				
AND T	AND TOWNS.					1880.	1885.	Voters, 1885.		
BARN	STA	BLE					}			
Barnstable					4,302	4,242	4,050	1,196		
Bourne*.					-	-	1,363	419		
Brewster					1,219	1,144	934	266		
Chatham.					2,274	2,250	2,028	601		
Dennis .					3,369	3,288	2,923	855		
Eastham .					639	692	638	175		
Falmouth					2,211	2,422	2,520	695		
Harwieh .					3,355	3,265	2,783	845		
Mashpee .					278	346	311	j 79		
Orleans .					1,373	1,294	1,176	364		
Provincetown					4,357	4,346	4,480	928		
Sandwich *					3,417	3,543	2,124	556		
Truro .					1,098	1,017	972	234		
Wellfleet					1,988	1,875	1,687	504		
Yarmouth	•	•			2,264	2,173	1,856	540		
Totals					32,144	31,897	29,845	8,257		
BERE	shi	RE.								
Adams†.					15,76	5,591	8,283	1,234		
Alford .				. !	389	348	341	94		
Becket .				. i	1,329	1,123	938	255		
Cheshire.					1,693	1,537	1,448	369		
Clarksburg					676	724	708	160		
Dalton .					1,750	2,052	2,113	441		
Egremont					800	875	82t	238		
Florida .				. !	572	459	487	.113		
Great Barring	ton			. !	4,385	4,653	4,471	1,131		
Hancock.					73	642	613	173		
Hinsdale.				-	1,571	1,595	1,656	. 314		

^{*} Bourne incorporated from the town of Sandwich, April 2, 1884.

[†] North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

¹ and 3 State census.

² United States census.

COUNTIES, CITIES,		I	N.	Legal Voters,	
AND TOWNS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Berkshire - Con.					
Lanesborough		1,357	1,286	1,212	268
Lee		3,900	3,939	4,274	1,015
Lenox		1,845	2,043	2,154	443
Monterey		703	635	571	159
Mount Washington .		182	205	160	36
New Ashford		160	203	163	47
New Marlborough .		2,037	1,876	1,661	430
North Adams*			10,191	12,540	2,543
Otiș		855	785	703	190
Peru		443	403	368	116
Pittsfield		12,267	13,364	14,466	3,283
Richmond		1,141	1,124	854	203
Sandisfield		1.172	1,107	1,019	286
Savoy	:	730	715	691	200
Sheffield		2.000	2,204	2.033	494
Stockbridge		2,089	2,357	2,114	532
Tyringham	•	517	542	457	130
Washington		603	493	470	109
West Stockbridge		1,981	1.923	1,648	342
Williamstown		3,883	3,394	3,729	736
Windsor	:	624	614	657	163
Totals		68,270	69,032	73,528	16,247
Bristol.					
Acushnet		1,059	1,105	1.071	300
Attleborough		9,224	11,111	13,175	3,049
Berklev		781	927	941	280
Dartmouth		3,434	3,430	3,448	969
Dighton		1,755	1,791	1,782	452
Easton		3,898	3,902	3,948	851
Fairhaven		2,768	2,875	2,880	833
Fall River		45,340	48,961	56,870	9,426
Freetown		1,396	1,329	1,457	396
Mansfield		2,656	2,765	2,939	769
New Bedford		25,895	26,845	33,393	7,051
North Attleborough : .	.	,	,	_	- '
Norton		1,595	1,732	1,718	455
Raynham		1.687	1,681	1,535	419
Rehoboth		1,827	1,891	1,788	476
Seekonk		1,167	1,227	1,295	323
Somerset	•	1,940	2.006	2,475	617
Swansea		1,308	1,355	1,403	414
Faunton	٠	20,445	21,213	23,674	5,232
Westport	:	2,912	2,894	2,706	732
Totals		131,087	139,040	158,498	33,044

^{*} North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

[†] North Attleborough incorporated, June 14, 1887

COUNTIES			,	F	OPULATION	N.	Legal Voters,
AND To	OWA	۵.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Duk	ES.						
Chilmark .				. 508	494	412	155
Cottage City*				-	672	709	203
Edgartown* .				1,707	1,393	1,165	373
Bay Head .				216	161	186	47
Fosnold				115	152	122	32
lisbury				1,525	1,518	1,541	466
Totals .				4,071	4,300	4,135	1,276
Essi	EX.						
Amesbury† .				3,816	3,355	4,403	949
Andover				5,097	5,169	5,711	1,243
Beverly				7,271	8,456	9,186	2,437
Boxford				834	824	840	231
Bradford .				2,347	2,643	3,106	679
Danvers				6,024	6,598	7,061	1,560
Essex				1,713	1,670	1,722	456
Feorgetown .				2,214	2,231	2,299	645
Floucester .				16,754	19,329	21,703	4,952
Froveland .				2,084	2,227	2,272	566
Hamilton .				797	935	851	261
Iaverhill .				14,628	18,472	21,795	5,623
pswich				3,674	3,699	4,207	1,016
lawrence .				34,916	39,151	38,862	7,391
vnn				32,600	38.274	45,867	11,949
Lynnfield .				769	586	766	180
fanchester .				1,560	1,640	1,639	443
farblehead .				7,677	7,467	7,517	2,060
Merrimact .				2,171	2,237	2,378	641
fethuen				4,205	4,392	4,507	883
fiddleton .				1,092	1,000	899	254
Nahant				766	808	637	146
Newbury .				1,426	1,566	1,590	436
Newburyport.				13,323	13,538	13,716	3,232
North Andover				2,981	3,217	3.425	780
Peabody				8,066	9,028	9,530	2,192
Rockport .				4,480	3,912	3,888	1,009
Rowles				1,162	1,201	1,183	366
Salem				25,958	27,563	28,090	6,036
Salisbury .				4,078	4,079	4,840	1,355
Saugus				2,578	2,625	2,855	817
Swa apscott .				2,128	2,500	2,471	713
Topsfield .				1,221	1,165	1,141	322
Wenham .				911	889	871	270
West Newbury				2,021	1,989	1,899	532
Totals .				223,342	244,535	263,727	62,625

^{*} Cottage City incorporated from Edgartown, Feb. 17, 1880.

[†] Merrimac incorporated from Amesbury, April 11, 1876, and part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, June 16, 1886.

COUNTIE	s, (CIT:	IES,		F	OPULATIO:	N.	Legal ·Voters,	
AND '	TOW	VNS			1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.	
FRA	VELL	v							
Ashfield .					1.190	1,066	1,097	331	
Bernardston					991	934	930	278	
Buckland					1.921	1,739	1,760	401	
Charlemont					1.029	932	958	295	
Colrain .					1,699	1,777	1,605	362	
Conway .					1,452	1,760	1,573	348	
Deerfield					3,414	3,543	3,042	739	
Erving .	:				794	872	873	247	
Gill	:				673	733	860	223	
Greenfield					3,540	3,903	4,869	1,242	
Hawley .					588	592	545	152	
Heath .					545	560	568	149	
Leverett .					831	742	779	227	
Levden .					524	507	447	113	
Monroe .					190	166	176	51	
Montagne					3.380	4,875	5,629	1,050	
New Salem					923	869	832	256	
Northfield					1,641	1,603	1,705	454	
Orange .					2,497	3,169	3,650	1.082	
Rowe .					661	502	582	149	
Shelburne					1.590	1,621	1,614	444	
Shutesbury					558	529	485	147	
Sunderland					860	755	700	198	
Warwick					744	713	662	181	
Wendell .					503	465	509	122	
Whately.					958	1,074	999	277	
Totals					33,696	36,001	37,449	9,518	
HAM	PDE	N.							
Agawam .					2,248	2,216	2,357	491	
Blandford					964	979	954	278	
Brimfield					1,201	1,203	1.137	295	
Chester .					1,396	1,473	1,318	555	
Chicopee.					10,335	11.286	11,516	1,571	
Granville					1,240	1,205	1,193	339	
Hampden*					-,	958	868	212	
Holland .					334	302	229	72	
Holyoke .					16.260	21,915	27,895	4,046	
Longmeadow					1,467	1,401	1,677	377	
Ludlow .					1,222	1,526	1,649	305	
Monson .					3,733	3,758	3,958	820	
Montgomery					304	303	278	84	
Palmer .				.	4,572	5,504	5.923	1,069	
Russell .					643	823	847	188	
Southwick					1,114	1,104	982	266	
Springfield				-	31,053	33,340	37,575	8,699	

^{*} Hampden incorporated from town of Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

COUNTIES, CITIES,	I	Population.				
AND TOWNS.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.		
HAMPDEN Con.						
Tolland	452	452	422	117		
Wales	1,020	1,030	853	223		
Westfield	8,431	7,587	8,961	2,346		
West Springfield	3,739	4,149	4,148	943		
Wilbraham*	2,576	1,628	1,724	356		
Totals	94,304	104,142	116,764	23,7 52		
Hampshire.						
Amherst	3,937	4,298	4,199	1,163		
Belchertown	2,315	2,346	2,307 698	560 211		
Chesterfield	746 916	769 881	805	211		
Cummington	3,972	4,206	4,291	785		
Easthampton		1,043	1,010	233		
Goshen	349	327	336	96		
Granby	812	753	729	185		
Greenwich	606	633	532	152		
Hadley		1,938	1,747	412		
Hatfield	1,600	1,495	1,367	319		
Huntington	1,095	1,236	1,267	328		
Middlefield	603	648	513	112 2,558		
Northampton	11,108 633	12,172 614	12,896 549	168		
Pelham		457	453	134		
	493	460	148	142		
Prescott	1,050	1.046	1,025	246		
South Hadley		3,538	3,949	747		
Ware	4,142	4,817	6,003	969		
Westhampton		563	541	144		
Williamsburg		2,234	2,044	498		
Worthington	818	758	763	225		
Totals	44,821	47,232	48,472	10,631		
MIDDLESEX.						
Acton	1,708	1,797	1,785	534		
Arlington	3,906	4,100	4,673	977		
Ashby	962 2,211	914 2,304	871 2.633	277 661		
Ashland		1,881	2,190	546		
Ayer	0.00	931	930	235		
Belmont	1,937	1,615	1,639	355		
Billeriea	1 1 001	2,000	2,161	518		
Boxborough	'030	319	348	97		
Burlington	650	711	604	145		
Cambridge	47,838	52,669	59,658	12,483		

^{*} Hampden incorporated from town of Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

COUNTIE	ES,	CITI	ES,		P	OPULATION	r .	Legal Voters,
AND	ТС	owns.			1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
MIDDLE	SE:	x — Co:	п.	İ				
Carlisle .				. !	548	478	526	150
Chelmsford				- 1	2,372	2,553	2,304	619
Concord .				. 1	2,676	3,922	3,727	760
Dracut .				- 1	1,116	1,595	1,927	397
Dunstable				.	452	453	431	123
Everett .					3,651	4,159	5,825	1,204
Framingham	٠	٠.		· [5,167	6,235	8,275	1,933
Groton .	e			.	1,908	1,862	1,987	534
Holliston		•		-	3,399	3,098	2,926	803
Hopkinton	٠				4,503	4,601	3,922	1,069
Hudson .	•	•	•	.	3,493	3,739	3,968	960 654
Lexington	٠			.	2,505 834	2,460	2,718 901	193
Lincoln . Littleton .	•	•		٠, ١	950	907 994	1,067	277
Lowell .	•	•		.	49,688	59,475	64,107	12,366
Malden .	•	•		- 1	10,843	12,017	16,407	3,934
Marlborough	٠	•	:		8,424	10,127	10,941	2,455
Maynard.	•	:	•		1,965	2,291	2,703	492
Medford .	•	:	•		6,627	7,573	9,042	2,119
Melrose .	•	•			3,990	4,560	6,101	1,491
Natick .	•	•	•	.	7,419	8,479	8,460	2,117
Newton .	•	•	•		16,105	16,995	19,759	3,976
North Readin	10				979	900	878	254
Pepperell				.	1,927	2,348	2,587	721
Reading .	:				3,136	3,181	3,539	868
Sherborn					999	1,401	1,391	286
Shirley .					1,352	1,365	1,242	292
Somerville					21,868	24,933	29,971	6,656
Stoneham					4,984	4,590	5,659	1,547
Stow .					1,022	1,045	976	258
Sudbury .					1,177	1,178	1,165	318
Tewksbury					1,997	2,179	2,333	363
Townsend					2,196	1,967	1,846	543
Tyngsboroug	չի			-	665	631	604	177
Wakefield					5,349	5,547	6,060	1,535
Waltham					9,967	11,712	14,609	3,231
Watertown	•				5,099	5,426	6,238	1,439
Wayland	٠				1,766	1,962	1,946	491
Westford	٠			٠.	1,933	2,147	2,193	509
Weston .	•		-	•	1,282	1,448	1,427	324
Wilmington			٠		\$79	933	991	240
Winchester Woburn	٠		•	•	3,699	3,802	4,390	1,019 2,905
woburn .	٠	•		٠	9,568	10,931	11,750	2,905
Totals					284,112	317,830	357,311	79,430
		CKET.				0.505	0.745	013
Nantucket	٠			•	3,201	3,727	3,142	812
					I	1	1	1

COUNTI				,	1	Legal Voters,		
AND	то	WX	s.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
No	RFO	LK.						i
Avon*					-	-	-	_
Bellingham					1,247	1,223	1,198	241
Braintree					4,156	3,855	4,040	1,008
Brookline		-			6,675	8,057	9,196	1,820
Canton .					4,192	4,516	4,380	980
Cohasset .					2,197	2,182	2,216	556
Dedham .					5,756	6,233	6,641	1,437
Dover .					650	653	664	165
Foxborough					3,168	2,950	2,814	703
Franklin .					2,983	4,051	3,983	906
Holbrook					1,726	2,130	2,334	649
Hyde Park					6,316	7,088	8,376	1,824
Medfield .					1,163	1,371	1,594	381
Medway †					4,242	3,956	2,777	746
Millist .					´-	-	683	167
Milton .				. '	2,738	3,206	3,555	792
Needham t					4,548	5,252	2,586	603
Norfolk .					920	930	825	178
Norwood.					1,749	2,345	2,921	747
Quiney .					9,155	10,570	12,145	2,673
Randolph					4.064	4,027	3,807	1,074
Sharon .			i		1,330	1,492	1,328	338
Stoughton					4,842	4,875	5,173	1,376
Walpole .		·			2,290	2,494	2,443	580
Wellesley 1					-,		3,013	551
Weymouth			:		9,819	10,570	10,740	2,930
Wrentham					2,395	2,481	2,710	661
Totals					88,321	96,507	102,142	24,086
PLY	MOL	тн.						
Abington				.	3,241	3,697	3,699	1,067
Bridgewater					3,969	3,620	3,827	879
Brockton				.	10,578	13,608	20,783	5,390
Carver .				.	1,127	1,039	1,091	295
Duxbury.					2,245	2.196	1,924	577
East Bridgew	ater	٠.		.	2,808	2,710	2,812	742
Halifax .					568	542	530	140
Hanover .					1,801	1,897	1,966	570
Hanson .				.	1,265	. 1,309	1,227	368
Hingham.					4,654	4,485	4,375	1,179
Hull.					316	383	451	139
Kingston .					1,569	1,524	1,570	453
Lakeville.			:		1,061	1,008	980	280
Marion .					862	958	965	279
Marshfield		•	-		1,817	1,781	1,649	526

^{*} Avon incorporated from a part of Stoughton, Feb. 21, 1888. † Millis incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885. ‡ Wellesley incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

COUNTI	ES,	CIT	IES,	,	P	OPULATION	×.	Legal Voters
AND	TOV	VNS	٥.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Рьтмо	ITH -	- Co	m.					
Mattapoisett				. 1	1,361	1,365	1,215	360
Middleborou				.	5,023	5,237	5,163	1,502
Pembroke	-				1,399	1,405	1,313	363
Plymouth					6,370	7,093	7,239	1,896
Plympton				.	755	694	600	181
Rochester					1,001	1.043	1,021	311
Rockland			-	.	4,203	4,553	4,785	1,265
Scituate .		:			2,463	2,466	2,350	628
South Abing	ton*		Ĭ.		2,456	3,024	3,595	1,049
South Scitua			·	- 11	1,818	1,520	1,589	456
Wareham		•	•		2,874	2,896	3,254	735
West Bridge	wate	r	:		1,758	1,665	1,707	443
Totals					69,362	74,018	81,680	22,103
Sm	FFOL	к.						
Boston .	•				341,919	362,839	390,393	89,836
Chelsea .	•	•	•	•	20,737	21,782	25,709	6,116
Revere .	•	•		Ċ	1,603	2,263	3,637	846
Winthrop	:	÷	:	:	627	1,043	1,370	356
Totals					364,886	387,927	421,109	97,154
Wor	RCEST	ER.					İ	
Ashburnhan	ı .				2,141	1,666	2,058	504
Athol .					4,134	4,307	4,758	1,273
Auburn .					1,233	1,317	1,268	281
Barre .					2,460	2,419	2,093	564
Berlin .					987	977	899	261
Blackstone					4,640	4,907	5,436	955
Bolton .					987	903	S76	244
Boylston .					895	854	834	198
Brookfield					2,660	2,820	3,013	768
Charlton .					1,852	1,900	1,823	498
Clinton .					6,781	8,029	8,945	1,570
Dana .					760	736	695	214
Douglas .	-			·	2,202	2,241	2,205	497
Dudley .			:			2,803	2,742	446
Fitchburg				:	12,289	12,429	15,375	3,659
Gardner.			•	:	3,730	4,988	7,283	1,698
Grafton .	•	•	•		4,442	4,030	4,498	877
Hardwick	•	:	•	:	1.992	2,233	3,145	520
Harvard .	•	•	•		1,304	1,253	1,184	338
Holden .	•	•	•	•	2,180	2,499	2,471	532
Hopedale t	•	•	•	•	2,100	2,100	4,411	002
rroberate †		•	•	•	-	-	_	1 -

^{*} Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886,
† Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.
† Hopedale incorporated from a part of Milford, April 7, 1886.

COUNTIES, CITIE	s,	F	Population.					
AND TOWNS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.			
Worcester - Con								
Hubbardston		1,440	1,386	1,303	381			
Lancaster	. 1	1,957	2,008	2,050	440			
Leicester		2,770	2,779	2,923	650			
Leicester		5,201	5,772	5,297	1,478			
Lunenburg	.	1,153	1,101	1,071	327			
Mendon	.	1,176	1,094	945	261			
Milford*	. 1	9,818	9,310	9,343	2,362			
		4,529	4,741	4,555	829			
Millbury		606	610	558	132			
Northborough		1,398	1,676	1,853	393			
Northbridge		4,030	4,053	3,786	702			
North Brookfield		3,749	4,459	4,201	947			
Oakham		873	869	749	197			
Oxford		2,938	2,604	2,355	641			
Paxton	:	600	592	561	126			
Petersham		1,203	1,109	1,032	308			
Phillipston		666	621	530	159			
Princeton		1,063	1,100	1,038	297			
	-	1,260	1,100	1,153	362			
Royalston		1,200	1,192	963	259			
Rutland		1,524	1,500	1,450	409			
Shrewsbury Southborough		1,986		2,100	477			
Southborough			2,142	6,500	1,050			
Southbridge		5,740	6,464	8,247	1,320			
Spencer		5,451	7,466		359			
Sterling	-	1,569	1,414	1,331	415			
Sturbridge		2,213	2,062	1,980	588			
Sutton		3,051	3,105	3,101	691			
Templeton		2,761	2,789	2,627				
Upton		2,125	2,023	2,265	513 728			
Uxbridge		3,029	3,111	2,948				
Warren		3,260	3,889	4,032	781			
Webster		5,064	5,696	6,220	991			
Westborough		5,141	5,214	4,880	1,145			
West Boylston		2,902	2,994	2,927	506			
West Brookfield		1,903	1,917	1,747	444			
Westminster		1,712	1,652	1,556	444			
Winchendon		3,762	3,722	3,872	914			
Worcester		49,317	58,291	68,389	14,843			
Totals		210,295	226,897	244,039	53,681			

^{*} Hopedale incorporated from a part of Milford, April 7, 1886.

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTI	Fq		Number of Citics and Towns.	P	Population.			
COUNT	Number Cities and Towns.				1880.	1885.	Voters, 1885.	
Barnstable			15	32,144	31,897	29,845	8,257	
Berkshire .			32	68,270	69,032	73,828	16,247	
Bristol .			20	131,087	139,040	158,498	33,044	
Dukes .			6	4,071	4,300	4,135	1,276	
Essex			35	223,342	244,535	263,727	62,625	
Franklin .			26	33,696	36,001	37,449	9,518	
Hampden .			22	94,304	104,142	116,764	23,752	
Hampshire			23	44,821	47,232	48,472	10,631	
Middlesex .			54	284,112	317,830	357,311	79,430	
Nantucket .			1	3,201	3,727	3,142	812	
Norfolk .			27	88,321	96,507	102,142	24,086	
Plymouth .			27	69,362	74,018	81,680	22,103	
Suffolk .			4	364,886	387,927	421,109	97,154	
Worcester.			59	210,295	226,897	244,039	53,681	
Totals .			351	1,651,912	1,783,085	1,942,141	442,616	

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

[Established by Chapter 73, of the Acts of 1886.* See Public Statutes, Chapter 11, Sections 96 and 97.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TO	wı	vs.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each
Barnstable				1,074	\$3,262,326 00	\$1 73
Bourne .				391	988,919 00	53
Brewster				242	614,926 00	33
Chatham.				573	772,539 00	44
Dennis .				799	1,436,351 00	79
Eastham .				176	239,590 00	14
Falmouth				683	4,257,570 00	2 18
Harwich .				827	1,073,902 00	62
Mashpee .				88	131,761 00	07
Orleans .				337	593,457 00	33
Provincetow	n			1,363	2,174,354 00	1 22
Sandwich				532	1,045,719 00	57
Truro .				262	282,464 00	17
Wellfleet				478	980,189 00	53
Yarmouth				505	1,690,212 00	89
Total				8,330	\$19,544,279 00	\$10 54

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams				1,820	\$3,641,473 00	\$1 99
Alford				108	267,074 00	14
Becket				289	388,701 00	22
Cheshire				351	754,179 00	41
Clarksburg .				170	186,836 00	11
Dalton				459	1,748,421 00	91
Egremont .				240	441,855 00	24
Florida				142	170,891 00	10
Great Barrington				1,204	3,050,954 00	1 64
Hancock				168	439,101 00	23
Hinsdale.	:	·		405	759,864 00	42
22111041110	•	•	-		,	

^{*} This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1889, when a new apportionment will be made.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

TOW	NS.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Lanesborough			296	\$558,522 00	\$ 0 31
Lee			1,004	2,096,156 00	1 14
Lenox			537	1,662,691 00	88
Monterey .			156	238,109 00	13
Mount Washingt	ton		40	104,504 00	0.6
New Ashford			47	80,651 00	0 ‡
New Marlborous	zh		392	640,585 00	36
North Adams			3,007	5,260,266 60	2 91
Otis			159	210,093 00	12
Peru			196	119,065 00	07
Pittsfield .			3,760	3,264,977 00	4 93
Richmond .			207	500,379 00	27
Sandisfield .			265	886,299 00	2.2
Savoy			180	183,363 00	11
Sheffield			530	948,009 00	52
Stockbridge .			535	2,561,779 00	1 47
Tyringham .			130	236,371 00	13
Washington .			131	200,494 00	11
West Stockbrids	ge.		417	740,235 00	41
Williamstown			771	1,764,811 00	95
Windsor			165	210,153 00	12
***************************************	•		100	210,100 00	1
Total .			18,221	\$40,116,861 00	\$21 72
		BRI		\$40,116,861 00	
Total .		BRI	18,221 STOL CO	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY.	\$21 72
Total .		BRIS	18,221 STOL CO	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00	\$21 72 \$0 38
Total . Acushnet . Attleborough .	:	BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00	\$21 72 \$0 38 3 40
Acushnet . Attleborough . Berkley .	· ·	BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,630 00 465,532 00	\$21 72 \$0 38 3 40 25
Acushnet . Attleborough . Berkley . Dartmouth .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797	\$40,110,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,630 00 475,532 00 2,603,455 00	\$21 72 \$0 38 3 40 25 1 22
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton	:	BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,503,455 00 822,100 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton	:	BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,582 00 2,503,455 00 822,106 00 4,221,780 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fairbaven	·	BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 455,532 00 2,503,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,780 00 1,658,566 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Pairbaven Fall River	:		18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,066	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,759 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00	\$0.38 3.40 25 1.22 45 2.20 90 23.53
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Pairbaven Fall River Freetown		BRIS	18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,066 390	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 465,532 00 2,568,455 00 822,106 00 4,221,750 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 53
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fairbaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield			18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,066 390 735	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,303,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,750 00 4,231,750 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 23 53 53 66
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fairhaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield Xew Bedford.			18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,066 390 735 8,349	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 465,532 00 2,568,455 00 822,106 00 4,221,750 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 53
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fall River Fall River Freetown Mansfield New Bedford North Attleboro			18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,009 753 14,006 390 735 8,349	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 455,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,106 00 4,221,780 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 91,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 53 66 18 01
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fairhaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield North Attleboro Norton			18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,066 390 735 8,349 431	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,553,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,759 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00 \$19,967 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 53 66 18 01
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fall River Freetown Mansfield North Attleborot Norton Raynham			18,221 STOL CO 254 2,937 265 797 459 1,039 753 14,066 390 735 8,349 431 393	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 45,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,750 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00 \$19,967 00 1,042,795 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 66 18 01 45 56
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fairbaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield New Bedford North Attleborou Norton Raynham Rel-oboth			18,221 254 2,937 265 797 459 1,039 753 14,066 390 793 8,349 - 431 303 447	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,663,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,750 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00 1,042,795 00 733,031 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 23 53 66 18 01 45 56 41
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fairhaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield North Attleborot Norton Raynham Reboboth Seekonk			18,221 254 2,937 265 797 459 1,039 753 14,066 5,249 133 477 303 477	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,750 00 1,655,566 00 44,343,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00 1,042,795 00 733,031 00 715,675 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 23 53 66 18 01 45 56 41 29
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fall River Freetown Mansfield New Bedford North Attleborot Norton Raynham Reboboth Seekonk Somerset			18,221 STOL CO 2,937 2,937 265 797 797 450 1,096 290 735 8,349 431 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 3	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,106 00 4,221,780 00 1,658,566 00 41,543,671 00 901,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00 \$19,967 00 1,042,795 00 1,270,647 00 1,270,647	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 66 18 01 45 46 41 39 70
Acushnet Attleborough . Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton . Fairhaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield North Attleboro Norton . Raynham Reboboth Seekonk . Somerset Swanzey			18,221 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,005 8,349 290 735 8,349 431 303 447 303 457 303 457 459 303 459 459 303 459 303 459 459 303 459 304 459 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 455,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,103 00 4,221,759 00 1,638,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,533,227 00 \$19,967 00 1,042,795 00 713,673 00 1,270,647 00 787,722 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 66 18 01 45 56 41 39 70 43
Acushnet Attleborough Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton Fall River Freetown Mansfield North Attleborot Norton Raynham Reboboth Seekonk Somerset Swanzey Taunton			18,221 254 2,937 265 797 797 450 1,039 735 8,249 431 303 477 303 601 302 5,993	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 425,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,105 00 4,221,759 00 1,658,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,583,227 00 1,042,795 00 1,042,795 00 1,270,647 00 757,647 00 757,647 00 757,647 00 715,675 00 17,542,206 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 66 18 01 45 56 41 29 70 43 9 31
Acushnet Attleborough . Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton . Fairhaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield North Attleboro Norton . Raynham Reboboth Seekonk . Somerset Swanzey			18,221 254 2,937 265 797 450 1,039 753 14,005 8,349 290 735 8,349 431 303 447 303 457 303 457 459 459 1039 10	\$40,116,861 00 UNTY. \$705,717 00 6,246,639 00 455,532 00 2,563,455 00 822,103 00 4,221,759 00 1,638,566 00 44,543,671 00 991,221 00 1,172,618 00 34,533,227 00 \$19,967 00 1,042,795 00 713,673 00 1,270,647 00 787,722 00	\$0 38 3 40 25 1 22 45 2 20 90 23 53 66 18 01 45 56 41 39 70 43

^{*} North Attleborough incorporated, June 14, 1887.

DUKES COUNTY.

то	WN	īs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.	
Chilmark					156	\$240,204 00	\$0 13	
Cottage City				.	196	1,344,247 00	69	
Edgartown				.	360	809,518 00	44	
Gay Head				.	47	18,810 00	01	
Gosnold .				.	30	183,660 00	09	
Tisbury .				-	412	770,658 00	42	
Total			٠		1,201	\$3,367,097 00	\$1 78	
				ESS	EX COU	NTY.		
Amesbury					1,136	\$1,864,101 00	\$1 04	
Andover .	•	•	•	:	1,170	5.375,010 00	2 79	
Beverly .	:	:		:	2,533	11,742,613 00	6 08	
Boxford .					230	659,779 00	35	
Bradford	:				841	1,581,150 00	87	
Danvers .				. !	1,670	3,773,632 00	2 04	
Essex .					459	923,094 00	50	
Georgetown					640	1,050,396 00	59	
Gloucester					5,196	12,807,736 00	6 88	
Groveland					551	899,251 00	50	
Hamilton					223	667,461 00	35	
Haverhill					6,238	14,935,319 00	8 04	
Ipswich .					946	2,195,930 00	1 19	
Lawrence					9,981	27,521,575 00	14 66	
Lynn .					13,278	28,963,537 00	15 71	
Lynnfield					211	560,126 00	30	
Manchester					479	5,219,197 00	2 64	
Marblehead					2,255	4,545,825 00	2 48	
Merrimac					711	1,204,136 00	67	
Methuen .					1,214	2,945,364 00	1 58	
Middleton					248	543,207 00	29	
Nahant .					171	6,256,765 00	3 12	
Newbury					405	1,114,044 00	59	
Newburypor	t.				3,419	8,523,113 00	4 57	
North Andov	er				946	2,749,222 00	1 46	
Peabody .					2,587	7,191,322 00	3 83	
Rockport					1,013	2,119,293 00	1 15	
Rowley .					357	568,216 00	32	
Salem .					7,365	27,132,731 00	14 21	
Salisbury					1,248	2,487,068 00	1 36	
Saugus .					723	1,589,906 00	86	
Swampscott					644	3,828,128 00	1 97	
Topsfield					301	747,569 00	40	
Wenham	٠				262	526,263 00	29	
West Newbu	ıry		٠		548	1,096,854 00	60	
Total					70,199	\$195,908,933 00	\$104 28	
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FRANKLIN COUNTY.

			r.	LELLY.	KLIN C	OUNII.		
то	wı	xs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.	
Ashfield .					303	\$464,742 00	\$0 26	
Bernardston					247	477,181 00	26	
Buckland			•		486	513,085 00	30	
Charlemont			•		285	336,680 00	20	
Colrain .	•			•	395	586,625 00	33	
Conway.	•		•	•	387	752,112 00	41	
Deerfield		•	•	•	802	1,272,248 00	71	
Erving .	•			•	281	325,910 00	19	
Gill .	٠	•	•	•	241	449,011 00	25	
Greenfield	•	•		•	1,288	3,761,621 00	2 00	
Hawley .	•			•	168	149,435 00	09	
Heath .	٠			•	153	165,803 00	10	
Leverett .	•	•	•	•	237 108	290,004 00 207,835 00	17	
Leyden .	•	•		•	52	42,826 00	03	
Monroe . Montague	•	•			1,400	2,985,808 00	1 62	
New Salem	•	•	•	•	232	304,376 00	1 02	
Northfield	•	•	•		435	708,229 00	40	
Orange .	•	:	•	•	1,148	2,115,766 00	1 17	
Rowe .	•	•	•	•	180	193,117 00	11	
Shelburne	•	•	•	•	444	871,421 00	48	
Shutesbury	:		•	:	125	148,377 00	09	
Sunderland	•	•	:	:	208	434,243 00	24	
Warwick	•	•		:	186	293,076 00	16	
Wendell .	•	:	•	:	149	190,843 00	lii	
Whately .					275	481,142 00	27	
Total					10,219	\$18,521,516 00	\$10 23	
			11.	AM:	PDEN C	OUNTY.	1	
1 00 000					609	61 911 115 00	20.71	
Agawam . Blandford	•	•	•	•	245	\$1,311,445 00 357,791 00	\$0.71	
Brimfield	•	•	•	•	314	514,774 00	29	
Chester .	•	•	•	•	400	507,968 00	29	
Chicopee.	•	:	•		2,279	6,004,503 00	3 21	
Granville	•	•	•	٠	325	353,359 60	21	
Hampden	•	•	•	•	239	408,389 00	23	
Holland .	•	•	:	:	54	113,863 00	06	
Holyoke .	•	:	:	:	6,451	16,921,471 00	9 05	
Longmeadow			Ċ	÷	512	1,175,530 00	64	
Ludlow .		:	:	:	348	780,070 00	42	
Monson .		:	:		834	1,643,669 00	90	
Montgomery				:	84	132,419 00	07	
Palmer .					1,350	2,621,839 00	1 44	
Russell .					202	468,086 00	25	
Southwick					273	597,736 00	32	
							I	

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Concluded.

TOWN	ss.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.	
Springfield .				10,208	\$40,500,082 00	\$21 13	
Tolland				107	171,027 00	10	
Wales			.	235	285,165 00	17	
Westfield .			.	2,310	6,768,877 00	3 59	
West Springfield			.	1,151	3, 355,307 00	1 78	
Wilbraham*.	• ·	٠		388	728,570 00	40	
Total .	•	٠		28,918	\$85,721,940 00	\$45 46	
		HA	MP	SHIRE C	OUNTY.		
Amherst				1,008	\$2,868,739 00	\$1 53	
Belchertown .				556	923,753 00	51	
Chesterfield .				207	298,477 00	17	
Cummington .				208	315,043 00	18	
Easthampton .				859	2,527,495 00	1 34	
Enfield				290	734,794 00	39	
Goshen				88	134,383 00	08	
Granby			. [206	484,192 00	. 26	
Greenwich .				155	354,286 00	19	
Hadley				481	1,197,678 00	64	
Hatfield				371	1,019,443 00	54	
Huntington .				326	483,214 00	27	
Middlefield · .				126	330,479 00	18	
Northampton .				2,945	9,085,134 00	4 81	
Pelham				144	164,668 00	10	
Plainfield .				136	148,796 00	09	
Prescott				133	178,097 00	10	
Southampton .				268	499,883 00	28	
South Hadley .				928	1,789,051 00	98	
Ware			.	1,372	3,217,297 00	1 73	
Westhampton				129	280,963 00	15	
Williamsburg				518	950,078 00	52	
Worthington .		•		221	327,223 00	18	
Total .		•		11,675	\$28,313,166 00	\$15 22	
		MI	DDI	LESEX C	OUNTY.		
Acton			.	542	\$1,372,254 00	\$0 74	
Arlington .				1,256	5,136,780 00	2 68	
Ashby				270	481,079 00	27	
Ashland	:	:	:	706	1,370,165 00	75	
Aver	:	:	:	618	1,209,608 00	66	
	-	-	- 1				
Bedford				255	851,155 00	45	

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

то	W2	vs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1.000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Billerica .					522	\$1,835,481 00	\$0.96
Boxborough					108	260,091 00	14
Burlington					179	486,844 00	26
Cambridge					16,033	59,523,263 00	31 16
Carlisle .					162	397,260 00	21
Chelmsford					659	1,721,680 00	92
Concord .					905	3,595,461 00	1 88
Dracut .	٠.				428		65
Dunstable					134		18
Everett .					1,578	5,406,319 00	2 84
Framingham					2,164	6,617,694 00	3 50
Groton .					542	3,138,426 00	1 61
Holliston					830	1,757,973 00	96
Hopkinton					1,106	2,200,238 00	1 20
Hudson .					1,157	2,102,450 00	1 16
Lexington					764	3,015,773 00	1 57
Lincoln .					294	1,291,173 00	67
Littleton .					294	818,633 00	41
Lowell .					15,747	54,356,503 00	28 57
Malden .					4,436	14,019,929 00	7 41
Marlborough					2,904	4,435,327 00	2 49
Maynard.					686	2,013,574 00	1 07
Medford .			•	•	2,409	8,850,278 00	4 64
Melrose .				•	1,772	4,920.673 00	2 62 2 78
Natick .	٠			•	2,225	5,140,735 00	
Newton .	٠			•	4,984	32,349,754 00	16 56 27
North Readin	ıg	•		•	232	500,894 00	83
Pepperell	•	٠	٠	•	815	1,497,561 00 2,431,283 00	1 30
Reading .	•	٠	•	•	895		47
Sherborn	•	•		•	321	874,009 00	40
Shirley	•	•		•	310	734,134 00	13 39
Somerville	•	•	٠	٠	7,812	25,395,291 00 3,198,070 00	15 59
Stoneham	•	•	•	•	1,615	1,035,833 00	54
Stow .	•	•	•	•	286 346	1,109,347 00	59
Sudbury .	•	•	•	•	415	1,376,782 00	73
Tewksbury	•	•	•	•	510	1,051,323 00	57
Townsend Tyngsboroug	'n	•	•	•	175	363,736 00	20
Wakefield	п	•		•	1.667	4,027,866 00	2 17
Waltham	•	•	٠	•	3,541	11,538,861 00	6 11
Watertown	•	•	•	•	1,706	7,007,681 00	3 65
Wayland	•	•	•	•	555	1,298,326 00	70
Westford	•	•	•	•	527	1,131,069 00	61
Weston .	•	•	•	•	429	2,431,035 00	1 25
	•	•	•	•	286	570,700 00	31
Wilmington Winchester	•	٠	•	•	1,066	4,474,736 00	2 33
Winchester Woburn .	•	•	•	•	3,358	8,186,121 00	4 40
	•	•	•	•			
Total	•	•	•	•	94,280	\$ 315,911,919 00	\$ 166 33

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

				711	OCKEI	COUNTI.					
TO	w	vs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.				
Nantucket					916	\$2,941,598 00	\$1 55 ·				
NORFOLK COUNTY.											
Avon*.	_				_	_	_				
Bellingham					312	\$573,652 00	\$0 35				
Braintree					1,132	3,285,764 00	1 75				
Brookline					2,349	34,913,391 00	17 57				
Canton .					1,140	3,739,938 00	1 97				
Cohasset					598	3,629,406 00	1 86				
Dedham.					1,607	5,719,574 00	3 00				
Dover .			Ĭ.	.	184	777,986 00	40				
Foxborough	:	•			682	1,528,244 00	83				
Franklin		•			926	2,062,917 00	1 12				
Holbrook	•	•	٠		691	1,421,917 00	78				
Hyde Park	•	•	•		2,073	5,319,679 00	2 85				
Medfield.	•	•	•		405	1,165,412 00	62				
Medway.	•	•	•		734	1,394,308 00	77				
Millis .	•	•	•		205	448,290 00	24				
Milton .	•	•	•		865	13,905,895 00	6 99				
Needham	•	•	•	•	746	1,951,731 00	1 04				
Norfolk.	•	•	•		202	410,426 00	22				
Norwood	•	•	•		880	2,106,622 00	1 13				
Quincy .	•	•	•	.	3,573	8,926,734 00	4 79				
Randolph	•	•	•	.	1,155	2,387,575 00	1 30				
Sharon .		•	•	.	385	1,220,830 00	64				
Stoughton		•	•	.	1,542	2,348,443 00	1 32				
Walpole.	•		•		685	1,627,458 00	88				
	•	•	•	.	662		2 48				
Wellesley	•	•	•	.	3,033	4,851,640 00 6,084,087 00	3 32				
Weymouth Wrentham	•	•	•	.	707		3 52 76				
wrentham	•	•	•	.	101	1,385,255 00	10				
Total	•	٠	٠		27,473	\$113,187,174 00	\$58 95				
			P	LYM	OUTH (COUNTY.					
					1 105	41.007.000.00					
Abington		٠		.	1,131	\$1,985,366 00	\$1 10				
Bridgewater			•		1,004	2,450,452 00	1 32				
Brockton	٠		٠		5,965	13,024,927 00	7 06				
Carver .	•	•			228	670,729 00	36				
Duxbury	•	•			536	1,410,710 00	75				
East Bridgev	vate	r.		.	793	1,596,545 00	87				
Halifax .	٠	•			154	249,870 00	14				
Hanover.		•			526	1,268,542 00	68				
Hanson .					360	614,008 00	34				
				1							

^{*} Avon incorporated from a part of Stoughton, Feb. 21, 1888.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

			MO.	0 1 11		1 Conconaca.	
TO	wi	īs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Hingham Hull Kingston Lakeville Marion Marshfield Mattapoisett Middleborou Pembroke Plymputon Rockland Scituate South Abing South Scituat Wareham West Bridge	ton *	:			1,169 176 472 225 491 321 1,527 401 1,933 236 1,362 621 1,152 442 647	\$3,748,228 00 2,164,217 00 2,068,535 00 509,730 00 987,407 00 1,140,532 00 1,559,023 00 3,010,206 00 613,528 00 5,135,288 00 293,162 00 485,722 00 2,423,673 00 1,501,144 00 2,773,673 00 1,162,425 00 1,600,204 00 1,010,457 00	\$1 98 1 09 1 07 28 51 62 81 1 65 26 2 74 1 10 26 1 34 81 1 49 61 86 55
Total '					22,825	\$55,468,316 00	\$29 81
Bostou . Chelsea . Revere . Winthrop	:		· s	UFF	112,104 6,884 1,017 400	\$723,707,145 00 18,761,079 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00	\$370 58 10 00 1 80 1 15
Total					120,405	\$748,126,126 00	\$383 50
			WC)RC	ESTER (COUNTY.	
Ashburnhan Athol Auburn Barre Berlin Blackstone Bolton Boylston Brookfield Charlton Clinton Dana					503 1,305 295 578 254 1,377 255 187 890 555 1,957	\$989,439 00 2,613,312 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 492,106 00 2,343,062 00 517,267 00 499,854 00 1,257,611 00 982,445 00 5,329,252 00 293,473 00	\$0 54 1 43 25 78 27 1 30 28 27 73 54 2 84 17

^{*} Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886. † Name changed to Norwell, March 5, 1888.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

TOWN	3.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.	
Douglas				597	\$1,034,050 00	\$0 57	
Dudley			.	570	960,290 00	53	
Fitchburg .			.	4,561	13,011,878 00	6 92	
Gardner				2,248	3,407,018 00	1 92	
Grafton			. [1,208	2,354,744 00	1 29	
Hardwick .			.	835	1,333,258 00	75	
Harvard			- 1	341	1,071,965 00	57	
Holden			.	637	1,006,357 00	56	
Hubbardston .			-	409	735,259 00	41	
Lancaster .				475	2,875,760 00	1 48	
Leicester .				761	2,016,872 00	1 08	
Leominster .			-	1,627	4,050,835 00	2 17	
Lunenburg .			- 1	304	699,525 00	38	
Mendon				256	604,033 00	33	
Milford*	•	٠		2,500	5,711,261 00	3 09	
Millbury	•	•		1,117	2,184,045 00	1 20	
New Braintree		•		162	435,472 00	23	
Northborough	•	•		498	1,193,603 00	64	
Northbridge .	•	•	-	1,030	2,969,979 00	1 58 1 07	
North Brookfield	•	•		1,177	1,919,273 00	19	
Oakham	•	٠	•	213 683	343,443 00	76	
Oxford	•	•	•	157	1,394.456 00 278,636 00	15	
Paxton Petersham .		•	-	287	589,769 00	32	
	•	•		163	274,632 00	15	
Phillipston . Princeton .		•	٠	314	875,809 00	47	
Royalston .	•	•	•	340	809,311 00	44	
Rutland	•	:		256	464,099 00	26	
Shrewsbury .	•	•	•	429	1,042,445 00	56	
Southborough	•	•		565	1,560,838 00	83	
Southbridge .	:	:		1,511	3,331,140 00	1 81	
Spencer	:	:	·	1,957	4,216,985 00	2 29	
Sterling	·			370	942,752 00	51	
Sturbridge .				499	984,082 00	54	
Sutton				709	1,289,235 00	71	
Templeton .				778	1,207,125 00	68	
Upton				520	880,247 00	49	
Uxbridge .				776	2,060,577 00	1 10	
Warren				1,096	2,373,757 00	1 29	
Webster				1,528	2,602,576 00	1 45	
Westborough.				1,202	2,667,027 00	1 44	
West Boylston				621	1,173,443 00	. 61	
West Brookfield				485	844,956 00	47	
Westminster .				447	805,577 00	44	
Winchendon .				1,147	2,057,308 00	1 14	
Worcester .	•	٠	٠	18,707	58,043,906 00	30 69	
Total .				65,438	\$159,997,408 00	\$86 02	

^{*} Hopedale was incorporated from a part of Milford, April 7, 1886.

CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

Congressional, Councillor, Senatorial, and Representative District of each.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	,	Con- gres- sional.	Coun-	Senatorial.	Representative.
Abington Acton Acton Acushnet Adams Agawam Alford Amesbury Amherst Andover Arlington Ashburnham Asbby Ashheld Ashland Athol Attleborough Auburn Avon Avon		2 8 1 12 12 12 7 11 8 5 11 8 11 9 11 2	1 8 8 8 5 7 6 8 6 8 6 7 2 7 2 2 3	lst Plymouth ath Middlesex ad Bristol Berkshire 2d Hampden Berks, & Hamps 4th Essex Wor, & Hamps 6th Essex Ist Middlesex Franklin 4th Middlesex Wor, & Hamps 1st Bristol an Worcester 2d Norfolk	1st Essex. 4th Hampshire. 6th Essex. 15th Middlesex. 2d Worcester. 12d Middlesex. 5th Franklin. 17th Middlesex. 1st Worcester. 1st Bristol. sth Worcester. 7th Norfolk.
Barnstable Barre Becket Becket Bedford Belchertown Bellingham Belmont Berkley Berlin Bernardston Beverly Billerica Blackstone Blandford Bolton		1 10 12 8 11 9 5 2 9 11 7 8 9	1 1 8 6 1 2 2 3 1 7 8 5 6 7 8 7	Cape . Wor. & Hamps. Berks. & Hamps. Berks. & Hamps. 5th Middlesex Wor. & Hamps. 2d Norfolk 2d Middlesex 2d Bristol . 2d Worcester Franklin 2d Essex 5th Middlesex 2d Worcester Berks. & Hamps. 2d Worcester	32d Middlesex. 1st Barnstable. 3d Worcester. 5th Berkshire. 19th Middlesex. 3th Hampshire. 8th Norfolk. 16th Middlesex. 2d Bristol. 12th Worcester. 1st Franklin. 12th Essex. 20th Middlesex. 11th Worcester. 1st Hampden. 13th Worcester.

Cities and Towns.			Senatorial.	Representative.
Boston .	3d Dis., Wds II, 15 (Prec is 3, 4), I7 18,19,29,21,22,29,24 4d Dis., W ds I2, 45,7,8 (Prez 3, 4), 12, 13, 11,15 (Prez 12), 16 2d Dis., W ds 8 (Prec I 1), 9, 10, 25, 6th Dis., W ds 3, 4,5	2d District, Wards 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 3d District, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 240, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 1	1st Suffolk, W'd 1 2d Suffolk, W'ds 3, 4, 5 3d Suffolk, W'ds 6, 7, 8 4th Suffolk, W'ds 2, 12, 16 5th Suffolk, W'ds 9, 10, 11 6th Suffolk, W'ds 13, 14, 15 7th Suffolk, W'ds 17, 18, 20 8th Suffolk, W'ds 19, 22, 25 9th Suffolk, W'ds 21, 23, 24	1st to 25th Suffolk.
Bourne Boxborough Boxborough Boxford Boylston Bradford Braintree Brewster Bridgewater Brimfield	1 8 7 10 7 7 2 1 1 2 10	1 6 5 7 6 2 1 1 8	Cape	1st Barnstable. 30th Middlesex. 7th Essex. 13th Worcester. 3d Essex. 6th Norfolk. 2d Barnstable. 9th Plymouth. 10th Hampden. Wards 4, 5, 6,
Brockton.	. 2	1	2d Plymouth	10th Plymouth. Wards 2, 3, 11th Plymouth. Wards 1, 7, 12th Plymouth.
Brookfield Brookline Buckland Burlington	. 10 9 . 11 . 5	1, 2, 8, 6, 7, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2d Worcester . 2d Norfolk . Franklin . 5th Middlesex .	5th Worcester. 2d Norfolk. 5th Franklin. 19th Middlesex. Wards 1, 5, 1st Middlesex.
Cambridge	. 5	3d Dist., W'c 2, 4, 5 4th Dist., W	3d Middlesex, W'ds 1, 2, 4, 5 } 3d Suffolk, Ward 3	Ward 2, 2d Middlesex. Ward 3, 3d Middlesex. Ward 4, 4th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Canton	2 8	2 6	lst Norfolk . 5th Middlesex .	4th Norfolk. 30th Middlesex.
Carlisle	2	1	2d Plymouth .	7th Plymouth.
Charlemont .	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Charlton	10	7	3d Worcester .	7th Worcester.
Chatham	ĭ	i	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Chelmsford .	8	6	5th Middlesex .	20th Middlesex.
	-	1	(Wards 1, 2, 3,
01.1		i .	1-4 C-45-11-	26th Suffolk.
Chelsea	6	3	1st Suffolk {	Ward 4,
	l		l l	27th Suffolk.
Cheshire	12	8	Berkshire	2d Berkshire.
Chester	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
Chesterfield .	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
Chicopee	12	8	2d Hampden .	5th Hampden.
Chilmark .	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Clarksburg .	12	8	Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Clinton	9	7	2d Worcester .	13th Worcester.
Cohasset	2	1	1st Plymouth .	4th Plymouth.
Colrain	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Concord	8	3 8	2d Middlesex .	19th Middlesex.
Conway	11		Franklin	4th Franklin.
Cottage City .	11	1 8	Cape	1st Dukes.
Cummington .	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
Dalton	12	8	Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
Dana	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	3d Worcester.
Danvers	7	5	5th Essex	22d Essex.
Dartmouth .] 1	1	3d Bristol	7th Bristol.
Dedham	9	8	2d Norfolk .	1st Norfolk.
Deerfield	11	8	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Dennis	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Dighton	1	1 7	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Douglas	10	7	3d Worcester .	9th Worcester.
Dover Dracut	9 8	6	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
T 11	10	7	5th Middlesex .	24th Middlesex.
Dugley Dunstable .	8	6	3d Worcester . 5th Middlesex .	7th Worcester. 31st Middlesex.
Duxbury	2	1 1	1st Plymouth .	2d Plymouth.
Duzbury		1	ist I lymouth .	2d I lymouth.
E.Bridgewater,	2	1	2d Plymouth .	9th Plymouth.
Eastham	1	1	Cape	3d Barnstable.
Easthampton .	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
Easton	2	2	1st Bristol .	2d Bristol.
Edgartown .	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Egremont .	12	8 7 8 5	Berks. & Hamps.	
Enfield	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	
Erving	11	8	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Essex	7	5	3d Essex	10th Essex.
Everett	1 6	1 6	6th Middlesex .	10th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Fairhaven .	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6,
Fall River .	1	1	2d Bristol .	8th Bristol. Wards 5, 7, 8, 9,
Falmouth .	1	1	Cape	9th Bristol. 1st Barnstable.
Fitchburg .	111	7	4th Worcester .	15th Worcester.
Florida	12	l 8	Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Foxborough .	9	6	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Framingham .	9	6	4th Middlesex .	28th. Middlesex.
Franklin	9	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Freetown .	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol.
Gardner	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	2d Worcester.
Gay Head .	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Georgetown .	7	5	5th Essex	7th Essex.
Gill	11	8	Franklin	3d Franklin. Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6,
Gloucester .	7	5	3d Essex . {	7, 8, 10th Essex. Ward 2, 11th Essex.
Goshen	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
Gosnold	l ī	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Grafton	10	7	2d Worcester .	12th Worcester.
Granby	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	4th Hampshire.
Granville	12	8	2d Hampden .	1st Hampden.
Gt. Barrington,	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
Greenfield .	11	8	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Greenwich .	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Hampshire.
Groton	8	6	5th Middlesex .	31st Middlesex.
Groveland .	7	5	5th Essex	7th Essex.
Hadley	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	3d Hampshire.
Halifax	2	1	2d Plymouth .	8th Plymouth.
Hamilton	7	5	3d Essex	9th Essex.
Hampden .	12	8	2d Hampden .	9th Hampden.
Hancock	12	8	Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Hanover	2	1	1st Plymouth .	5th Plymouth.
Hanson	10	7	1st Plymouth .	3d Plymouth.
Hardwick .	8	1 7	Wor. & Hamps. 2d Worcester	13th Worcester.
Harvard Harwich	8	i	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Hatfield	111	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
			1	Wards 1, 2, 4, 6,
Haverhill .	7	5	4th Essex .	2d Essex. Wards 3, 5,
	1			3d Essex.
Hawley	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Heath	l ii	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
	1			

Districts.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Hingham	Sional.	182786 8 7676182 5 1 178 6 8787838368	1st Plymouth Berkshire 1st Norfolk 4th Worcester 1st Hampden 4th Middlesex 2d Hampden 2d Worcester 4th Middlesex 1st Plymouth 1st Norfolk 2d Essex 1st Plymouth 2d Plymouth 4th Worcester Berkshire 2d Middlesex 3d Worcester Berkshire 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 2d Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 2d Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 2d Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 1st Plymouth	3d Norfolk. 9th Essex. 2d Plymouth. Sth Plymouth. 13th Worcester. 3d Berkshire. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4th Essex. Wards 4, 5, 6, 5th Essex.
Lowell	8	6	7th Middlesex {	Ward 2, 22d Middlesex. Ward 3, 23d Middlesex. Wards 4, 5, 24th Middlesex. Wards 6, 25th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Ludlow Lunenburg .	12 8	8 7	2d Hampden . 4th Worcester .	10th Hampden. 14th Worcester. Wards 2, 3,
Lynn	6	5 {	Ist Essex, Wards 2, 3, 4, 5 5th Essex, Wards 1, 6, 7	17th Essex. Ward 4, 18th Essex. Wards 1, 5, 19th Essex. Wards 6, 7, 20th Essex.
Lynnfield .	7	5	5th Essex	19th Essex.
Malden	6	6	6th Middlesex .	9th Middlesex.
Manchester .	7	5	3d Essex	10th Essex.
Mansfield .	2 7	2 5	1st Bristol .	2d Bristol.
Marblehead .		5	2d Essex	16th Essex.
Marion	1	1	2d Plymouth .	7th Plymouth.
Marlborough .	9	6	4th Middlesex .	29th Middlesex.
Marshfield .	2	1	1st Plymouth .	2d Plymouth.
Mashpee	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Mattapoisett .	1	1	2d Plymouth .	7th Plymouth.
Maynard	9	6	4th Middlesex .	30th Middlesex.
Medfield	9	2	2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.
Medford	6	3	1st Middlesex .	8th Middlesex.
Medway	9	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Melrose	6	6	6th Middlesex .	11th Middlesex.
Mendon	9	7	2d Worcester .	11th Worcester.
Merrimac .	7	5	4th Essex	1st Essex.
Methuen	8	6	6th Essex	3d Essex.
Middleborough,	1	1	2d Plymouth .	8th Plymouth.
Middlefield .	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
Middleton .	7	5	5th Essex	22d Essex.
Milford	9	7 7	2d Worcester .	11th Worcester.
Millbury	10	7	3d Worcester .	9th Worcester.
Millis	9	2 2	2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.
Milton	3	2	lst Norfolk .	4th Norfolk.
Monroe	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Monson	12	8 8	1st Hampden .	9th Hampden.
Montague .	11 12	8	Franklin	3d Franklin. 7th Berkshire.
Monterey .	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	
Montgomery . Mt. Washington	12	8	2d Hampden . Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampden.
me. Washington	12	•	beigs, & Hamps.	tti berkshire.
Nahant	6	- 5	1st Essex	18th Essex.
Nantucket .	ĭ	i	Cape	Nantucket.
Natick	9	6	4th Middlesex	26th Middlesex.
Needham .	9	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.
New Ashford .	12	8	Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
2.2.7 12011014 .		١	DOLEDHIO	TOT DOLEDILLO.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
			. (Wards 1, 2, 3,
New Bedford .	1	1	3d Bristol .	5th Bristol. Wards 4, 5, 6,
				6th Bristol.
New Braintree,	10	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Worcester.
Newbury .	7	5	3d Essex	8th Essex.
		1	3d Essex,	
Newburyport .	7	5 {	Wards 1, 2 4th Essex,	8th Essex.
		į	Wards 3,4,5,6	
New Marlboro',	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	7th Berkshire.
New Salem .	11	8	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Newton	9	3	2d Middlesex .	17th Middlesex.
Norfolk	9	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
North Adams .	12	8	Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Northampton .	11	8	Berks. & Hamps	1st Hampshire.
N. Andover	8 2	9	5th Essex	6th Essex.
N.Attleborough	9	2 7	1st Bristol	1st Bristol. 12th Worcester.
Northborough, Northbridge	10	1 +	2d Worcester .	10th Worcester.
N. Brookfield.	10	5 2 7 7 7	3d Worcester .	5th Worcester.
Northfield .	11	8	Franklin	3d Franklin.
N. Reading .	8	6	6th Middlesex	20th Middlesex.
Norton			1st Bristol	1st Bristol.
Norwell	2 2	2 1	1st Plymouth .	3d Plymouth.
Norwood	9	$\hat{2}$	2d Norfolk .	1st Norfolk.
Oakham	10	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Worcester.
Orange	11	8	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Orleans	1	1	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Otis	12	8	Berks & Hamps.	7th Berkshire.
Oxford	10	7	3d Worcester .	8th Worcester.
Palmer	12	8	1st Hampden .	10th Hampden.
Paxton	10	7	3d Worcester .	4th Worcester.
Peabody	7	5	5th Essex	21st Essex.
Pelham	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Hampshire.
Pembroke .	2	1	1st Plymouth .	3d Plymouth.
Pepperell .	8	6	5th Middlesex .	31st Middlesex.
Peru	12	8	Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Petersham .	11	1	Wor. & Hamps.	3d Worcester.
Phillipston .	11 12	8	Wor. & Hamps.	1st Worcester. 4th Berkshire.
Pittsfield Plainfield .	112	8	Berkshire Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
D1	2	1	1st Plymouth .	1st Plymouth.
Plymouth .	2	1	1st Plymouth .	2d Plymouth.
Prescott	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Hampshire.
Princeton .	10	7 7	4th Worcester .	4th Worcester.
Provincetown .	l i	i	Cape	3d Barnstable.

Cities and Towns.			Senatorial.	Representative.		
Quincy .		2	.2	1st Norfolk .	5th Norfolk.	
Randolph Raynham Reading Rehoboth Revere Richmond Rockland Rockland Rockland Rockland Rowley Royalston Russell Russell Rutland		2 6 1 6 12 7 11 7 11 12 10	2 2 2 6 1 3 8 1 1 5 8 5 8 8 7	1st Norfolk 1st Bristol. 6th Middlesex 2d Bristol 1st Suffolk Berkshire 2d Plymouth 1st Plymouth 3d Essex Franklin 3d Essex Franklin Berks. & Hamps. Wor. & Hamps.	7th Norfolk. 2d Bristol. 14th Middlesex. 10th Bristol. 27th Suffolk. 3d Berkshire. 7th Plymouth. 5th Plymouth. 11th Essex. 5th Franklin. 9th Essex. 1st Worcester. 2d Hampden. 3d Worcester.	
Salem .		7	5	2d Essex .	Wards 1, 2, 13th Essex. Wards 3, 5, 14th Essex. Wards 4, 6, 15th Essex.	
Salisbury Sandisfield Sandwich Saugus Savoy Sectuate Seekonk Sharon Sheffield Shelburne Sherborn Shirley Shrewsbury Shutesbury Somerset		7 12 1 6 12 2 1 1 2 11 9 8 10 11	5 8 1 5 8 1 2 2 2 8 8 6 6 6 7 8 1	4th Essex . Berks. & Hamps. Cape . 5th Essex . Berkshire . Ist Plymouth . Ist Bristol . 2d Norfolk . Berks. & Hamps. Franklin . 4th Middlesex . 5th Middlesex . 2d Worcester . Franklin .	1st Essex.	
Somerville Southampton Southborough Southbridge South Hadley	:	5 11 9 10 11	8 7 7	Berks. & Hamps. 2d Worcester . 3d Worcester . Wor. & Hamps.	Ward 2, 6th Middlesex. Wards 3, 4, 7th Middlesex. 1st Hampshire. 12th Worcester. 7th Worcester. 3d Hampshire.	

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Southwick . Spencer	12 10	8 7	2d Hampden	1st Hampden. 6th Worcester. Wards 1, 4, 8, 6th Hampden.
Springfield .	12	8	1st Hampden	Ward 5, 7th Hampden. Wards 2, 3, 6, 7, 8th Hampden.
Sterling	10	7	4th Worcester .	13th Worcester.
Stockbridge .	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	5th Berkshire.
Stoneham .	6	6	6th Middlesex .	12th Middlesex.
Stoughton .	2	6	2d Norfolk .	7th Norfolk.
Stow	8	6	5th Middlesex .	30th Middlesex.
Sturbridge .	10	7	3d Worcester .	5th Worcester.
Sudbury	9	6	4th Middlesex .	29th Middlesex.
Sunderland .	11	8	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Sutton	10	7 5	3d Worcester .	9th Worcester.
Swampscott .	6	5	1st Essex 2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Swanzey	1	1	2d Dristoi	TOTH BUISMI.
Taunton	2	2	1st Bristol	3d Bristol.
Templeton .	11	2 7	Wor. & Hamps.	2d Worcester.
Tewksbury .	8	6	5th Middlesex .	20th Middlesex.
Tisbury	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Tolland	12	8	2d Hampden .	1st Hampden.
Topsfield .	7	5	3d Essex	7th Essex. 32d Middlesex.
Townsend .	8	6	5th Middlesex .	3d Barnstable.
Truro Tyngsborough,	8	1 6	Cape 5th Middlesex .	24th Middlesex.
Tyringham .	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	7th Berkshire.
Tataa	10	_	OJ Wanaastan	10th Worcester.
Upton Uxbridge .	10 10	7	2d Worcester .	10th Worcester.
cabilage .	10	,	2d Wordester 1	10111 11 01 0001011
Wakefield .	6	6	6th Middlesex .	13th Middlesex.
Wales	10	8	1st Hampden .	9th Hampden.
Walpole	9	2	2d Norfolk .	7th Norfolk.
Waltham .	5	2° 3 7	2d Middlesex .	18th Middlesex.
Ware	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Hampshire.
Wareham .	1	1	2d Plymouth .	7th Plymouth.
Warren	10	1 7	3d Worcester .	5th Worcester. 2d Franklin.
Warwick .	11	8	Franklin Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Washington . Watertown .	12	8 8 3 6	2d Middlesex	16th Middlesex.
TT71 3	9	6	4th Middlesex .	28th Middlesex.
Wayland Webster	10	7	3d Worcester .	8th Worcester.
	1 10	2	2d Norfolk	9th Norfolk.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Wellfleet	1	1	Cape	3d Barnstable.
Wendell	11	8	Franklin	3d Franklin.
Wenham	7	5	5th Essex	9th Essex.
Westborough .	9	7	2d Worcester .	12th Worcester.
West Boylston,	10	7 7 1	4th Worcester .	13th Worcester.
W. Bridgew'r,	2	l i	2d Plymouth .	9th Plymouth.
W. Brookfield,	10	7	3d Worcester .	5th Worcester.
Westfield .	12	8	2d Hampden .	2d Hampden.
Westford .	8	6	5th Middlesex .	31st Middlesex.
Westhampton.	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
Westminster .	ii	7	4th Worcester .	4th Worcester.
W. Newbury .	7	7 5	3d Essex	1st Essex.
Weston	9	6	4th Middlesex .	18th Middlesex.
Westport .	ĭ	í	3d Bristol	7th Bristol.
W. Springfield,	12	8	2d Hampden .	2d Hampden.
W.Stockbridge,	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	6th Berkshire.
Weymouth .	2	2	1st Norfolk	5th Norfolk.
Whately	11	8	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Whitman .	2	1	1st Plymouth .	6th Plymouth.
Vilbraham .	12	8	1st Hampden .	9th Hampden.
Williamsburg.	11	8		3d Hampshire.
Williamstown,	12	8	Berks. & Hamps. Berkshire	1st Berkshire.
Wilmington .	8	6	6th Middlesex	20th Middlesex.
Winchendon .	111		Franklin	2d Worcester.
Winchester .	6	9	1st Middlesex .	15th Middlesex.
TT: 3	12	0	Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
	6	8 3 8 3	1st Suffolk	27th Suffolk.
Winthrop . Woburn	5	9	5th Middlesex	14th Middlesex.
woburn	b	۰ ؍	oth Middlesex .	
			. []	Ward 1, 16th Worcester Ward 2.
		i I	1	17th Worcester
		l i	l i!	Ward 3.
				18th Worcester
		l i	1st Worcester,	
			Wards 1, 4, 5,	Ward 4,
Worcester .	10	7 /	6, 7, 8	19th Worcester
		·)	4th Worcester,	Ward 5,
			Wards 2, 3	20th Worceste
		l i		Ward 6,
	1	! [1	21st Worcester
	1			Ward 7,
	ŀ			22d Worcester.
	ĺ	1		Ward 8,
			i (23d Worcester.
Worthington .	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
Wrentham .	9	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Yarmouth .	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT.-GOVERNORS

IN MASSACHUSETTS.

[Revised and Corrected by DAVID PULSIFER, Esq.]

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 Nov. 11, John Carver.	1638 June 5, Thomas Prence.
1621 April, William Bradford.	1639 June 3, William Bradford.
1633 Jan. 1, Edward Winslow.	1644 June 5, Edward Winslow.
1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence.	1645 June 4, William Bradford.
1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford.	1657 June 3, Thomas Prence.
1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow.	1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow.
1637 Mar. 7. William Bradford.	1680 Dec. 18. Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.†	1682 William Bradford,	to 1686
1681 James Cudworth.	1689 William Bradford,	to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS. 1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.; | 1646 May 6, John Winthrop.

1630 Oct. 20, John Winthrop.;	1649 May 2, John Endicott.
1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley.	1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.
1635 May 6, Job Haynes.	1651 May 7, John Endicott.
1636 May 25, Henry Vane.	1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1637 May 17, John Winthrop.	1655 May 23, John Endicott.
1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley.	1665 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.	1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett (act'g).
1642 May 18, John Winthrop.	1673 May 7, John Leverett.

* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to

1686.

1644 May 29, John Endicott.

1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.

[†] Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor pro tem. being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

[‡] By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe,

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Thomas Dudley*	. to	1634	1651 Thomas Dudley t	o 1653
1634 Roger Ludlow .		1635	1653 Richard Bellingham .	1654
1635 Richard Bellingham		1636	1654 John Endicott	1655
1636 John Winthrop .		1637	1655 Richard Bellingham .	1665
1637 Thomas Dudley .		1640	1665 Francis Willoughby .	1671
1640 Richard Bellingham		1641	1671 John Leverett	1673
1641 John Endicott .		1644	1673 Sam'l Symonds, to Oct.	1678
1644 John Winthrop .		1646	1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet,	1679
1646 Thomas Dudley .		1650	1679 Thomas Danforth .	1686
1650 John Endicott .		1651		

Note.—May 25, 1686, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President under a commission of King James II., and, with a council, had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till Dec. 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as Governor of New England, appointed by James II. April 20, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from May 24, 1689, to May 14, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May the same per sons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop) in 1630.

* Thomas Goffe, the first Deputy-Governor, never came to New England. John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1694 Nov. 17, William Stoughton.* 1699 May 26, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellomont. 1700 July, William Stoughton. 1701 July 7, The Council. 1702 June 11, Joseph Dudley. 1714-15 Feb., The Council. 1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley. 1715 Nov. 9, William Tailer. 1716 Oct. 4, Samuel Shute.

1722 Dec. 27, William Dummer.

1729 Sept. 7, William Dummer.

1728 July 13, William Burnet.

1692 May 14, Sir William Phipps. | 1730 June 30, William Tailer. 1730 Aug. 8, Jonathan Belcher.

1741 Aug. 17, William Shirley.

1740 Sept 11, Spencer Phips. 1753 Aug. 7, William Shirley.

1756 Sept. 25, Spencer Phips.

1757 April 4, The Council. 1757 Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal.

1760 June 3, Thomas Hutchinson.

1760 Aug. 1, Sir Francis Bernard, Bart.

1769 Aug. 1, Thomas Hutchinson.

1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson. 1774 May 13, Thomas Gage.

LIEUT .- GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton to July, 1701 | 1730 William Tailer. 1702 Thomas Povey, . . 1706 1733 Spencer Phips. 1705-6 Jan., vacancy to Oct., 1711 1758 Thomas Hutchinson.

1711 William Tailer.

1716 William Dummer.

1771 Andrew Oliver.

1774 Thomas Oliver.

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock, . . to 1785 | 1800 Caleb Strong, . . to 1807 1785 James Bowdoin, . 1787 1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10, 1808 1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8, 1793 1809 Christopher Gore, . 1810 1794 Samuel Adams, . . 1797 1810 Elbridge Gerry, . 1812 1797 Increase Sumner, June 7, 1799 1812 Caleb Strong, . 1816

^{*} Those whose names are printed in italics were Acting Governors.

[†] In November, 1715, Elizens Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

```
. to 1823 | 1858 Nathaniel P. Banks, . to 1861
1816 John Brooks.
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, .
                             1825
                                   1861 John A. Andrew,
                                                                 1866
                             1834
                                   1866 Alexander H. Bullock,
1825 Levi Lincoln,
                                                                 1869
1834 John Davis, March 1,
                             1835
                                   1869 William Claffin.
                                                                 1872
1836 Edward Everett.
                             1840
                                   1872 William B. Washburn,*
                                                                 1874
                                   1875 William Gaston.
1840 Marcus Morton, .
                             1841
                                                                 1876
                             1843
                                   1876 Alexander H. Rice.
                                                                 1879
1841 John Davis.
                             1844
1843 Marcus Morton, .
                                   1879 Thomas Talbot, .
                                                                 1880
                             1851
                                   1880 John Davis Long,
1844 George N. Briggs,
                                                                 1883
1851 George S. Boutwell, .
                             1853
                                   1883 Benjamin F. Butler, .
                                                                 1884
                             1854
                                   1884 George D. Robinson,
1853 John H. Clifford,
                                                                 1887
1854 Emory Washburn,
                             1855
                                   1887 Oliver Ames.
1855 Henry J. Gardner,
                             1858
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LIEUT .- GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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1780 Thos. Cushing, to Feb.28, †1788 |
                                   1853 Elisha Huntington, . to 1854
                                   1854 William C. Plunkett, .
1788 Benjamin Lincoln,
                              1789
                                                                  1855
1789 Samuel Adams,
                                   1855 Simon Brown. .
                              1794 l
                                                                  1856
                                   1856 Henry W. Benchley, .
1794 Moses Gill, May 20,1 .
                              1800
                                                                  1858
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10,
                              1802
                                   1858 Eliphalet Trask,
                                                                  1861
1802 Edward H. Robbins, .
                             1806
                                   1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29,1861
1807 Levi Lincoln. §
                              1809
                                   1862 John Nesmith, Sept.,
                                                                  1862
1809 David Cobb.
                             1810
                                   1863 Joel Hayden,
                                                                  1866
                             1812
                                   1866 William Claffin, .
                                                                  1869
1810 William Gray,
1812 William Phillips,
                             1823
                                   1869 Joseph Tucker, .
                                                                  1873
                             1824
                                   1873 Thomas Talbot.
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb.,
                                                                  1875
1824 Marcus Morton, July,
                              1825
                                   1875 Horatio G. Knight,
                                                                  1879
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop,
                             1833
                                   1879 John D. Long, .
                                                                  1880
1833 Samuel T. Armstrong,
                                   1880 Byron Weston, .
                             1836
                                                                  1883
                                   1883 Oliver Ames,
                                                                  1887
1836 George Hull,
                             1843
1843 Henry H. Childs,
                             1844
                                   1887 John Q. A. Brackett,
1844 John Reed. .
                             1851
1851 Henry W. Cushman, .
                              1853
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^{*} Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U.S. Senator April 17, 1874.

^{&#}x27;† The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

[†] Mr. Gill died on the 20th of May, 1800, and the Commonwealth, for the only time under the Constitution, was without a Governor and Lieut.-Governor. The Council, Hon. Thomas Dawes, President, officiated till the 30th of the month, when Caleb Strong was inaugurated Governor.

[§] General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

Acting Governor from May 1, 1874.

UNITED STATES SENATORS

FROM MASSACHUSETTS,

Frem 1789.

Caleb Strong,			1789-96	Tristram Dalton,	1789-91
Cheodore Sedgwic	k,		1796-99	George Cabot,	1791-96
Samuel Dexter,			1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue, .	1796-1800
Dwight Foster,			1800-03	Jonathan Mason,	1800-03
John Quincy Adar	ns,		1803-08	Timothy Pickering, .	1803-11
James Lloyd,			1808-13	Joseph Bradley Varnum,	1811-17
Christopher Gore,			1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis, .	1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmu	n,		1816-18	James Lloyd,	1822-26
Prentiss Mellen,			1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee,	1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills,			1820-27	John Davis,	1835-41
Daniel Webster,			1827-41	Isaac Chapman Bates, .	1841-45
Rufus Choate,			1841-45	John Davis,	1845-53
Daniel Webster,			1845-50	Edward Everett,	1853-54
Robert Charles Wi	inthr	op	, 1850-51	Julius Rockwell,	1854-55
Robert Rantoul, J	r.,		1851-51	Henry Wilson,†	1855-73
Charles Sumner,*			1851-74	George S. Boutwell, .	1873-77
William B. Washl	ourn	, .	1874-75	George Frisbie Hoar,‡ .	1877-
Henry Laurens Da	wes	, ‡	1875-		

^{*} Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy April 17, 1874.

[†] Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy.

[†] Mr. Dawes's term will expire March 4, 1893; Mr. Hoar's term, March 4, 1895.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary of the Commonwealth, since 1780.

John Avery,	1780-1806	John G. Palfrey, .	1844-48
Jonathan L. Austin,	1806-08	William B. Calhoun,	1848-51
William Tudor, .	1808-10	Amasa Walker, .	1851-53
Benjamin Homans,	1810-12	Ephraim M. Wright,	1853-56
Alden Bradford, .	1812-24	Francis DeWitt, .	1856-58
Edward D. Bangs,	1824-36	Oliver Warner, .	1858-76
John P. Bigelow, .	1836-43	Henry B. Peirce, .	1876-
John A. Bolles, .	1843-14		

TREASURERS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Treasurer and Receiver-General, since 1780.

Henry Gardner, .		1780-S3	Thomas Russell, .		1842-43
Thomas Ivers, .		1783-87	John Mills,		1843-44
Alexander Hodgdon,		1787-92	Thomas Russell, .		1844-45
Thomas Davis, .		1792-97	Joseph Barrett, .		1845-49
Peleg Coffin,		*1797-1801	Ebenezer Bradbury,		1849-51
Jonathan Jackson,		1802-06	Charles B. Hall, .		1851-53
Thompson J. Skinner	, .	1806-08	Jacob H. Loud, .		1853-55
Josiah Dwight, .		1808-10	Thomas J. Marsh, .		1855-56
Thomas Harris, .		1810-11	Moses Tenney, Jr.,		1856-61
Jonathan L. Austin,		1811-12	Henry K. Oliver, .		1861-66
John T. Apthorp, .		1812-17	Jacob H. Loud, .		1866-71
Daniel Sargent; .		1817-22	Charles Adams, Jr.,		1871-76
Nahum Mitchell, .		1822-27	Charles Endicott, .		1876-81
Joseph Sewall, .		1827-32	Daniel A. Gleason,	•	1881-86
Hezekiah Barnard,		1832-37	Alanson W. Beard,		1886-89
David Wilder, .		1837-42	George A. Marden,		1889-

^{*} Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, May 25, 1802.

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of ATTORNEY GENERAL.

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley	7,.	. 3	1692-1702	John Overing,	1739-41
Paul Dudley, .			1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley, .	1742
Thomas Newton,			1718-21	John Overing,	1743-48
John Overing, .			1728-32	James Otis,	1748
John Read, .			1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge,	1749-67
William Brattle,			1736	Jeremiah Gridley, .	1767
William Brattle,			1738	Jonathan Sewall, .	1767-69

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine,	1780-90	Stephen Henry Phillips,	1858-61
James Sullivan, .	1790-1807	Dwight Foster,	1861-64
Barnabas Bidwell, .	1897-10	Chester I. Reed, † .	1864-67
Perez Morton,	1810-32	Charles Allen,	1867-72
James T. Austin, .	1832-43	Charles R. Train, .	1872-79
John Henry Clifford,	*1849-53	George Marston, .	1879-83
Rufus Choate,	1853-54	Edgar J. Sherman, ‡	1883-57
John Henry Clifford,	1854-58	Andrew J. Waterman,	1387-

SOLICITOR-GENERALS.

List of Persons	who	hare	e held	the	Of fice	of	Solic	CITOR	≀-G	ENERAL.
Jonathan Sewall,										§ 1767
Samuel Quincy,										1771-75
Daniel Davis,										1808-32

^{*} The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

[†] Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

[†] Resigned Oct. 1, 1887. The vacancy was filled by the appointment of Andrew J. Waterman.

[§] Jonathan Sewall appointed Attorney-General Nov. 18, 1767

AUDITORS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Auditor OF Accounts.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr., .	1849-54	Julius L. Clarke,		1865-66
Joseph Mitchell, .	1854-55	Henry S. Briggs,		1866-70
Stephen N. Gifford, .	1855-56	Charles Endicott,		1870-76
Chandler R. Ransom,	1856-58	Julius L. Clarke,		1876-79
Charles White,	1858-61	Charles R. Ladd,		1879-
Levi Reed,*	1861-65	·		

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary of the State Board of Education.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann,			Joseph White,		1861-77	
Barnas Sears,	•	1848-00	John W. Dickinson,	•	1877-	
George S. Routwell.		1855-61	l			

^{*} Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

[†] Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 5, 1879.

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE, Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday. Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832 the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May, and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, resigned, !	1780-81	Harrison Gray Otis,	1805-06
Jeremiah Powell, ,	1180-81	John Bacon,	1806-07
Jeremiah Powell,	1781-82	Samuel Dana,	1807-03
Samuel Adams,	1782-83	Harrison Gray Otis,	1808-09
Samuel Adams,	1783-84	Harrison Gray Otis,	1809-10
Samuel Adams,	1784-85	Harrison Gray Otis,	1810-11
Samuel Adams, resigned,)	1785-86	Samuel Dana,	1811-12
Samuel Phillips, Jr.,	1785-86	Samuel Dana,	1812-13
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1786-87	John Phillips,	1813-14
Samuel Adams,	1787-88	John Phillips,	1814-15
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1788-89	John Phillips,	1815-16
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1789-90	John Phillips,	1816-17
Samuel Phillips,	1790-91	John Phillips,	1817-18
Samuel Phillips,	1791-92	John Phillips,	1818-19
Samuel Phillips,	1792-93	John Phillips,	1819-20
Samuel Phillips,	1793-94	John Phillips,	1820-21
Samuel Phillips,	1794-95	John Phillips,	1821-22
Samuel Phillips,	1795-96	John Phillips,	1822-23
Samuel Phillips,	1796-97	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1823-24
Samuel Phillips,	1797-98	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1824-25
Samuel Phillips,	1798-99	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1825-26
Samuel Phillips, 1	799-1800	John Mills,	1826-27
Samuel Phillips,	1800-01	John Mills,	1827-28
David Cobb,	1801-02	Sherman Leland,	1828-29
David Cobb,	1802-03	Samuel Lathrop, .	1829-30
David Cobb,	1803-04	Samuel Lathrop, .	1830-31
David Cobb,	1804-05	Leverett Saltonstall,	1831

William Thorndike, .	. 1832			1861
Benj. T. Pickman, .	. 1833			1862
Benj. T. Pickman, .	. 1834			1863
Benj. T. Pickman, deceas George Bliss,	ed, 1835	Jonathan E. Field,		1864
	.) 1000	Jonathan E. Field,		1865
Horace Mann,	. 1836			1866
Horace Mann,	. 1837			1867
Myron Lawrence,	. 1838			1868
Myron Lawrence,	. 1839	Robert C. Pitman, resig	ned,*	1 1000
Daniel P. King,	. 1840			{ 1869
Daniel P. King,	. 1841			1870
Josiah Quincy, Jr., .	. 1842			1871
Phineas W. Leland, resign	ed, { 1843			1872
Frederick Robinson, .	. 1 1040			1873
Josiah Quincy, Jr., .	. 1844			1874
Levi Lincoln,	. 1845			1875
William B. Calhoun, .	. 1846			1876
William B. Calhoun, .	. 1847			1877
Zeno Scudder,	. 1848	John B. D. Cogswell,		1878
Joseph Bell,	. 1849	John B. D. Cogswell,		1879
Marshall P. Wilder, .	. 1850			1880
Henry Wilson,	. 1851			1881
Henry Wilson,	. 1852			1882
Charles H. Warren, .	. 1853	George Glover Crocker	, .	1883
Charles Edward Cook, .	. 1854			1884
Henry W. Benchley, .	. 1855			1885
Elihu C. Baker,	. 1856			1886
Charles W. Upham, .	. 1857			1887
Charles W. Upham, .	. 1858			1888
Charles A. Phelps, .	. 1859	,		1889
Charles A. Phelps, .	. 1860			
	OT E	RKS.		
William Baker, Jr., .		Paul Willard,	19	823-29
Samuel Cooper,	1785-95	Charles Calhoun, .		330-42
Edward McLane,	1796-99	Lewis Josselyn, .		343
Edward Payne Hayman,	1800	Charles Calhoun.		344-50
George Elliot Vaughn,	1801-02	Chauncy L. Knapp,		351
Wendell Davis,	1803-05	Francis H. Underwood,		352
John D. Dunbar,	1806-07			353-54
Nathaniel Coffin,	1808 - 10	Peter L. Cox,		355-57
Marcus Morton,	1811-12	Stephen N. Gifford,		358-86
Samuel F. McCleary, .	1813-21	E. Herbert Clapp		86-88
Samuel F. Lyman	1822	Henry D. Coolidge, .		189-
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^{*} Appointed Justice of Superior Court.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SPEAKERS.

		SILA	KENS.		
Caleb Davis,		1780-81	Timothy Bigelow,	18	18-19
Caleb Davis, resigned,		1781-82	Timothy Bigelow,	18	19– 20
Nathaniel Gorham,		1782	Elijah H. Mills, resigned,	18	20-21
Nathaniel Gorham,		1782-83	Josiah Quincy,	18	21
Tristram Dalton, .		1783-84		18	21-22
Tristram Dalton, .		1784-85	Luther Lawrence,	18	22
Nathaniel Gorham,		1785-86	Levi Lincoln,	18	22-23
Artemas Ward, .		1786-87	William C. Jarvis, .	18	23-24
James Warren, .		1787-88	William C. Jarvis,	18	24 - 25
Theodore Sedgwick,		1788-89	Timothy Fuller,	18	25-26
David Cobb,		1789-90	William C. Jarvis, .	18	26-27
David Cobb,		1790-91	William C. Jarvis, .	182	27-28
David Cobb,		1791-92	William B. Calhoun, .	18	28-29
David Cobb,		1792-93	William B. Calhoun, .	18:	29-30
Edward H. Robbins,		1793-94	William B. Calhoun, .		1830
Edward H. Robbins,		1794-95	William B. Calhoun, .		1831
Edward H. Robbins,		1795-96	William B. Calhoun, .		1832
Edward H. Robbins,		1796-97	William B. Calhoun, .		1833
Edward H. Robbins,		1797-98	William B. Calhoun, .		1834
Edward H. Robbins,		1798-99	Julius Rockwell,		1835
Edward H. Robbins,	. 1	799-1800	Julius Rockwell,		1836
Edward H. Robbins,		1800-01	Julius Rockwell,		1837
Edward H. Robbins,		1801-02	Robert C. Winthrop, .		1838
John Coffin Jones,		1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop, .		1839
Harrison Gray Otis,		1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop, .		1840
Harrison Gray Otis,		1804-05	George Ashmun,		1841
Timothy Bigelow, .		1805-06	Thomas Kinnicut,		1842
Perez Morton, .		1806-07	Daniel P. King,		1843
Perez Morton, .		1807-08	Thomas Kinnicut, resigned	1,	1844
Timothy Bigelow, .		1808-09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,		1844
Timothy Bigelow, .		1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,		1845
Perez Morton, resigned	,	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,		1846
Joseph Story, .		1811	Ebenezer Bradbury, .		1847
Joseph Story, resigned	,	1811-12	Francis B. Crowninshield,		1848
Eleazer W. Ripley,		1812	Francis B. Crowninshield,		1849
Timothy Bigelow, .		1812-13	Ensign H. Kellogg, .		1850
Timothy Bigelow,.		1813-14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	•	1851
		1814-15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	•	1852
		1815-16			1853
		1816-17		•	1854
Timothy Bigelow,.	•	1817-18	Daniel C. Eddy,	•	185

Charles A. Pheips, . . 1856 | John E. Sanford, . . . 1873

		o o man man o man o man	•	
Charles A. Phelps, .	. 1857	John E. Sanford, .		. 1874
Julius Rockwell,	. 1858	John E. Sanford, .		. 1875
Charles Hale,	. 1859	John D. Long, .	•	. 1876
John A. Goodwin, .	. 1860	John D. Long, .		. 1877
John A. Goodwin, .	. 1861	John D. Long, .		. 1878
Alexander H. Bullock, .	. 1862	Levi C. Wade, .		. 1879
Alexander H. Bullock, .	. 1863	Charles J. Noyes, .		. 1880
Alexander H. Bullock, .	. 1864	Charles J. Noyes, .		. 1881
Alexander H. Bullock, .	. 1865	Charles J. Noyes, .		. 1882
James M. Stone,	. 1866	George A. Marden,		. 1883
James M. Stone,	. 1867	George A. Marden,		. 1884
Harvey Jewell,	. 1868	John Q. A. Brackett,		. 1885
Harvey Jewell,	. 1869	John Q. A. Brackett,		. 1886
Harvey Jewell,	. 1870	Charles J. Noyes, .		. 1887
Harvey Jewell,	. 1871	Charles J. Noyes, .		. 1888
John E. Sanford,	. 1872	William E. Barrett,		. 1889
	CLE	RKS.		
Andrew Henshaw, .	1780-81	Lewis Josselyn, .		1851-52
George Richards Minot,	1782-91	William Schouler, .		1853
Henry Warren,	1792-1802	William Stowe, .		1854
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1803-05	Henry A. Marsh, .		1855
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1806-07	W. E. P. Haskell, .		1856
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1808-09	William Stowe, .		1857-61
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1810-11	William S. Robinson,		1862-72
Benjamin Pollard,	1812-21	Charles H. Taylor,		1873-
Pelham W. Warren, .	1822-31	George A. Marden,		1874-82
Luther S. Cushing, .	1832-43	Edward A. McLaughlin	,	1883-

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

Charles W. Storey, . 1844-50

Benjamin Stevens,	1835-59 Oreb F. Mitchell, .	1875-85
John Morrissey, .	1859-74 John G. B. Adams,	1886-

The office of Sergeant at Arms was established by law in 1835. Previous to that time Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786.

Table showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

YEAR.				Time of Meeting.	Prorog	ued.	Leng Sess	No. of Reps.		
1832,					January 4.	March	24.	80	days.	528
1833,					2.		28.	86	"	574
1834,					1.	April	2.	92		570
1835,*	٠				7.	1	8.	92	"	615
1836,					6.		16.	102	"	619
1837,					4.		20.	107	**	635
1838,	٠				3.		25.	113	"	480
1839,					2.		10.	99	66	521
1840,					1.	March	24.	84	"	521
1841,	٠				6.	1	18.	72	"	397
1842,*					5.		3.	58	66	336
1843,					4.		24.	80	**	352
1844,					3.		16.	74	44	321
1845,					1.		26.	85	"	271
1846,					7.	April	16.	100	"	264
1847,					6.		16.	111	66	255
1848,*					5.	May	10.	127	* *	272
1849,					3.		2.	120	66	263
1850,					2,		3.	122	"	297
1851,					1.		24.	146	"	396
1852,					8.		22.	137	"	402
1853,					5.		25.	142	"	288
1854,					4.	April	29.	116	"	310

^{*} There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; and one of ten days in 1881, to compile the Public Statutes.

		YE	AR.			Time of Meeting.	Prorog	gued.		gth of sion.	No. of Reps.
1855,						January 3.	May	21.	138	days.	380
1856,						1.	June	6.	158		329
1857.*						7.	May	30.	144	"	357
1858,						6.	March	27.	81	"	240
1859,*						5.	April	6.	92	"	240
1860,*						4.		4.	92	"	240
1861,*						2.	ĺ	11.	100	"	240
1862.						1.		30.	120	"	240
1863,*						7.		29.	113	66	240
1864,						6.	May	14.	130	44	240
1865.	:					4.		17.	137	"	240
1866,						3.		30.	147	"	240
1867.				:	- 1	2.	June	1.	150	"	240
	:	·		:	. !	1.	0 41-0	12.	164	"	240
	:	·	:	:	.	6.		24.	170	"	240
~=~	:			:	.	5.		23.	170	"	240
~=-'	:			:		4.	May	31.	148	"	240
000	:					3.	3	7.	126	"	240
~=~	:	:	:	:		1.	June	12.	163	"	240
0#4	:	:	:	:	: 1	7.	ounc	30.	175	"	240
'	:	:	:	:	:	6.	May	19.	134	16	240
	:	:	:	:		5.	April	28.	115	"	240
O	:	:	:	:		3.	May	17.	135	"	240
~~~'	:	:	:	:	:	2.	щиј	17.	136	**	240
000	:	:	:	:	:	1.	April	30.	120	"	240
000'	:	:	:	:	- 1	7.	21///	24.	109	"	240
001 4		:	:	:	.	5.	May	13.	129	"	240
00.5	•		:	:	٠,	4.	шау	27.	144	"	240
000'	•	•	:		٠,	3.	July	27.	206	"	240
004	•	•		•	.	2.	June	4.	155	"	240
~~='	•	•	•	•	.	7.	оппе	19.	164	"	240
000	•	•	•	•	. 1	6.		30.	176	"	240
00#	•	•	•	•	.	5.		16.	162	"	240
	•	:	:	•	• إ		May	29.	147	" !	240 240
,000	•	•	•	•	. [	4. 1	шау	20.	141	- 1	240

^{*} See Note on preceding page.

DIED.

# JUDICIARY.

Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.*

# CHIEF JUSTICES. LEFT THE BENCH.

APPOINTED.

AIIO	INIED.	LIL	IIIL BL	NCH.	DIBD.
1692.	William Stoughton,		. 1701.	Resigned.	1701.
1702.	Isaac Addington,		. 1703.	Resigned.	1715.
1708.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1717.		1717.
1718.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1728.	Resigned.	1730.
1729.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1745.		1745.
1745.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1751.		1751.
1752.	Stephen Sewall, .		. 1760.		1760.
1761.	Thomas Hutchinson,		. 1769.	Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1771.	Resigned.	1781.
1772.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1791.
		Jυ	STICE	s.	
1692.	Thomas Danforth,		. 1699.		1699.
1692.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1692.	John Richards, .		. 1694.		1694.
1693.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1718.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1730.
1695.	Elisha Cooke, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1715.
1700.	John Walley, .		. 1712.		1712.
1701.	John Saffin,		. 1702.	Removed.	1710.
1702.	John Hathorne, .		. 1712.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	John Leverett, .		. 1708.	Resigned.	1724.
1708.	Jonathan Corwin,		. 1715.	Resigned.	1718.
1712.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1729.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1745.
1712.	Nathaniel Thomas,		. 1718.	Resigned.	1718.
1715.	Addington Davenport	t,	. 1736.		1736.
1718.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1745.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1751.
1718.	Edmund Quincy,		. 1737.		1737
1729.	John Cushing, .		. 1733.	Removed.	1737.
1733.	Jonathan Remington,		. 175.		1745.
1736.	Richard Saltonstall,		. 1756.		1756.
1737.	Thomas Greaves,		. 1738.	Resigned.	1747.
1739.	Stephen Sewall, .		. 1752.	Appointed Chief Justice	.1760.
	-				

^{*} The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOI	NTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1745.	Nathaniel Hubbard,		. 1746.	Resigned.	1748.
1745.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1769.	Appointed Chief Justic	e. 1781
1747.	John Cushing, .		. 1771.	Resigned.	1775.
1752.	Chambers Russell,		. 1766.		1766.
1756.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1772.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1791.
1767.	Edmund Trowbridg	e,	. 1775.	Resigned.	1793.
1771.	Foster Hutchinson,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772.	Nathaniel Ropes,		. 1774.		1774.
1772.	William Cushing,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774.	William Browne,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

#### CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	NTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1775.	John Adams, .		. 1776.	Resigned.*	1826.
1777.	William Cushing,		. 1789.	Resigned.	1810.
1790.	Nathaniel Peaslee S	argei	nt, 1791.		1791.
1791.	Francis Dana, .		. 1806.	Resigned.	1811.
1806.	Theophilus Parsons	, .	. 1813.		1813.
1814.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1814.		1814.
1814.	Isaac Parker, .		. 1830.		1830.
1830.	Lemuel Shaw, .		. 1860.	Resigned.	1861.
1860.	George Tyler Bigel	ow,	. 1868.	Resigned.	1878.
1868.	Reuben Atwater Ch	apma	n, 1873.		1873.
1873.	Horace Gray, ; .		. 1882.		
1882.	Marcus Morton.				

# JUSTICES.

		000	LICE		
1775.	William Cushing,		. 1777.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1810.
1775.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sa	rgent	, 1790.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1791.
1775.	William Reed, .		. 1776.	Superseded.	1780.
1775.	Robert Treat Paine,		. 1776.	Superseded.	1814.
1776.	Jedediah Foster, .		. 1779.		1779.
1776.	James Sullivan, .		. 1782.	Resigned.	1808.

^{*} Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

[†] Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

[†] Chief Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

APPO	INTED. LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1777.	David Sewall,	. 1789.	Resigned.*	1825.
1782.	Increase Sumner, .	. 1797.	Elected Governor.	1799.
1785.	Francis Dana,	. 1791.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1811.
1790.	Robert Treat Paine, .	. 1S04.	Resigned.	1814.
1790.	Nathan Cushing,	. 1800.	Resigned.	1812.
1792.	Thomas Dawes,	. 1802.	Resigned.	1825.
1797.	Theophilus Bradbury,	. 1803.	Removed.	1803.
1800.	Samuel Sewall,	. 1814.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1814.
1801.	Simeon Strong,	. 1805.		1805.
1801.	George Thacher, .	. 1824.	Resigned.	1824.
1802.	Theodore Sedgwick, .	. 1813.		1813.
1806.	Isaac Parker,	. 1814.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1830.
1813.	Charles Jackson,	. 1823.	Resigned.	1855.
1814.	Daniel Dewey,	. 1815.		1815.
1814.	Samuel Putnam,	. 1842.	Resigned.	1853.
1815.	Samuel Sumner Wilde,	. 1850.	Resigned.	1855.
1824.	Levi Lincoln,	. 1825.	Elected Governor.	1868.
1825.	Marcus Morton,	. 1840.	Elected Governor.	1864.
1837.	Charles Augustus Dewey	, . 1866.		1866.
1842.	Samuel Hubbard, .	. 1847.		1847.
1848.	Charles Edward Forbes,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1881.
1848.	Theron Metcalf,	. 1865.	Resigned.	1875.
1848.	Richard Fletcher, .	. 1853.	Resigned.	1869.
1850.	George Tyler Bigelow,	. 1860.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1878.
1852.	Caleb Cushing,	. 1853.	Resigned.	1879.
1853.	Benj. Franklin Thomas,	. 1859.	Resigned.	1878.
1853.	Pliny Merrick,	. 1864.	Resigned.	1867.
1859.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoa	r, 1869.	Resigned.	
1860.	Reuben Atwater Chapman	1, 1868.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1873.
1864.	Horace Gray, Jr., .	. 1873.	Appointed Chief Justice	
1865.	James Denison Colt, .	. 1866.	Resigned.	1881.
1866.	Dwight Foster,	. 1869.	Resigned.	1884.
1866.		. 1875.		1875.
1868.	James Denison Colt, .	. 1881.		1881.
1869.	Seth Ames,	. 1881.	Resigned.	1881.
1869.	Marcus Morton,	. 1882.	Appointed Chief Justice	•
1873.	Wm. Crowninshield Endicot	t, 1882.	Resigned.	

^{*} Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

[†] Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOINTED.

APPOI	INTED. LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1873.	Charles Devens, Jr., 1877. Resigned.*	
1875.	Otis Phillips Lord, 1882. Resigned.	1884.
1877.	Augustus Lord Soule, . 1881. Resigned.	1887
1881.	Walbridge Abner Field.	
1881.	Charles Devens.*	
1881.	William Allen.	
1882.	Charles Allen.	
1882.	Waldo Colburn, 1885.	1885.
1882.	Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr.	
1885.	William Sewall Gardner, . 1887. Resigned.	
1887.	Marcus Perrin Knowlton.	

Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, from its Establishment in 1820 until its Abolition in 1859.

# CHIEF JUSTICES.

DIED.

APPOI	NIED. LEFT THE BEN	cn.	DIED.
1820.	Artemas Ward, 1839.	Resigned.	1847.
1839.	John Mason Williams, . 1844.	Resigned.	1868.
1844.	Daniel Wells, 1854.		1854.
1854.	Edward Mellen, 1859.		1875
	JUSTICE	S.	
1820.	Solomon Strong, 1842.	Resigned.	1850.
1820.	John Mason Williams, . 1839.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1868.
1820.			1828.
1828.	David Cummins, 1844.	Resigned.	1855.
1839.	Charles Henry Warren, . 1844.	Resigned.	1874.
1842.	Charles Allen, 1844.	Resigned.	1869.
1843.	Pliny Merrick, 1848.	Resigned.	1867.
1844.	Joshua Holyoke Ward, . 1848.		1848.
1844.	Emory Washburn, 1847.	Resigned.	1877.
1844.	Luther Stearns Cushing, . 1848.	Resigned.	1856.
1845.	Harrison Gray Otis Colby, 1847.	Resigned.	1853.
1847.	Charles Edward Forbes, . 1848.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1847.	Edward Mellen, 1854.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1875.
1848.	George Tyler Bigelow, . 1850.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.
1848.	Jonathan Coggswell Perkins, 1859.		1877.
1848.	Horatio Byington, 1856.		1856.
1848.	Thomas Hopkinson, 1849.	Resigned.	1856.
1849.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, 1853.	Resigned.	

^{*} Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was re-appointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

# Judiciary.

			Non	DIED.
1850.		THE BE		1867.
			App a w sup. sua. C t.	1871.
1851. 1853.				1861.
		. 1859.		1001
	George Partridge Sanger			
	• ,	. 1859. . 1859.		
1856.	David Aiken,	. 1899.		
j	Sustices of the Superior Con	urt since	its Establishment in 185	9.
	CHIEF	JUST	CICES.	
APPO	INTED. LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1859.	Charles Allen,	. 1867.	Resigned.	1869.
1867.		. 1869.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881
1869.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham.			
	JU	STICE	ES.	
1859.	Julius Rockwell, .	. 1886.	Resigned.	
1859.	Otis Phillips Lord, .	. 1875.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1884.
1859.	Marcus Morton, Jr., .	. 1869.	• •	
1859.	Seth Ames,	. 1867.	Appointed Chief Justic	e. 18 <b>8</b> 1.
1859.	Ezra Wilkinson,	. 1882.		1882.
1859.	Henry Vose,	. 1869.		1869.
1859.	Thomas Russell,	. 1867.	Resigned.	1887.
1859.	John Phelps Putnam, .	. 1882.		1882.
1859.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham,	. 1869.	Appointed Chief Justie	e <b>.</b>
1867.	Chester Isham Reed, .	. 1871.	Resigned.	1873.
1867.	Charles Devens, Jr., .	. 1873.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869.	Henry Austin Seudder,	. 1872.	Resigned.	
1869.	Francis Henshaw Dewey	, . 1881.	Resigned.	
1869.	Robert Carter Pitman.			
1871.	John William Bacon.			
1872.	,	. 1881.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1873.	Peleg Emory Aldrich.			
1875.	,		App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1885.
1875.			App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1881.				
1881.	Marcus Perrin Knowlton	, . 1887.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1882.				
1882.				
1882.				
1885.				
1886.	John Wilkes Hammond.			

1888. James Robert Dunbar.1888. John Lathrop.1888. Robert Roberts Bishop.

1886. Justin Dewey. 1887. Edgar Jay Sherman. [All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

#### Supreme Judicial Court.

Marcus Morton of Andover, Chief Just	lice, .	. s	alary	, \$6,500
Walbridge Abner Field of Boston,	Justice,		"	6,000
Charles Devens of Worcester,	66		"	6,000
William Allen of Northampton,	66		66	6,000
Charles Allen of Boston,	66		" "	6,000
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., of Boston	, "		66	6,000
Marcus Perrin Knowlton of Springfield	l, "		66	6,000
TT 1 01 4:				

Henry A. Clapp of Boston, Clerk.

### Superior Court.

Lincoln Flagg Brigham of Salem, Chief J	ustice,		Salary,	\$5,300
Robert Carter Pitman of Newton, Ja	ustice,		44	5,000
Peleg Emory Aldrich of Worcester,	46		44	5,000
Hamilton Barclay Staples of Worcester,	4.6		66	5,000
Caleb Blodgett of Boston,	44		6.6	5,000
Albert Mason of Brookline,	6 6		66	5,000
James Madison Barker of Pittsfield,	66		**	5,000
Charles Perkins Thompson of Gloucester,	44		66	5,000
John Wilkes Hammond of Cambridge,	66		66	5,000
Justin Dewey of Springfield,	6.6		66	5,000
Edgar Jay Sherman of Lawrence,	66		6.6	5,000
James Robert Dunbar of Newton,	44		٤.	5,000
John Lathrop of Boston,	66		"	5,000
Robert Roberts Bishop of Newton,	44		66	5,000

# Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers, assistant registers, and commissioners of insolvency may be found among the list of County Officers.

Ely, Associate Justices. Special Justice, Geo. Z. Adams. Clerks, John F. Brown, civil side; Frederic C. Ingalls, criminal side. ROXBURY DISTRICT. - Justice, Solomon A. Bolster. Special Justices, George R. Wheelock, Walter S. Frost. Clerk, Alfred Williams. Assistant Clerk, Giles H. Rich. DORCHESTER DISTRICT. - Justice, Joseph R. Churchi.l. Special Justices, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. Clerk, N. Thomas Merritt, Jr. West Roxburg. District. - Justice, James M. F. Howard. Special Justices, George R. Fowler, Charles G. Keyes. Clerk, Edward W. Brewer. BRIGHTON DISTRICT .- Justice, Henry Baldwin. Special Justices, James H. Rice, Joseph Bennett. South Boston District. - Justice, Robert I. Burbank. Special Justice, Joseph D. Fallon. Clerk, Joseph H. Allen. CHARLESTOWN DIS-TRICT. - Justice, Henry W. Bragg. Special Justices, Joseph H. Cotton, Simon Davis. Clerk, Daniel Williams. East Boston District COURT. - Justice, Wm. H. H. Emmons. Special Justices, James L. Walsh, Albert E. Clary. Clerk, Willard S. Allen.

Brockton (jurisdiction, Brockton, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater). — Justice, Charles W. Sumner. Special Justices, Warren A. Reed, Loyed E. Chamberlain. Clerk, Charles W. Robinson.

BROOKLINE.—Justice, Charles H. Drew. Special Justices, Charles F. Perkins, Frank L. Creesy. Clerk, Marland C. Hobbs.

CHELSEA (jurisdiction, Chelsea and Revere). — Justice, Eben Hutchinson. Special Justices, William H. Hart, Albert D. Bosson. Clerk, Augustus A. Wilder.

CHICOPEE. — Justice, Loranus E. Hitchcock. Special Justices, Simon G. Southworth, Luther White.

FITCHBURG.—Justice, Thornton K. Ware. Special Justices, Charles S. Hayden, Charles H. Blood. Clerk, Wylon G. Hayes.

GLOUCESTER (jurisdiction, Gloucester and Rockport).—Justice, James Davis. Special Justices, Elbridge G. Friend, William W. French. Clerk, Sumner D. York.

HAVERHILL (jurisdiction, Haverhill, Bradford and Groveland).—Justice, Henry Carter. Special Justices, Ira A. Abbott, Henry N. Merrill. Clerk, Edward B. George.

LAWRENCE. — Justice, Andrew C. Stone. Special Justices, Charles U. Bell, William L. Thompson. Clerk, Henry F. Hopkins.

LEE. - Justice, John Branning. Special Justices, Albert B. Clarke, Patrick H. Casey.

LOWELL.—Justice, Samuel P. Hadley. Special Justices, John J. Pickman, John F. Frye. Clerk, James F. Savage.

LYNN — Justice, —— ——. Special Justices, Ira B. Keith, John W. Berry. Clerk, Henry C. Oliver.

Marlborough. — Justice, Edward F. Johnson. Special Justices, James W. McDonald, William D. Burdett. Clerk, James F. J. Otterson.

Newburyport (jurisdiction, Newburyport and Newbury).— Justice, John N. Pike. Special Justices, Nathaniel N. Jones, Horace I. Bartlett. Clerk, Edward F. Bartlett.

NEWTON. - Justice, John C. Park. Special Justices, Henry H. Mather, Edward H. Mason. Clerk, Edward W. Cate.

Somerville.—Justice, Isaac Story. Special Justices, Charles G. Pope, John Haskell Butler. Clerk, Herbert A Chapin.

SPRINGFIELD (jurisdiction, Springfield, West Springfield, Hampden, Wilbraham, Agawam and Longmeadow). — Justice, Gideon Wells. Special Justices, Alfred M. Copeland, Henry W. Bosworth. Clerk, George Leonard.

WILLIAMSTOWN. — Justice, Keyes Danforth. Special Justices, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

#### District Courts.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Hanock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Washington, Pittsfield and Richmond).—Justice, Joseph Tucker. Special Justices, William T. Filley, John F. Noxon. Clerk, Walter B. Smith.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams and North Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, North Adams, Savoy, Florida and Cheshire).—Justice, George P. Lawrence. Special Justices, Henry J. Bliss, Shepherd Thayer. Clerk, Henry Robinson.

Special Justices, James H. Rowley, Frank H. Wright. Clerk, Dempster J. Coleman.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Hanson, South Abington, Scituate and South Scituate).—Justice Geo. W. Kelley. Special Justices, Zenas Jenkins, Walter L. Bouvé. Clerk, Otis W. Soule.

Third Plymouth (court held at Plymouth; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury and Marshfield). — Justice, Charles G. Davis. Special Justices, Wm. S. Danforth, Daniel E. Damon. Clerk, Benj. A. Hathaway.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester).—Justice, Francis M Vaughan. Special Justices, Lemuel LeB. Holmes, Nathan Washburn. Clerk, William L. Chipman.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton and Boxborough).—Justice, Levi Wallace. Special Justices, John Spaulding, Warren H. Atwood. Clerk, George W. Sanderson.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Framingham, jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Sherborn, Sudbury and Wayland). — Justice, Willis A. Kingsbury. Special Justices, Lucius H. Wakefield, Walter Adams. Clerk, Joseph H. Ladd.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden and Wakefield; jurisdiction in North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett and Medford).—Justice, John W. Pettingill. Special Justices, Thomas S. Harlow, Solon Bancroft. Clerk, William N. Tyler.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court beld at Waltham; jurisdiction in Waltham, Watertown and Weston). — Justice, Enos T. Luce. Special Justices, Henry S. Milton, Samuel P. Abbott. Clerk, Albert O. Delano.

W. Law.

FOURTH EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Woburn; jurisdiction in Wilmington, Woburn, Winchester and Burlington).—Justice, Parker L. Converse. Special Justices, George S. Littlefield, Charles D. Adams. Clerk, Edward E. Bond.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow and Lexington).—
Justice, John S. Keyes. Special Justices, Charles Thompson, Robert P. Clapp.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield and Wenham).—Justice, Joseph B. F. Osgood. Special Justices, Daniel E. Safford, Nathaniel J. Holden. Clerk, William P. Andrews.

SECOND ESSEX (court held at Amesbury; jurisdiction in Amesbury and Merrimac).—Justice, George W. Cate. Special Justices, M. Perry Sargent, William Smeath.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton and Attleborough; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield, Easton and Raynham). — Justice, Wm. H. Fox. Special Justices, Erastus M. Reed, John H. Galligan. Clerk, Arthur M. Alger.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River, Freetown, Somerset, Swansea and Westport).—Justice, Josiah C. Blaisdell. Special Justices, Benj. K. Lovatt, Arba N. Lincoln. Clerk, Augustus B. Leonard.

THIRD BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth and Westport).—Justice, Alanson Borden. Special Justices, Francis W. Tappan, Frank A. Milliken. Clerk, Thomas J. Cobb.

FIRST NORTHERN WORCESTER (court beld at Athol and Gardner; jurisdiction in Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Gardner and Hubbardston).—Justice, Charles Field. Special Justices, James A. Stiles, Sidney P. Smith. Clerk, Julian P. Dunn.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster).—Justice, Clark Jillson. Special Justices, Henry J. Clark, Elisha M. Phillips.

Taft. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon and Upton).—Justice, Charles A. Dewey. Special Justices, James R. Davis, Charles E. Whitney.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough and Grafton).—Justice, Dexter Newton. Special Justices, Benj. B. Nourse, Luther K. Leland.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster and Sterling). — Justice, Christopher C. Stone. Special Justice, Herbert Parker. Clerk, Frank E. Howard.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden and Shrewsbury). — Jastice, Samuel Utley. Special Justices, George M. Woodward, Hollis W. Cobb. Clerk, Edward T. Raymond.

East Norfolk (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook and Milton).—
Justice, James Humphrey. Special Justices, James A. Tower, E. Granville Pratt. Clerk, J. White Beicher.

Eastern Hampden (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland and Wales).—Justice, George Robinson. Special Justices, Henry F. Brown, James B. Shaw.

WESTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Westfield; jurisdiction in Westfield, Chester, Granville, Southwick, Russell, Blandford, Tolland and Montg mery) — Justice, Homer B. Stevens. Special Justices, Henry B. Lewis, Henry Fuller. Clerk, Arthur S. Kneil.

Hampshire (court jurisdiction in towns of Hampshire County).— Justice, William P. Strickland. Special Justices, Alburn J. Fargo, Robert W. Lyman. Clerk, Haynes H. Chilson. [Elected by the several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1890.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT. - Middlesex County, William B. Stevens, Stoneham. Assistant, P. H. Cooney of Natick.

EASTERN DISTRICT. - Essex County, Henry F. Hurlburt, Lynn.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes and Nantucket Counties, Hosea M. Knowlton, New Bedford.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT. — Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Hosea Kingman, Bridgewater.

MIDDLE DISTRICT. - Woreester County, Francis A. Gaskill, Worcester.

Western District. — Hampden and Berkshire Counties, Charles E. Hibbard, Pittsfield.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampshire and Franklin Counties, Daniel W. Bond, Northampton.

Suffolk County.—Oliver Stevens, Boston. First Assistant Attorney, Thomas W. Proctor. Second Assistant, Frederick E. Hurd. Clerk, John H. Casey.

#### COUNTY OFFICERS.

- Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds, and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1890, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1889.
- Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1889; that of the latter in 1892.
- Commissioners of Insolvency are elected by the people, three in number for each county, except Worcester County, which has four. Each Commissioner holds his office for three years, from the first Wednesday in January following his election. The current term expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1890.
- County Commissioners are elected, one annually, and severally for terms of three years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in De ember, 1889.
- By section 14 of chapter 22 of the Public Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several counties are paid from the treasuries of their respective counties a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.
- By the provisions of section 40 of chapter 159 of the Public Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized to appoint in each county a certain number of Masters in Chancery, who shall hold office for the term of five years, unless sconer removed by the Governor and Council.
- By the provisions of section 7 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.
- By the provisions of section 9 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission of Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

Shire 100h, BARNSTABLE.	_
Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Hiram P. Harriman, Well-	y •
fleet,	00
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Freeman H. Lothrop,	
Barnstable,	00
Sheriff - Luther Fisk, Dennis, 50	
Clerk of Courts - Smith K. Hopkins, Barustable, 1,00	00
County Treasurer - Clarendon A. Freeman, Chatham, 50	00
Register of Deeds - Andrew F. Sherman, Barnstable.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,100) -	
Isaiah C. Young, Wellfleet, Term expires December, 188	39
Samuel Snow, Barnstable, " " " 189	90
Solomon E. Hallett, Chatham, . " " " 189	91
Special Commissioners —	
Freeman Howes, Yarmouth, Term expires December, 188	39
James H. Hopkins, Provincetown, " " 188	-
Commissioners of Insolvency - Frederick C. Swift, Yarmouth; Na	a-
thaniel Sears, Barnstable; James H. Hopkins, Provincetown.	
Trial Justices - Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; Ebenezer S. Whitte	
more, Provincetown; Theodore F. Bassett, Hyannis; Smith E	
Hopkins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; George T	
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.	
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.	
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, Pittsfield.  Salary	
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North	у.
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North Adams,	у.
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North  Adams,	y. 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North  Adams,	y. 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North Adams,	y. 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, Pittsfield.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,	y. 00 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North  Adams,	y. 00 00 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North  Adams,	y. 00 00 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, Pittsfield.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North  Adams,	y. 00 00 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,	y. 00 00 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, Pittsfield.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,	y. 00 00 00 00
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,	y. 000 000 000 000 s;
Wyer, Wellfleet; George Godfrey, Chatham.  BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.  Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.  Salary  Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,	y. 00 00 00 00 33; in

ing, West Stockbridge; Geo. A. Shepard, Sandisfield.	
BRISTOL COUNTY - Incorporated 1685.	
Shire Towns, Taunton and New Bedford.	lary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Wm. E. Ful'er, Tannton, . \$:	2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - John H. Galligan, Taunton,	1,800
Sheriff Andrew R. Wright, Taunton,	1,500
Clerk of Courts - Simeon Borden, Fall River,	4,000
County Treasurer - George F. Pratt, Taunton,	1,500
Registers of Deeds-North District, Joseph E. Wilbar, Taun	ton;
South District, George B. Richmon, New Bedford.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,500) -	
Franklin Gray, Fall River, Term expires December,	1889
Frank S. Babbitt, Taunton, " " "	189u
William Sanders, New Bedford, . " " "	1891
Special Commissioners — *	
George N. Crandall, Attleborough, Term expires December,	1889
Henry A Slocum, Dartmouth, . " " "	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - George E. Williams, Taunton; Geo	orge
A. Adams, Attleborough; William B. Smith, New Bedford.	
Masters in Chancery —	
Henry J. Fuller, Taunton, Term expires February,	1889
Henry K. Braley, Fall River, . " January,	1890
Erastus M. Reed, Mansfield, " " October,	1890
Edwin L. Barney, New Bedford, . " " May,	1891
Charles A. Reed, Taunton, " " March,	1892
DUKES COUNTY Incorporated 1683.	

Shire Town, EDGARTOWN.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Joseph T. Pease, Edgartown,

Register of Probate and Insolvency - Hebron Vincent, Edgartown,

Sheriff - Jason L. Dexter, Edgartown, . . .

Clerk of Courts - Samuel Keniston, Edgartown, .

Commissioners of Insolvency — Clarence Smith, Williamstown; Grove Gaylord, New Marlborough; Thomas A. Oman, Pittsfield. Trial Justices — Henry J. Dunham, Stockbridge; William C. Spauld-

Term expires December, 1889

Salary.

\$300 and fees

\$600

\$600

600

6.6

James W. Ferry, Lee, . .

Adelbert Tinney, Adams,

County Treasurer - John S. Smith, Edgartown, \$30	0
Register of Deeds - Tristram R. Holley, Edgartown, . \$200 and fee	s
County Commissioners (compensation, \$400) -	
William H. Crowell, Edgartown, . Term expires December, 188	9
Frederick H. Lambert, Chilmark,. " " 189	0
Benj. B. Smith, Tisbury, " " 189	1
Special Commissioners -	
Vernal Clifford, Gosnold, Term expires December, 188	9
Wm. A. Vanderhoop, Jr., Gay Head, " " 188	9
Commissioners of Insolvency - Wm. J. Rotch, Tisbury; Charles G. M	
Dunham, Edgartown.	
Trial Justices - Charles J. McIlvaine, Edgartown; Beriah T. Hillman	,
Chilmark.	
ESSEX COUNTY - Incorporated 1634.	
Shire Towns, Salem, Lawrence and Newburyport.	
Salary	
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Rollin E. Harmon, Lynn, . \$3,50	0
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Rollin E. Harmon, Lynn, . \$3,50 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Jeremiah T. Mahoney,	0
Register of Probate and Insolvency-Jeremiah T. Mahoney,	0
Register of Probate and Insolvency—Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Salem,	0
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Register of Probate and Insolvency—Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Salem,	99001

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April,

March,

May,

1889

1891

1891

Charles W. Richardson, Salem,

Nathaniel J. Holden, Salem, .

James H. Sisk, Lynn,

Andrew C. Stone, Lawrence, .	Term	expires	June,	1891
William C. Fabens, Marblehead, .	6.6	4.6	March,	1892
Newton P. Frye, North Andover, .	4.6	66	January,	1893
Nathaniel C. Bartlett, Haverhill, .	4.6	66	April,	1893
Trial Justices - J. Scott Todd, Rowley;	Natha	niel F.	S. York,	Rock-
port; William M. Rogers, Methuen;	Orland	lo B T	enney, G	eorge-
town; George H. Poor, Andover; Am	ios Mei	rill, Pe	abody; Or	rlando
S. Baley, Amesbury; William Nutting	, Jr., 1	farbleh:	ead; Char	les A.
Sayward, Ipswich; Stephen Gilman,	Lynnfie	eld; Jos	eph T. W	ilson,
Nahant; William C. Fabens, Marbleh	ead.			

# FRANKLIN COUNTY - Incorporated 1811.

## Shire Town, GREENFIELD.

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8	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Chester C. Conant, Green-	
field,	\$1,400
Register of Probate and Insolvency-Francis M. Thompson,	
Greenfield,	1,400
Sheriff - George A. Kimball, Greenfield,	800
Clerk of Courts - Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield,	1,800
County Treasurer - C. Mason Moody, Greenfield,	600
Register of Deeds - Edwin Stratton, Greenfield.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) -	
Carlos Batchelder, Conway, Term expires December	, 1889
Frederick G. Smith, Greenfield, . " " "	1890
Franklin L. Waters, Orange, . " " "	1891
Special Commissioners —	
Beriah W. Fay, New Salem, Term expires December	, 1889
Charles W. Hazelton, Montague, . " " "	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - Henry M. Puffer, Shelburne; Erast	us F.
Gunn, Montague; Arthur A. Smith, Colrain.	
Masters in Chancery —	
Franklin G. Fessenden, Greenfield, . Term expires July,	1890
Samuel O. Lamb, Greenfield, " " January	, 1892
Trial Justices - Gorham D. Williams, Greenfield; Samuel D. 1	Bard-
well, Shelburne Falls; Henry W. Billings, Conway; Silas B	lake,
Ashfield; Charles Pomeroy, Northfield; William S. Dana	and
Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Rufus D. Chase, Orange; Fred	erick
L. Greene, Greenfield; Dexter F. Hagar, Deerfield.	

Shire Town, Derlagereds.	nlary.
	82,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency—Samuel B. Spooner,	p21000
Springfield,	1,800
Sheriff—Simon Brooks, Holyoke,	1,250
Clerk of Courts — Robert O. Morris, Springfield,	3,500
County Treasurer — M. Wells Bridge, Springfield,	1,500
Register of Deeds — James E. Russell, Springfield.	1,000
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) —	
Ansel F. Wildes, Chicopee, Term expires December	1889
Lewis F. Root, Westfield, " " "	1890
Leonard Clark, Springfield, " "	1891
Special Commissioners —	1001
Benjamin F. Burr, Ludlow, Term expires December	r. 1889
Harvey D. Bagg, West Springfield, " "	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency—Henry C. Bliss, West Spring	
Willis S. Kellogg, Westfield; Joseph N. Prew, Holyoke.	,mera ,
Masters in Chancery—	
Henry W. Bosworth, Springfield, Term expires May,	1890
Allen Webster, Springfield, " December	
Trial Justice - Charles F. Grosvenor, Ludlow.	, 100-
Trutt b worter Onarios I. Globy chol, Dadion.	
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1662.	
Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.	
S	alary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - William G. Basset, North-	
	\$1,400
Register of Probate and Insolvency-Hubbard M. Abbott,	
Northampton,	1,400
Sheriff — Jairus E. Clark, Easthampton,	800
Clerk of Courts - William H. Clapp, Northampton,	2,300
County Treasurer - Lewis Warner, Northampton,	800
Register of Deeds - Henry P. Billings, Northampton.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) -	
Emory C. Davis, Northampton, . Term expires December	-
Flavel Gaylord, Amherst, " " "	1890
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton, " "	1891
Special Commissioners —	
Charles E. Blood, Ware, Term expires December	
Charles K. Brewster, Worthington, " " "	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency-Enos Parsons, Northampton;	Byron
Smith, South Hadley; Charles O. Parmenter, Amherst.	

Judge of Probate and Insolvency—C Register of Probate and Insolvency						\$3,500
chester,					_	2,500
Assistant Register of Probate and In					1_	_,
som, Winchester,					, 1-	1,800
Sheriff - Henry G. Cushing, Lowell,					•	2,500
Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd,					•	2,500
Assistant Clerk of Courts - John I.				1110		2,100
ž.				-	•	2,500
County Treasurer - Joseph O. Hayd						,
Registers of Deeds - Northern Distr Southern District, Charles B. Ste				ompsor	l, L	)weii;
County Commissioners* (compensati						
William S. Frost, Marlborough,	, -			s Decer	nber	. 1889
J. Henry Read, Westford,		66	"	"		1890
Samuel O. Upham, Waltham,		66	66	4.6		1891
Special Commissioners—	•					
Edward E. Thompson, Woburn,	. ,	Term	expire	s Decer	nher	. 1889
Lyman Dike, Stoneham, .		"	66	"		1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - Frede		r. Gr	eenhals	re. Low	ell:	
C. Kennedy, Newton; George J.				,,,	,	
Masters in Chancery—	Duine	,				
Walter Adams, Framingham,	. т	erm	expires	July.		1889
		44	44	June.		1890
Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,		6.6	66	July,		1890
Charles H. Conant, Lowell, .		4 6	66	"		1891
Gilbert A. A. Pevey, Cambridge,		66	6 6	April,		1892
Robert P. Clapp, Lexington,		6.6	66	Noven	nber	
William H. Bent, Lowell, .		66	6.6	Octob		1893
Trial Justices - James T. Joslin, Hu	deon.	Will	iam Xr			1000
17 tat b astrocts — bankes 1. b benn, Hu	45011,	11 111	14111 140	,	·CIX+	
NANTUCKET COUNT	Y — I	corp	orated	1695.	Q.	alary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — T	hadda	no C	Dofrio	~		\$500
Suage of Probate and Insolvency — 1 Register of Probate and Insolvency —					•	600
Sheriff—Josiah F. Barrett,		ши	T. DIO	AA 114	٠.	300
Clerk of Courts - Josiah F. Murphy,		•		•	•	600
ciera of courts - ousian r. Murphy,						000

* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

150

County Treasurer - Samuel Swain,

Commissioners of Insolvency—William W. McIntosh, Henry W. Brown, Alexander C. Swain.

Trial Justices—Thomas B. Field, Allen Coffin, Nantucket.

Note.—The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated 1793.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1793.						
Shire Town, DEDHAM. Salary.						
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - G	eorge Whi	te, Wel		\$2,500		
Register of Probate and Insolvency -				1,500		
Sheriff - Augustus B. Endicott, Dedl	ham, .			1,200		
Clerk of Courts - Erastus Worthingto	on, Dedham	ı, .		2,800		
County Treasurer - Chauncey C. Chu				1,200		
Register of Deeds - John H. Burdaki	in, Dedham			,		
County Commissioners (compensation	n, \$2,700) -	_				
John Q. A. Field, Quincy, .	. Term	expires	December	r, 1889		
George W. Wiggin, Franklin,	. "	- 66	4.6	1890		
Melville P. Morrill, Hyde Park,	. "	40	4.6	1891		
Special Commissioners—						
George P. Morey, Walpole, .	. Term	expires	December	r, 1889		
Benjamin F. Baker, Brookline,	. "	44	4.6	1889		
Commissioners of Insolvency - Georg	ge W. Wi	ggin, F	ranklin; E	Emery		
Grover, Needham; Robert W. Ca	rpenter, Fo	oxborou	igh.			
Masters in Chancery-						
Thomas E. Grover, Canton, .	. Term	expires	December	, 1891		
Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park,	. "	6.6	March,	1892		
Erastus Worthington, Dedham,	. "	4.6	August,	1893		
James E. Tirrell,	. "	66	December	r, 1893		
Trial Justices - Emery Grover, Need	ham; Samu	iel War	ner, Wren	tham;		
Alonzo B. Wentworth, Dedham	; George	W. W	iggin, Fra	nklin;		
Oscar A. Marden, Stoughton; Th	homas E. (	Frover,	Canton; I	Henry		
B. Terry, Hyde Park; John C. I	Lane, Norw	vood; N	Tathan A.	Cook,		
Bellingham; C. Everett Washburn	a, Wellesley	; Peter	Daly, Wa	dpole.		
PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Incorporated 1685.						
PLIMOUTH COUNTY	-Incorpo	rated 16	SS5.			
Shire Town, 1				alary.		

1,500

borough,

Sheriff - Alpheus K. Harmon, Plymouth,	900
Clerk of Courts - Wm. H. Whitman, Plymouth.	,000
County Treasurer - Albert Davis, Whitman,	,000
Register of Deeds - Wm. S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,300) -	
Charles H. Paine, Halifax, Term expires December,	889
	1890
	891
Special Commissioners —	-
Obed Delano, Marion, Term expires December, 1	889
	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - William H. Osborne, East Bridgeway	er:
Frederick M. Bixby, Brockton; Arthur Lord, Plymouth.	,
Masters in Chancery —	
	S90
	894
,	
SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.	
· Sale	ry.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - John W. McKim, Boston, . \$5,	000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Elijah George, Boston, . 3,	000
Assistant Register - John H. Paine, Boston,	,000
	200
	,000
Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - John Noble, Boston.	
Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - Clarence H. Coop	er.
Boston.	,
Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session) - Joseph A. Willard, Bosto	n.
Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session) - John P Manning Rost	

Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session) - John P. Manning, Boston, County Treasurer - Alfred T. Turner, Boston.*

County Auditor - James H. Dodge, Boston. †

NOTE .- In the city of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes.

[†] Auditor of the city of Boston. * Treasurer of the city of Boston.

Commissioners of Insolvening - mich	itter o	. 01000	, ** 1111	am D. F. V	114119
Frank P. Magee, all of Boston.					
Masters in Chancery —				_	
David H. Coolidge, Boston, .	٠			January,	1889
Henry W. Bragg, Boston, .	•	44	44	February,	
James Hewins, Medfield, .		4.6		66	1889
James C. Davis, Boston, .		4.6	4.6	April,	1889
Henry H. Smith, Hyde Park,		4.6	4.6	"	1891
Robert I. Burbank, Boston, .	•	4.6	6.6	December,	
John H. Sherburne, Boston, .		6.6	4.6	January,	1892
Edward J. Jones, Boston, .		4.6	4.6	May,	1893
Edwin H. Darling, Boston, .		6.6	+ 6	June,	1893
George P. Sanger, Jr., Boston,		4.6	6.6	66	1893
Charles E. Grinnell, Boston, .		4.6	6.6	July,	1893
WORCESTER COUNT	Y-1	ncorpo	rated 1	731.	
Shire Towns, Worces	TER A	ND FI	генвин	G.	
					lary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency-	-Wil	liam T.	Forbe	s, West-	
borough,				\$	3,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency	—Fre	derick	W. Sou	thwick,	
Worcester,					2,000
Sheriff - Augustus B. R. Sprague, V	Vorce	ster,			2,500
Clerk of Courts - Theodore S. Johns	on, V	Vorcest	er.		
County Treasurer - Edward A. Bro	wn, V	Vorcest	er, .		2,200
Registers of Deeds - Harvey B. Wild	ler, V	Vorcest	er, Wo	rcester Dist	rict;
Charles F Rockwood, Fitchburg	, Nor	thern I	istrict.		
County Commissioners (compensatio	n, \$3,	900) -			
William O. Brown, Fitchburg,		Term e	expires	December,	1889
Henry G. Taft, Uxbridge, .		6.6	6.6	6.6	1890
Emerson Stone, Spencer, .		6.6	4.6	6.6	1891
Special Commissioners -					
Thomas P. Root, Barre, .		Term e	xpires	December,	1889
Charles J. Rice, Winchendon,		66	**	66	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - Rufu		Dodge.	Jr., Ch	arlton: And	lrew
J. Bartholomew, Southbridge; D					
Masters in Chancery-			,		
Joseph Mason, Worcester, .		Term e	xpires	May,	1889
Jonathan Smith, Clinton,		"		February,	
George M. Woodward, Worceste		66	66	"	1890
a corgo mer in obtaining in orototto	- 9				2000

Register of Deeds - Thomas F. Temple, Boston.

Commissioners of Insolvency - Michael J. Creed, William B. F. Whall,

## BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 20, P. S.]

Members ex officiis.

His Excellency Oliver Ames.

Newton,

His Honor John Q. A. Brackett.

Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Charles A. Goessmann, State Agricultural Chemist.

Henry H. Goodell, President Massachusetts Agricultural College.

## Appointed by the Governor and Council.

Appointed by the Governor and	Coun	cil.		
James W. Stockwell of Sutton,		Term	expires	1889
James S. Grinnell of Greenfield,		6.6	4.6	1890
George B. Loring of Salem,		6.6	6.6	1891
Chosen by the County Societ	ies.			
Amesbury and Salisbury, Wm. H. B. Currier				
Amesbury,		Term	expires	1891
Bay State, Edward Burnett of Southborough,		6.6	6.6	1890
Barnstable, Nathan Edson of Barnstable, .		4 6	6.6	1889
Berkshire, Alonzo Bradley of Lee,		4.6	6.6	1891
Blackstone Valley, Velorous Taft of West Uptor	n,	6.6	6.6	1891
Bristol, Avery P. Slade of Somerset,		4.6	6.6	1890
Deerfield Valley, F. G. Howes of Ashfield, .		+ 6	6.6	1890
Essex, Benjamin P. Ware of Clifton,		4 4	4.6	1890
Franklin, Zeri Smith of East Deerfield,		+ 6	6.6	1889
Hampden, George S. Taylor of Chicopee Falls,		6.6	6.6	1891
" East, William Holbrook of Palmer,		6.6	6.6	1891
Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst, .		4.6	+ 4	1889
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, F. K. She	1-			
don of Southampton,		6.6	6.6	1891
Highland, W. H. Snow of Becket,		* *	e 6	1890
Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham, .		6.0	4.6	1891
Hoosac Valley, Stephen A. Hickox of South Wi	l-			
liamstown,		6.6	6.6	1891
Housatonic, J. H. Rowley of South Egremont,		6.6	6.6	1891
Hillside, S. W. Clark of Plainfield,		6.6	6.6	1890
Marshfield, George J. Peterson of Green Harbo	r,	4.6	6.6	1891
Martha's Viney ard, N. S. Shaler of Cambridge,		6.6	6 6	1892
Massachusetts, E. F. Bowditch of Framingham,		6 6	16	1891
Massachusetts Horticultural, E. W. Wood of Wei	st			

1891

	could, S. D. Dift of Framingham, .			1690	
Nantuck	et, Charles W. Gardner of Nantucket, .	6.6	4.6	1891	
Oxford,	D. M. Howe of Charlton,	6.6	6.6	1892	
Plymout	h, Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville,	6.6	6.6	1890	
Spencer,	John G. Avery of Spencer,	6.6	6.6	1892	
Union, C	B. Hayden of Blandford,	6.6	4.6	1892	
Worcest	er, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester,	6.6	4.6	1890	
6.6	North, Geo. Cruikshanks of Fitchburg,	6.6	6.6	1890	
6.6	North-West, J. P. Lynde of Athol, .	6.6	4.6	1892	
4.6	South, Bainbridge Douty of Charlton,	4.6	4.6	1889	
66	West, J. Henry Goddard of Barre, .	6.6	6.6	1890	
Will	iam R. Sessions, Hampden, Secretary.				
F. H	. Fowler, Roslindale, Clerk.				

# BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Office, Commonwealth Building.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, ex officio, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Milton B. Whitney, Westfield,			Term	expire	es 1889
Francis A. Walker, Boston, .			6.6	£ 6	1890
Elmer H. Capen, Somerville, .			4.6	6.6	1891
Elijah B. Stoddard, Worcester,			6.6	4.4	1892
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston, .			6.6	4.4	1893
Horace E. Scudder, Cambridge,			6.	6.6	1894
Admiral P. Stone, Springfield,			6.6	6.6	1895
Kate Gannett Wells, Boston, .			6.6	6 6	1596

John W. Dickinson, Secretary.

C. B. Tillinghast, Clerk and Treasurer.

George A. Walton, George H. Martin, Andrew W. Edson, G. T. Fletcher and Henry T. Bailey, Agents.

Office, State House.

## STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The general management of the several State Normal Schools is vested by statute in the Board of Education, and all moneys appropriated for their maintenance are expended under its direction.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT BRIDGEWATER. [Opened September, 1840.] Principal - Albert G. Boyden. [For both sexes ] STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT SALEM. [Opened September, 1854.] Principal - Daniel B. Hagar. [For women.] STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT WORCESTER. [Opened September, 1874.] Principal - E. Harlow Russell. [For both sexes.] STATE NORMAL ART SCHOOL AT BOSTON. [Opened October, 1873.] Principal - George H. Bartlett. [For both sexes.] LUNACY AND CHARITY. BOARD OF [Established by Act of April 30, 1879. See also chap. 101, Acts of the year 1886.] John Fallon, Lawrence, Chairman, Term expires 1891 Charles C. Coffin, Boston, Vice-Chairman, . * * 1889 Richard L Hocgdon, M.D., Arlington, . . . 1890 Anne B. Richardson, Lowell, . 66 66 1890 Edward Hitchcock, M.D., Amherst, 6.6 66 1891 Charles F. Donnelly, Boston, . . . 4.6 1892 Henrietta G. Codman, Brookline, . 6.6 46 1892 D. Webster King, Boston, . 6. 66 1893 Charles A. Denny, Leicester, . . . 1893

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT WESTFIELD.
[Opened at Barre, September, 1839; suspended, 1841; re-opened at

tember, 1844; removed to Framingham, 1853.]

Principal — Miss Ellen Hyde.

[For women.]

[For both sexes.]

Westfield, September, 1844 ]

Principal — James C. Greenough.

Hiram S. Shurtleff, Superintendent of Out-door Poor. Office, State House.

Albert R. Moulton, M.D., Inspector of Institutions.
Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

## BOARD OF HEALTH.

## [Established by Act of March 24, 1886.]

Henry P. Walcott, M.D., Cambridge	е,	Chairma	n, .	Term	expires	1893	
Frank W. Draper, M.D., Boston,				6.6	4.4	1889	
Thornton K. Lothrop, Beverly,				4.4	6.6	1891	
Julius H. Appleton, Springfield,				6.6	6.4	1890	
Elijah U. Jones, M.D., Taunton,				6.6	4.6	1892	
Theodore C. Bates, North Brookfiel	ld,			6.6	6.6	1894	
Hiram F. Mills, Lawrence, .				6.6	6.6	1895	
Samuel W. Abbott, M.D., Secr.	et c	/r/.					

Samuel W. Abbott, M.D., Secretary.

Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

# COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

## ON CATTLE.

John F. Winchester, Lawrence, 1889; Alonzo W. Cheever, Dedham, 1890; Levi Stockbridge, Amherst, 1891.

### OF CORPORATIONS.

Charles Endicott, Canton. Office, State House.

### DENTISTRY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Eugene V. McLeod, 1889; J. Searle Hurlbut, Springfield, 1889; Luther D. Shepard, Boston, 1890; John F. Dowsley, Boston, 1891; George E. Mitchell, Haverhill, 1891. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

#### HARBOR AND LAND.

Chairman, John E. Sanford, Taunton, 1891; John I. Baker, Beverly, 1889; Charles H. Howland, Plymouth, 1890. Office, Commonwealth Building.

### ON INLAND FISHERIES.

Edward A. Brackett, Winchester, 1889; Edward H. Lathrop, Springfield, 1889; Frederick W. Putnam, Cambridge, 1892.

ON PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF BOSTON.

Nathaniel Spooner, Boston, 1889; Thomas P. Howes, Boston, 1890. Office, No. 7 Doane Street.

### ON PRISONS.

Robert C. Hooper, Boston, 1889; Emma F. Cary, Cambridge, 1890; Heman W. Chaplin, Boston, 1891; Eliza L. Homans, Boston, 1892; Eustace C. Fitz, Chelsea, 1893. Secretary, Frederick G. Pettigrove, Boston. Office, State House.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT OF PRISONS.

William S. Green, Fall River. Office, State House.

### ON RAILROADS.

Chairman, George G. Crocker, Boston, 1891; Everett A. Stevens, Boston, 1882; Edward W. Kinsley, Boston, 1890. Clerk, William A. Crafts, Boston. Supervisor of Railroad Accounts, Fred E. Jones. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

### ON SAVINGS BANKS.

Edward P. Chapin, Springfield, 1890; Starkes Whiton, Hingham, 1891. Office, Commonwealth Building.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.

Chief, Horace G. Wadlin, Reading, 1889. Ist Clerk, Charles F. Pidgin. 2d Clerk, William C. Hunt. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

### INSPECTOR OF LEATHER.

C. Osgood Morse, Boston, 1889. Office, No. 88 High Street.

INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS.

Charles W. Hinman, Boston, 1891. Assistant Inspector, Charles D. Jenkins, Boston, 1891. Office, No. 32 Hawley Street.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FISH.

Jesse H. Freeman, Brookline, 1891.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF LUMBER.

John W. Wiggin, Boston, 1890. Office, No. 4 Liberty Square.

Samuel Dana Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge; Horace L. Bowker, Boston; W. French Smith, Somerville; Charles R. Fletcher, Boston; Chase Palmer, Lynn; Aaron D. Little, Watertown.

### STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS.

Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge, 1889. Office, No. 13 Broad Street.

## CIVIL SERVICE.

Chairman, Francis A. Osborn, 1889; Arthur Lord, Plymouth, 1890; Charles Theodore Russell, Jr., 1891. Henry Sherwin, Chief Examiner. Clerk, Warren P. Dudley. Office, No. 5 Pemberton Square.

### STATE AID.

Charles R. Ladd, Auditor of Accounts. Samuel Dalton, Adjutant-General. Charles W. Hastings, Clerk of Board. Office, State House.

### BOARD OF POLICE OF BOSTON.

Chairman, Albert T. Whiting, Boston, 1890; William H. Lee, Boston, 1899; William M. Osborne, Boston, 1893. Office, No. 7 Pemberton Square.

### GAS.

Chairman, Abraham B. Coffin, Winchester, 1891; Forrest E. Barker, Worcester, 1889; Edward T. Rowell, Lowell, 1890. Clerk, W.S. Allen, New Bedford. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

## PHARMACY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Henry M. Whitney, Lawrence, 1889; John Lavrabee, Melrose, 1890; Henry A. Esterbrook, Fitchburg, 1891; John H. Manning, Pittsfield, 1892; Freeman H. Butler, Lowell, 1893. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

### FIRE MARSHAL OF BOSTON.

Charles W. Whitcomb, Boston, 1889. Office, No. 5 Pemberton Square.

### BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

Richard P. Barry, Lynn, 1889; Weston Lewis, Boston, 1890; Charles H. Walcott, Concord, 1891. Office, No. 13 Beacon Street.

CONTROLLER OF ACCOUNTS OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

Edward P. Loring, Fitchburg, 1890. Office, No. 9 Park Street.

## STATE INSTITUTIONS.

### LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a board of seven trustees, five of whom shall be men and two of whom shall be women, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year:—

### Worcester.

Francis C. Lowell, Boston, 1889. Mrs. Ellen S. Hale, Boston, 1890.

Miss Frances M. Lincoln, Worcester, 1891. Augustus G. Bullock, Worcester, 1892.

Thomas H. Gage, Worcester, 1893. Henry S. Nourse, Lancaster, 1894.

Rockwood Hoar, Worcester, 1895.

Superintendent - John G. Park, M.D.

[The Worcester Insane Asylum, Hosea M. Quinby, M.D., Superintendent, is also under charge of above Trustees.]

## TAUNTON.

LeBaron Russell, Boston, 1889.Mrs. Ruth S. Murray, New Bedford, 1890.

Mrs. Grace S. Bartlett, Taunton, 1891.

Oakes A. Ames, Easton, 1892.

George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1893.

William C. Lovering, Taunton, 1894.

Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1895.

Superintendent - John P. Brown, M.D.

## NORTHAMPTON.

John L. Otis, Northampton, 1889.
Mrs. Sarah T. Woodworth, Chicopee, 1890.

Mrs. Sarah M. Butler, Northampton, 1891.

Adams C. Deane, Greenfield, 1892.

Superintendent - Edward B. Nims, M.D.

Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield, 1893.

Lyman D. James, Williamsburg, 1894.

Nehemiah A. Leonard, Springfield, 1895. 1889. Orville F. Rogers, Boston, 1890. Miss Florence Lyman, Boston, 1891. Augustus Mudge, Danvers, 1892. 1893. Harriet R. Lee, Salem, 1894. Solon Bancroft, Reading, 1895.

Superintendent - Charles W. Page, M.D.

### WESTBOROUGH INSANE HOSPITAL.

Charles R. Codman, Barnstable, 1889.

Francis A. Dewson, 1890.
Mrs. Emily Talbot, Boston, 1891.
Archibald H. Grimke, Hyde Park,
1891.

George B. Richmond, New Bedford, 1892.
Eliza C. Durfee, Fall River, 1893.
Frank P. Goulding, Worcester, 1893.

Superintendent-N. Emmons Paine, M.D.

## STATE PRIMARY AND REFORM SCHOOLS.

Melvin H. Walker, Westborough, 1889. Henry C. Greeley, Clinton, 1890.

Elizabeth C. Putnam, Boston, 1890. Milo Hildreth, Northborough, 1891. Charles L. Gardner, Palmer, 1891. James J. O'Connor, Holyoke, 1892. Mrs. Elizabeth G. Evans, Boston, 1893.

[This Board of Trustees was established by sect. 8, chap. 291, Acts of 1879, and they have charge of the government of the Lyman School at Westborough, the Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster, and the State Primary School at Monson.]

### LYMAN SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT WESTBOROUGH.

Superintendent - Theodore F. Chapin. Physician - F. E. Corey, M.D.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AT LANCASTER.

Superintendent—Mrs. Luann L. Brackett.

Physician—Mrs. Mary V. O'Callaghau, M.D.

STATE PRIMARY SCHOOL AT MONSON.

Superintendent - Amos Andrews.

Physician - Mrs. C. L. Haynes, M.D.

## [By Resolves 1872, chap. 28.]

Two Trustees appointed by the Governor.

Trustees - Willard P. Phillips, Salem; Isaac N. Stoddard, Plymouth.

## MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

### AT SOUTH BOSTON.

[Chap. 150 of the Acts of 1850 was repealed by chap. 126 of the Acts of 1878, and the Board now, by said Act, consists of six Trustees, appointed by the Governor for the term of three years.]

John S. Damrell, Boston, William W. Swan, Boston, —1889; William A. Dunn, Elizabeth E. Coolidge, Boston, —1890; Erskine Warden, Waltham, John C. Milne, Fall River, —1891.

# PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

### AT SOUTH BOSTON.

Trustees - John S. Dwight, Boston; Francis Brooks, Boston; Thomas F. Temple, Boston; William L. Richardson, Boston.

### STATE PRISON.

## AT BOSTON (CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT).

Warden — Edward J. Russell, Worcester. Deputy Warden — Augustus W. Keene. Clerk — Thomas H. Haskell. Physician — Charles D. Sawin, M.D. Chaplain — Rev. John W. F. Barnes.

Agent for Discharged Convicts - Daniel Russell; office, No. 35 Avon Street, Boston.

## MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

AT CONCORD (WARNERVILLE P. O.).

Superintendent — Gardiner Tufts, Lynn. Deputy Superintendent — Joseph F. Scott. Physician — George E. Titcomb, M.D. Clerk — Charles S. Hart. Instructor — Rev. W. J. Batt.

Superintendent — Ellen C. Johnson, Boston. Physician — Anna M. Wilkin, M.D., Sherborn. Chaptain — Susan P. Harrold, Somerville.

## STATE ALMSHOUSE AND STATE FARM.

[Chap. 297, Acts of 1884; chap. 264, Acts of 1887.]

Trustees of the State Almshouse and State Farm — William T. Carolin, M.D., Lowell, 1889; Weaver Osborn, Fall River, 1889; Jacob H. Hecht, Boston, 1889; J. White Belcher, Randolph, 1890; Lyman A. Belknap, Andover, 1890; Mrs. Anna F. Prescott, Boston, 1890; Mrs. Sarah D. Fiske, Malden, 1891.

## STATE ALMSHOUSE.

(At Tewksbury.)

Superintendent and Resident Physician — C. Irving Fisher. Assistant Physicians — H. B. Howard, M.D., Myra D. Allen, M.D.

STATE FARM.

(At Bridgewater.)

Superintendent - Hollis M. Blackstone. Physician - Charles A. Blake, M.D.

### WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

## HARVARD COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, President.
Fellows.

Martin Brimmer. John Quincy Adams. Alexander Agassiz. Frederick L. Ames.

William C. Endicott.

Edward W. Hooper, Treasurer.

### BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. Charles R. Codman, President of the Board. Rev. Alexander McKenzie, Secretary.

Members ex officio.

Charles W. Eliot, President of the University.

Edward W. Hooper, Treasurer of the University.

Elective Members.
[Term of office expires June, 1889.]

Andrew P. Peabody. Francis M. Weld. Solomon Lincoln. Roger Wolcott. Phillips Brooks.

Term of office expires June, 1890.]

Charles R. Codman. Richard M. Hodges. Charlemagne Tower. Henry W. Torrey.

Henry Cabot Lodge.

[Term of office expires June, 1891.]

John T. Morse, Jr. Edwin P. Seaver. George O. Shattuck.
Thomas Jefferson Coolidge.

John Fiske.

[Term of office expires June, 1892.]

Henry Lee. Robert M. Morse. Henry W. Putnam. Stephen M. Weld.

John O. Sargent.

[Term of office expires June, 1893.]

James Russell Lowell. Henry P. Walcott. Samuel Hoar. Robert S. Peabody.

Francis Cabot Lowell.
[Term of office expires June, 1894.]

William G. Russell. Samuel A. Green. Charles C. Beaman. Augustus Hemenway.

Charles Francis Adams.

### Trustees.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1889]

Daniel Needham. James Draper.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1890]

Henry S. Hyde. Phineas Stedman.

Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1891.]

James S. Grinnell. Joseph A. Harwood.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1892.]

William H. Bowker. Arthur A. Brigham.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1893]

Thomas P. Root. J. Howe Demond.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1894.]

Francis H. Appleton. William Wheeler.
[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1895.]

Elijah W. Wood. George A. Marden.

## Trustees ex officio.

His Excellency Governor Oliver Ames, President of the Corporation. Henry H. Goodell, President of the College. John W. Dickinson, Secretary of the Board of Education. William R. Sessions, Secretary of the Board of Agriculture.

## WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

### CORPORATION.

### FRANKLIN CARTER, President.

## Trustees.

Joseph White.

Rev. Robert R. Booth.

Horace E. Scudder.

F. F. Thompson.

Horatio Gates Knight.

Charles A. Davison.

Derick L. Boardman.

Derick L. Boardman.

James M. Barker.

Rev. William W. Adams.

James White.

Rev. Lewellyn Pratt.

James White, Secretary and Treasurer.

John E. Bradley.

### Rev. Julius H. Seelye, President.

Trustees.

Rev. Edward S. Dwight Nathan Allen.

Edward B. Gillett.

Rev. Richard S. Storrs. Rev. Edmund K. Alden.

John E. Sanford.

Henry D. Hyde.

John S. Brayton.

Francis A. Walker.

Thomas H. McGraw.

G. Henry Whitcomb. Edward A. Strong.

Rev. E. Winchester Donald.

Rev. Charles M. Lamson. Rev. Michael Burnham.

John W. Burgess.

Rev. Edward S. Dwight, Secretary. Wm. A. Dickinson, Treasurer.

____

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.
[Office, No. 12 Somerset St.]

CORPORATION.

William Claffin, President.

Jacob Sleeper, Vice-President.

William R. Clark, Secretary.

Richard W. Husted, Treasurer.

William F. Warren, Member ex officio.

[Term expires 1889.]

William R. Clark. John Kendrick.

Edwin H. Johnson. Charles W. Pierce.

[Term expires 1890.]

William Claffin. Jacob Sleeper.

Rt. Rev. R. S. Foster. Alden Speare.
William O. Grover. William T. Perrin.

|Term expires 1891.]

Joseph H. Chadwick. Bradford K. Peirce.

Mrs. Mary B. Claflin. Daniel Steele.

H. O. Houghton. Charles Steere.

[Term expires 1892.] Mrs. Augustus Hemenway. Geo. M. Steele.

Liverus Hull. Joseph B. Thomas. Rev. John D. Pickles. John H. Twombly.

[Term expires 1893.]

James F. Almy. Richard W. Husted. Edward H. Dunn. Pliny Nickerson.

### Trustees.

Charles Robinson, Jr., President.

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner.
James O. Curtis.
Rev. Lucius R. Paige.
Timothy T. Sawyer.
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# TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE

# POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

(Corrected to Jan. 1, 1889.)

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Abington,	· Abington. · North Abington.	Athol,	Athol. Athol Centre. South Athol.
Acton, .	Acton. North Acton. East Acton. South Acton. West Acton.	ittleborough,	Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Hebronville. Dodgeville. Briggs' Corner.
Acushnet,	( Acushnet. ) Long Plain.	Auburn,.	· Auburn. West Auburn.
Adams, .	( Adams. ( Zylonite.	Aron, .	. Avon.
Agawam,	( Agawam.	Ayer, .	. Ayer.
Alford, .	. Alford.		Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville.
Amesbury,	· Amesbury. Salisbury Point.	Barnstable,	Marston's Mills. Hyannis. Hyannis Port.
Amherst,	. Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.		Cotuit. Osterville. Craigville.
Andover,	Andover. Ballard Vale.		( Barre.
Arlington,	Arlington.	Barre, .	Burre Plains. Smithville.
Ashburnha	m, (Ashburnham. N Ashburnham. Ashburnh'm Dep't.	Becket, .	Becket.  West Becket.  Becket Centre.
Ashby, .	. Ashby.	Bedford,	· Bedford Springs.
Ashfield,	( Ashfield. ( South Ashfield.	Belchertown	, . Belchertown. Dwight.
Ashland,	. Ashland.		( Barrett.

Bellingham,	Bellingham. North Bellingham. South Bellingham. Caryville.	Bourne, .	Bourne. Poeasset. Buzzard's Bay. Surnedale.
Belmont,	· { Belmont. Waverly.	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	Monument Beach. Cataumet. (Sagamore.
Berkley,	· Berkley. Myricks'.	Boxborough.	,. West Acton P. O.
Berlin, .	. Berlin. West Berlin.	Boxford,	Boxford. East Boxford. West Boxford.
Bernardston	, Bernardston.		
Beverly, .	· Beverly Farms.	Boylston,	· Boylston Centre.
Billerica,	Billerica.   North Billerica.   East Billerica.	Bradford,	· } Bradford. · } Ward Hill.
	South Billerica.	Braintree,	Braintree. South Braintree. East Braintree.
${\it Blackstone},$	. Blackstone. East Blackstone. Millville.		Brewster.
	. Blandford. North Blandford.	Brewster,	East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.
Bolton, .	. Bolton.		( Bridgewater.
	Allston.* Back Bay.*	Br <b>i</b> dgewater	Scotland. State Farm.
	Boston.* South Boston.* East Boston.*	Brimfield,	· Brimfield.
	Station A.* Roxbury * West Roxbury.*		· Brockton.
	Jamaica Plain * Roslindale.* Brighton.*		Brookfield.
Boston, .	Dorchester.* Mattapan.* Charlestown *	Brookline,	. Brookline.
	CHALLCOLO WIT.	Buckland,	. Buckland.
	Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.*	Burlington,	. Burlington.
	North Cambridge * East Cambridge.* Chelsea.* Mount Auburn.* Revere.* Somerville.*	Cambridge,	Cambridge. Cambridgeport. North Cambridge. East Cambridge. Mount Auburn.
	Winthrop.* Brookline.*	Canton, .	· { Canton. Ponkapog.
•	* Stations supplied 1	by the Boston	office.

	(C-mon	0011111	( Warnerville.
Carver, · ·	Carver. North Carver. East Carver.		Conway.
Curter, ·	South Carver.	Cottage City	Cottage City.
Charlemont, .	Charlemont. East Charlemont. Zoar.	Cummington,	(Cummington
	(Charlton.	Dalton, .	. Dalton.
Charlton,	Charlton City. Charlton Depot.	Dana, .	Dana.
Chatham,	Chatham. Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.	Danrers,	Danvers, Centre. Danvers Centre. Tapleyville. Asylum Station.
Chelmsford,	Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. South Chelmsford.	Dartmouth,	Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. Apponegansett. Nonquitt.
Chelsea,	. Chelsea.		Docham.
Cheshire,	. Cheshire.		West Dedham.
Chester, .	Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Littleville.	Dedham,	Endicott. Islingten. Walnut Hill. Ellis.
Chesterfield	l, . { Chesterfield. West Chesterfield	Deerfield,	Deerfield. East Deerfield. South Deerfield. West Deerfield.
Chicopee,	Chicopee Falls. Willimansett. (Chilmark.	Dennis, .	Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis.
Chilmark,	Squibnocket.		West Dennis.
Clarksbur	g, . { Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.C Briggsville.	Dighton,	Dighton   North Dighton   West Dighton   Segregauset
Clinton, .	. Clinton. (Cohasset.	Douglas,	· Douglas. · East Douglas.
Cohasset,	· Cohasset. Nantasket. Beechwood.	Dover, .	
	Colrain.	Dracut,	
Colrain,	Elm Grove. Griswoldville. Shattuckville.	Dudley,	( Dudley. West Dudley.

Concord,

Carlisle, . Carlisle.

Duxbury,	Duxbury. South Duxbury. West Duxbury. Island Creek.	Framinghai	Rramingham. S. Framingham. Saxonville. (Nobscott.
East Bridge- water,.	Elmwood.	Franklin,	Franklin. South Franklin. Unionville.
Eastham, .	Eastham.	Freetown,	Freetown. East Freetown.
Easthampton,	Easthampton.	Gardner,	Gardner. South Gardner. West Gardner.
Easton,	Easton. North Easton. South Easton. Sequasett.		( West Gardner.  Gay Head.  Georgetown.
Edgartown, .	Edgartown.	,,	
Egremont, .	North Egremont.	Gill, .	Gill.
Enfield,			Gloucester.
	Erving.		Magnolia.
	Essex.	Gloucester,	Magnolia. Bay View. West Gloucester. Lanesville.
Ererett,	Everett.		(Annisquam.
Fairhaven, .	Fairhaven.	Goshen,.	. Goshen.
Fall River, .	Fall River.	Gosnold,	. Cuttyhunk.
	Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth. West Falmouth. Wood's Holl.	Grafton,	Grafton. North Grafton. Saundersville. Farnumsville. Fisherville.
	Quissett.   Hatchville.   Waquoit.	Granby,	. Granby.
Fitchburg, .	Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.	Granville,	Granville. East Granville. West Granville.
Florida, .	Florida. Hoosac Tunnel.	Great Barrington,	r-{ Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Deusen.
Foxborough, .	Foxborough. North Foxborough. East Foxborough. West Foxborough.	Greenfield,	( () 6-14
	West Foxborough.	Greenwich,	Greenwich. Greenwich Village.

Groton, .	West Groton.	
Groveland,	Groveland. South Groveland.	Holden, Holden. Jeffersonville. Quinapoxet.
Hadley, .	· Hadley.	Holbrook, . { Holbrook. Brookville.
Halifax,	. Halifax.	Holland, . Holland.
Hampden,	. Hampdeu.	Holliston.
Hamilton,	· Hamilton. Asbury Grove.	Holliston, Braggville.  Metcalf.
Hancock,	. Hancock.	Holyoke, . Holyoke.
Hanover,	Hanover. North Hanover. South Hanover.	Hopedale, Hopedale.
	West Hanover. West Scituate.	Hopkinton, . Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
Hanson,	. Hanson. North Hanson. South Hanson.	Hubbardston, (Hubbardston, E. Hubbardston, Williamsville.
Hardwick,	. Hardwick. Gilbertville. Furnace.	Hudson, Hudson.
Harvard,	Harvard.	Hull, . Hull.
	Harwich.	Huntington, . Huntington.
Harwich,	Harwich Port. East Harwich. North Harwich. South Harwich.	Hyde Park, . (Hyde Park. Clarendon Hill. Readville.
	West Harwich. Pleasant Lake.	Ipswich, Ipswich.
Hatfield,	· Hatfield. North Hatfield.	Kingston, · Kingston. Silver Lake.
Haverhill,	. Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayers Village.	Lakeville, . Lakeville.
Materials,		Lancaster, . { Lancaster. South Lancaster.
Hawley,.	· Hawley. · West Hawley.	Lanesboro', . { Lanesborough. Berkshire.
Heath, .	. Heath.	Lawrence, . Lawrence
Hingham,	Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham. West Hingham.	Lee, { Lee. South Lee. East Lee.

Groton, .

· West Groton.

Leicester,	. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.	Marshfield,	Centre Marshfield. North Marshfield.
Lenox, .	. Lenox. Furnace. New Lenox.	24ct stytota,	Brant Rock. Sea View. Green Harbor.
Leominster,	Leominster. N. Leominster.	Mashpee,	. Mashpee.
		Mattapoisett	, Mattapoisett.
Leverett,	· { Leverett. North Leverett.	Maynard,	. Maynard.
Lexington,	Lexington. East Lexington.	Medfield,	. Medfield.
Leyden, .	·{ Leyden. West Leyden.	Medford,	Medford. West Medford. College Hill. Glenwood.
Lincoln,	Lincoln. South Lincoln.		(Wellington.
Littleton,	Littleton.	Medway,	· West Medway.
Longmeador	w, { Longmeadow. E. Longmeadow.	Melrose.	$.$ $\left\{ egin{array}{l}  ext{Melrose.} \\  ext{Melrose Highlands.} \\  ext{Fells.} \end{array} \right.$
Lowell, .	· Lowell. Middlesex Village.	Mendon,	. Mendon.
Docett, .		Merrimac,	Merrimac. Merrimacport.
Ludlow,	· Ludlow. Ludlow Centre.	Methuen,	. Methuen.
Lunenburg,	. Lunenburg.		Middleborough. N. Middleborough.
Lynn, .	. Lynn.	Middleboro'.	Rock. Eddyville.
Lynnfield,	Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.		
Malden,	Malden.	Middlefield,	\ Middlefield. \ Bancroft.
Manchester	. Manchester.	Middleton,	. Middleton.
Dittinenesser,	( Mansfield.	Milford,	. Milford.
Mansfield,	East Mansfield. West Mansfield.	Millbury,	· { Millbury. · } West Millbury.
Marblehead,	Marblehead. Nanepashemet. Clifton.	Millis, .	( Millis ) Rockville.
Marion,	. Marion.	Million	Milton.
Marlborough	h, Marlborough.	Millon, .	. East Milton. Blue Hill.

Monson, .	Monson.	North Adams,	North Adams.
	Montague.   Montague City. ' Turner's Falls.	N. Andover, .	North Andover. No.AndoverDepot.
, , , , ,	Turner's Falls. Miller's Falls. Lake Pleasant.	N. Attleboro',	No. Attleborough. AttleboroughFalls.
Monterey, .	Monterey.	N. Brookfield	North Brookfield.
Montgomery,.	Montgomery.	N Peading	North Reading.
Mt. Wash'gt'n,	Mt. Washington.	14. Iteating,	
Nahant, .	Nahant.		Northampton.
Nantucket, .	Nantucket. Siasconset.	Northampton	Leeds. , { Loudville.   West Farms.
	Natick, South Natick.		Smith's Ferry. Bay State.
Needham, .	( Needham. Highlandville. Charles River Vil.	Northboro',	Northborough, Chapinville.
	New Ashford.	Northbridge,	Northbridge, Northb'dge Centre, Whitinsville.
	New Bedford.	1407 thorotoge,	
N. Braintree,			Northfield. Northfield Farms.
,	New Marlborough.	Northfield,	West Northfield. Mount Hermon.
N. Marlboro',	Southfield.   Clayton.	Norton, .	Norton. East Norton. Barrowsville. Chartley.
New Salem, .	New Salem. Cooleyville. N. New Salem. Millington.	Norwell,	(Norwell. Ridge Hill. Mount Blue.
Newbury, .	Newbury. Byfield.	Norwood,	. Norwood.
Newburyport,		Oakham,	Oakham. Coldbrook Springs.
	Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale.	Orange,.	Orange.
Neurton,	West Newton.   Newton Centre.   Newton L. Falls.   Newton U. Falls.	Orleans,	Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.
	Chestnut Hill. Newton Highlands.	Otis, .	· } Otis. West Otis.

· City Mills.

Monroe, .

. Monroe Bridge.

061	Oxford.	nanaospu,	read of I
Oxford, .	North Oxford.	Raynham, .	( Raynham. ) North Raynham.
Palmer, .	Bond's Village.		. Reading.
Dunton	Three Rivers.		Rehoboth.
Paxton, .	(Peabody,	Rehoboth,	South Rehoboth.
Peabody,	. South Peabody. West Peabody.	Revere, .	Severe.
Pelham,	· Pelham. · West Pelham.		Richmond.
Pembroke,	Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke.	1	Richmond Furnace.  Rochester.  North Rochester.
	(Bryantville.	Rochester,	· North Rochester.
Pepperell,	· Pepperell. · East Pepperell.	Rockland,	Rockland.
Peru, .	. Peru.	Rockport,	Rockport. Pigeon Cove.
Petersham,	Petersham.	hockport,	
Phillipston,	. Phillipston.	Rowe, .	Rowe.
Pitts field,	Pittsfield. West Pittsfield. Pontoosuc.	Rowley, .	. Rowley.
Plainfield,	. Plainfield.	Royalston,	Royalston.
Plymouth,	Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth. Manomet.	Russell, .	Russell.
Plympton,	. Plympton.	Rutland,	(Rutland. West Rutland. North Rutland.
		,	
Prescott,	Prescott. North Prescott.	Salem, .	. Salem.
Princeton,	Princeton. East Princeton. Mt. Wachusett.	Salisbury,	Salisbury Beach.
Trinceion,	Princeton Depot. Brooks Station.	Sandisfield	Sandisfield. New Boston. Montville.
Provinceto			South Sandisfield.
Quincy, .	Quincy. Atlantic. Wollaston. Quincy Point. South Quincy. West Quincy.	Sandwich,	Sandwich. Forestdale.  East Sandwich. South Sandwich. Spring Hill.

Saugus, .	East Saugus Cliftondale.	Springfield,	Indian Orchard. Brightwood. Sixteen Acres.
Savoy, . Scituate,	Savoy. Savoy Centre. Scituate. Egypt. Scituate Centre	Sterling,	Sterling. Sterling Junction. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.
·	. Scituate Centre. North Scituate. Greenbush.	Stockbridge,	Stockbridge. Glendale. Curtisville.
Seekonk,	. Seekonk.		. Stoneham.
Sharon,	Sharon. East Sharon.		(Stoughton. North Stoughton.
Sheffield,	Sheffield. Ashley Falls.		Stow. Rock Bottom.
Shelburne,	Shelburne. Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.	Sturbridge,	Sturbridge.
Sherborn,	Sherborn.	Sudbury,	. Sudbury. South Sudbury. North Sudbury.
Shirley,	Shirley.		, Sunderland.
•	. Shrewsbury.	Sutton, .	Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.
•	. Shutesbury.		
Somerset,	Somerset. Pottersville.	Swampscott,	Swampscott. Beach Bluff.
Somerrille,	. Somerville.	Canana	. Swanzey. North Swanzey. Hortonville.
So. Hadley,	South Hadley.	Swanzey,	Hortonville.
	, Southampton.	<i>m</i> ,	Taunton.
Southboro',	Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville. Southville.	Taunton,	East Taunton. Britannia. Walker.
	Southbridge. ( Globe Village.	Templeton,	Templeton East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.
Southwick,	. Southwick.		( Towkshum
Spencer,	. Spencer.	Tewksbury,	· Yewksbury. Wamesit.

	(Vineyard Haven.	Webster, . Webster.
Tisbury,	. West Tisbury. North Tisbury.	Wellesley, . Wellesley Hills.
Tolland,	. Tolland.	Wellfleet, . { Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.
Topsfield,	. Topsfield.	
Townsend,	. Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.	Wendell, Wendell Depot. Lock's Village.
	(Truro.	Wenham, . Wenham Depot.
Truro, .	. North Truro. South Truro.	W. Boylston, West Boylston. Oakdale.
Tyngsboro',	. Tyngsborough.	West Bridge- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Tyringham,	. Tyringham.	water, . (Matfield.
Upton, .	Upton. West Upton.	W. Brookfield, West Brookfield.
		W. Newbury, West Newbury.
Uxbridge,	· North Uxbridge.	West Spring \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Wakefield,	Wakefield. Greenwood.	field, Mittineague.
Walso	( Montrose. . Wales.	West Stockbridge. W. Stockbridge
Wales, .	Walnole.	bridge, State Line.
Walpole,	East Walpole. South Walpole.	Rock Dale Mills.
177 747	. Waltham.	Westborough, Westborough.
Waltham,		Westfield, . Westfield.
Ware, .	. Ware.	(Westford.   Coldspring.
Wareham,	Wareham. West Warcham. South Wareham. East Wareham.	Westford, . Forge Village. Graniteville. Nashoba.
	Onset.	Westhampton, Westhampton.
Warren,	· Warren. West Warren.	Westminster, (Westminster. Westmins'r Depot. So. Westminster.
Warwick,	. Warwick.	(Weston.
Washington	a,. Washington.	Weston, Kendall Green.
Watertown,	Demis.	Westport, Westport Point. South Westport.
Wayland,	· Wayland. Cochituate.	Central Village. North Westport.
		•

Weymouth East Weymouth.	Windsor, · East Windsor.
Weymouth, East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth.	Winthrop, . Winthrop.
Whately, \(\bar\) Whately.	Woburn, Sorth Woburn. (Cummingsville.
Whitman, . S. Abington Stat'n.	Worcester, Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering Supering S
Wilbraham, . Wilbraham.	Quinsigamond.
Williamsbyg,. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Worthington, W. Worthington. Ringville. So. Worthington.
Williamst'un, S. Williamstown. Blackinton. Sweet's Corners.	Wrentham. W. Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldouville.
Wilmington, . Wilmington.	(Yarmouth.
Winchendon, . Winchendon. Waterville.	Yarmouth, South Yarmouth.  West Yarmouth. East Yarmouth.
Winchester, . Winchester.	(East Yarmouth.

# ABRIDGMENT OF UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

## POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE U. S. AND THE TERRITORIES; AND TO THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Two cents for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail matter, wholly or partly in writing.

Two cents per ounce, or fraction thereof, on drop-letters where free delivery by carriers is established; where such free delivery is not established the rate is one cent.

One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand bills, pamphlets, posters, proof sheets, circulars, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions.

One cent for every four ounces on newspapers and magazines of the second class.

One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, card-boards, and other flexible material, engravings, envelopes, letter-envelopes, merchandise, photographic views, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, and minerals.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES, SEE "RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE."

## REGISTRATION OF DOMESTIC LETTERS.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail-matter.

Letters, or other mail-matter on which postage is fully prepaid, can be registered for transmission between post-offices in the United States or Territories.

The fee for registering at any post-office in the United States or Territories, and addressed to any other office in the United States or Territories, is fixed at ten cents, in addition to the regular postage.

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TOXEY	ORDERS	

T	he fe	esoro	hars	res o	n do	nestic o	rders ar	e as	follo	ws:-	_	
For	sum	s not	exce	edin	g \$5,							5 cents.
6.6	6.6	over	\$5	and	not e	xceedin	g \$10,					8 cents.
4.4	6.6	66	\$10	6.6	66	44	\$15,					10 cents.
6.6	6.6	66	\$15	66	66	66	\$30,					15 cents.
6.6	6.6	66	\$30	66	66	66	\$40,					20 cents.
6.6	66	66	\$40	66	66	44	\$50,					25 cents.
6.6	66	66	\$50	6 6	66	66	\$60,					30 cents.
66	66	66	\$60	66	66	6.6	\$70,					35 cents.
6.6	66	66	\$70	6 6	66	66	\$80,					40 cents.
66	66	6.6	\$80	6 6	66	66	\$100.					45 cents.

A single money order may include any amount from one cent to one hundred dollars inclusive, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

The postmaster of any foreign money order office in the United States -the same being designated by the Postmaster-General-will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the full name and exact residence of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order, to be sent by the remitter to the payee.

Τ.	ne tee	8 011	all s	nteri	uatu	onal orders	s are:	_			
For sums not exceeding \$10,										10 cents.	
6.6	64	over	\$10	and	not	exceeding	\$20,				20 cents.
44	66	6.6	\$20	66	66	66	\$30,				30 cents.
6.6	6.6	66	\$30	6.6	6.6	6.6	\$40,				40 cents.
66	6.6	66	\$40	6 6	4 6	66	\$50,				50 cents.

## MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Offices marked with the asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money-order offices, and as such are authorized to issue money orders for sums payable in the Dominion of Canada and Newfoundland; in Great Britain and Ireland; in the German Empire; in Switzerland; in the Kingdom of Italy; in France and Algeria; in Jamaica; in New Zealand; in New South Wales; in Queensland; in Victoria; in Tasmania; in Cape Colony (South Africa); in Belgium; in Portugal (including the Azores and Madeira Islands); in Sweden; in Norway; in The Netherlands; in British India; in Japan; in the Hawaiian Kingdom (Sandwich Islands); in the Windward Islands; and in the Leeward Ceylon, Egypt, Constantinople, Hong Kong, Bermuda, Falkland Islands, Straits Settlements (Singapore, Penang and Malacca), Western Australia, Gambia, Mauritius, Natal, St. Helena, Trinidad, Malta and Gibraltar.

Abington, Brewster, *Gloucester.

*Adams. *Bridgewater. *Great Barrington. *Amesbury. Brimfield. *Greenfield.

*Amesbury. Brimheid. *Greenfield. *Amherst. *Brockton. Groton. *Andover. Brookfield. Harwich.

Arlington. Campello. Hatfield.
Ashburnham. Canton. *Haverhill.
Ashland. Chatham. Hingham.
Athol. *Chicopee. Hinsdale.
Attleborough. Chicopee Falls. Holbrook.

Attleborough. Chicopee Falls. Holbrook.

Auburndale. City Mills. *Holliston.

*Ayer. *Clinton. *Holyoke.

Baldwinsville. College Hill. Hopkinton.

Ballard Vale. *Concord. Hudson.

Ballard Vale. *Concord. Hudson.
Barnstable. Conway. Huntington.
Barre. Cottage City. Hyannis.
Belchertown. Cummington. Hyde Park.

Berlin. Danvers. Indian Orchard.
*Beverly. *Dedham. Ipswich.
Blackstone. Dennis. Lancaster.

*Boston. East Bridgewater. *Lawrence.

Allston. East Douglas. Lee.

Back Bay. *Easthampton. Leeds.

Base Bay.

*East Pepperell.

*Brookline.

*East Weymouth.

*Combridge,

*Leons.

*Leons.

*Leoninster.

*Leoninster.

*Leoninster.

*Leoninster.

*Leoninster.

*Cambridgeport. *Everett. *Lynn.

*Charlestown. Fairhaven. *Malden.

*Chelsea. *Fall River. Manchester.

*Chelsea. *Fall River. Manchester.

*Dorchester. Fiskdale. Mansfield,

*East Boston. *Fitchburg. Marblehead.

*East Cambridge. Florence. *Marlborough.

*East Cambridge. Florence. *Marlborou *Jamaica Plain. Foxborough. Maynard. Mattapan. Framingham. Medford. No. Cambridge. Franklin. Medway.

*Roxbury. Gardner. Melrose. *Somerville. Georgetown. Merrick. *South Boston. Gilbertville. Methuen.

*Station A, South End. Globe Village. Middleborough.

Miller's Falls.	Keading.	vineyard maven.
Millville.	Rockland.	*Wakefield.
Milton.	Rockport.	Wales.
*Monson.	*Salem.	*Waltham.
Montague.	Sandwich.	*Ware.
Nantucket.	Saugus.	Wareham.
*Natick.	*Saxonville.	Warnerville.
Needham.	*Shelburne Falls.	Warren.
*New Bedford.	Shirley Village.	*Watertown.
*Newburyport.	Southborough.	*Webster.
*Newton.	*Southbridge.	Wellesley.
Newton Centre.	So. Deerfield.	Wellfleet.
Newtonville.	So. Dennis.	*Westborough.
North Abington.	So. Duxbury.	*Westfield.
*North Adams.	*So. Framingham.	*West Gardner.
*Northampton.	So. Gardner.	West Medway.
No. Andover Depot.	So. Hadley.	Westminster.
*No. Attleborough.	So. Hadley Falls.	West Newton.
*Northborough.	So. Lancaster.	West Upton.
*No. Brookfield.	So. Natick.	Weymouth.
Northfield.	Southville.	Whitinsville.
No. Weymouth.	So. Weymouth.	Whitman.
No. Wilbraham.	So. Yarmouth.	Wilbraham.
Orange.	*Spencer.	Williamsburg.
*Orleans.	*Springfield.	Williamstown.
Oxford.	*Stoneham.	Winchendon.
Palmer.	Stoughton.	Winchester.
*Peabody.	Swampscott.	*Woburn.
*Pittsfield.	*Taunton.	Wood's Holl.
*Plymouth.	Templeton.	*Worcester.

# *Turner's Falls. Postal Notes

Yarmouth Port.

Princeton.

For sums not exceeding \$4.99 will be issued and paid at all money-order offices; fee, 3 cents.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERT SISTEM.

Every article of mailable matter bearing a special-delivery stamp, in addition to the lawful postage, will be entitled to an immediate delivery by messenger at any post-office in the United States. The price of the special-delivery stamps is ten cents. They are sold by postmasters in any required amount and to any person who may apply for them; but they can be used only for the purpose of securing the immediate delivery of letters addressed to and received in the mails at any post-office. Under no circumstances are they to be used in the payment of postages of any description, or of the registry fee; nor can any other stamps be employed to secure special delivery except the special-delivery stamps. The special-delivery stamp must be in addition to the lawful postage; and letters not prepaid with at least one full rate of postage, in accordance with the law and regulations, must be treated as held for postage, even though bearing a special-delivery stamp.

Registered letters will be entitled to immediate delivery, the same as ordinary letters, when bearing a special-delivery stamp in addition to the full postage and registry fee required by the law and the regulations.

Special-delivery letters will be delivered by messengers within the carrier limits of a free-delivery office between the hours of 7 A.M. and 11 P.M.; and within a radius of one mile from the post-office at all other offices between 7 A.M. and 9 P.M.

#### RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE.

#### UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION.

The rates for the countries and places which belong to the Postal Union, a list of which is given below, are as follows:—

Prepayment optional, except for registered articles, but on printed matter and samples postage must be at least partially prepaid.

LETTERS, 5 cents per 15 grammes, a weight very slightly over one half ounce. Post Cards, 2 cents each.

PRINTED MATTER, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction. Limit of weight, 4 lbs. 6 oz. Limit of length, except to Great Britain and Germany, 18 inches. To Great Britain and Germany, 24 inches.

COMMERCIAL PAPERS (Insurance Documents, Way Bills, Invoices, Papers of Legal Procedure, Manuscripts of Works, etc.), the same as for printed matter, but the lowest charge is 5 cents. of length, 8 in.; breadth, 4 in.; depth, 2 in. Except to Great Britain, France, Belgium, Ireland, Switzerland, and Argentine Republic, to which countries the limit of weight is 12 oz.; limit of length, 12 in.;

breadth, 8 in.; depth, 4 in.
UNMAILABLE ARTICLES. — All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from foreign mails, also liquids.

Postal cards and letters addressed "Around the World" are unmailable; letters or packets containing gold or silver substances, pieces of money, jewelry, or precious articles, except that gold or silver coin may be sent by mail to and from Canada.

#### COUNTRIES INCLUDED IN POSTAL UNION.

Newfoundland.

Nicaragua.

French Col. Amer.

French Col. Asia.

Argentine Rep.

Austria-Hungary.

French Col. Ocean. Bahamas. Norway. Barbadoes. Paraguay. Germany. Belgium. Great Britain. Persia. Bolivia. Greece. Peru. Bermudas. Greenland. Portugal. Portuguese Col. Afr. Brazil. Guatemala. British W. Africa. Hayti. Portuguese Col. Asia. British W. Indies. Hawaii. Ronmania. British Guiana. Heligoland. Russia. Salvador. British Honduras. Honduras. Sandwich Islands. Bri'ish India. Hong Kong. Bulgaria. Servia. Iceland. Siam. Canada.* Ireland. Ceylon. Italy. Spain. Chili. Jamaica. Spanish Col. Africa.

Spanish Col. Amer. Colombia, U. S. of. Japan. Spanish Col. Asia. Labuan. Congo. Spanish Col. Ocean. Costa Rica. Liberia. Straits Settlements. Danish Col. Luxemburg. St. Vincent. Denmark. Mauritius. Sweden. Dominica Rep. Mexico.* Switzerland. Ecuador. Montenegro. Netherlands. Trinidad. Egypt. Falkland Islands. Netherland Col. Am. Turkey. Netherland Col. Asia. France. Uruguay. Venezuela. French Col. Africa. Netherland Col. Ocean.

^{*} For postage to Canada and Mexico, see special headings.

		New South Wales 12c Queensland 12c	
Caffraria, etc	15c	St. Helena 15c	
Ascension	15c	Transvaal 21c	
Australia (South and West) .	5c	Tasmania, or Van Diemen's	
Fijl and Navigator's Islands .	5c	Land 12c	
Madagascar (except St. Marie,		Victoria (Australia) 12c	
Tamatave and Nossi Be) .	23c	Zanzibar 5c	
New Zealand	12c		

- To Africa (South), including Cape of Good Hope, Caffraria, Natal, Orange Free State, etc., and to St. Helena and Ascension, the postage for newspapers is 4 cts. each, if not over 4 oz., and on other printed matter, and on samples, 5 cts. for each 2 oz. To New South Wales, New Zealand, Queensland, Victoria, and Tasmania, newspapers are 2 cts. each; other printed matter, etc., 4 cts. for 4 oz. To Madagascar, newspapers are 6 cts. each, if not over 4 oz.; Transvad, 5 cts. each, if not over 4 oz.; and other printed matter, and samples, are 7 cts. each 2 oz.
- To Canada, comprising Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, the postage for letters, merchandise and printed matter is the same as in the United States. All matter for Canada must be fully prepaid, except letters, which must be prepaid at least two cents.
- To Mexico the postage for letters and printed matter is the same as in the United States.
- All mail matter may be registered to the above places upon prepayment of ten cents for each address, besides the postage.
- UNMAILABLE MATTER. Liquids ardent, vinous, spirituous or malt, poisons, explosive and inflammable articles, and envelopes and postal cards upon which obscene language is written or printed.
- No letter or circular concerning lotteries, so-called gift concerts, or other similar enterprises, offering prizes, or concerning schemes devised and intended to deceive and defraud the public, for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretences, shall be carried in the mail. Any person who shall knowingly deposit or send anything to be conveyed by mail in violation of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars nor less than one hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution.

#### VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1888.

(BY COUNTIES.)

Note. — The vote given is that for the candidate for elector-at-large on each ticket for whom the most ballots were cast. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the chief candidates for electors-at-large.

#### COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

	_							
TO	W	vs.			Harrison.	Cleveland.	Pisk.	Scattering.
0.					438 197 120 248 314 49 362 249 46 155 418 217 103 184 271	204 83 22 117 46 22 107 62 3 30 91 127 22 42 67	6 5 6 13 21 4 27 25 4 3 18 21 4 8 15	-
		(	COU	XTY	OF BE	RKSHIRE		
Adams, . Alford, . Becket, . Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, . Egremont, Florida, . Great Barrir Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesboroug Lee, .	igto:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			551 23 81 140 83 214 113 56 410 81 107 124 342	474 48 95 145 29 173 82 11 404 25 158 98 321	35 3 22 8 2 15 10 6 46 6 19 2 44	

TOWNS.		Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
Lenox, Monterey, Mt. Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,		128 64 28 118 1305 69 1,474 74 91 86 179 219 64 38 114 304	238 33 8 15 137 791 49 20 1,646 63 93 43 138 220 45 36 185 212 38	13 12 1 2 14 14 16 6 33 2 5 7 13 10 5 3 4 24	
Totals,		6,826	6,073	403	-
	COUNT	TY OF B	RISTOL.		
Acushnet, Attleborough, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven, Fall River, Freetown, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swanzey, Taunton, Westport,		155 664 169 334 236 335 355 351 195 300 3,094 591 187 205 228 117 234 175 2,488 337	33 256 177 36 65 378 111 3,952 29 160 1,421 450 81 43 97 99 90 105 61 1,552 39	6 39 19 18 31 8 35 81 9 55 9 9 5 7 7 15 16 8 8 18 18 15	1
Totals,		14,570	8,985	584	1

то	w	NS.		Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury,		:	:	 40 108 211 10 13 188	26 39 56 7 7 64	20 25 1 4 - 69	
Totals,				570	199	119	-

#### COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury,					886	629	43	_
Andover,	:	:	:		607	311	18	_
Beverly, .	•	:	:	:	1,349	533	38	13
Boxford,	•	:	:		107	51	9	10
Bradford,	•	:	:	•	339	217	6	_
Danvers,.	•			•	776	396	32	38
Essex, .	•	•	•	•	258	119	8	90
Georgetown,	•	٠	•	•	289	168	1	_
Gloucester,	•	•	•	•	2,299	955	9	-
Groveland,	•	•	•	•	2,299	213	7	_
Hamilton,	•	•	•	•	116	70	4	_
Haverhill,	•	•	•	•	2,352			_
	•	•	•	•		1,743	75	_
Ipswich, .	•	•	•		445	232	31	_
Lawrence,	•	•	•	•	2,815	3,055	132	_
Lynn,	•	•	٠	•	4,930	4,114	350	-
Lynnfield,	•	•			115	35	6	-
Manchester,					209	107	32	-
Marblehead,				•	888	966	71	-
Merrimac,	•		•		275	230	44	-
Methuen,					464	237	23	-
Middleton,					116	59	2	_
Nahant, .					50	93	4	-
Newbury,					201	68	5	-
Newburyport	,				1,262	1,117	24	2 3
North Andove	er,				347	293	3	3
Peabody,					886	829	28	_
Rockport,					541	161	2	_
Rowley, .					206	92	2	_
Salem, .					2,740	2,037	60	_
Salisbury,					146	120	27	_
• .								

TOWN	s.		Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
Saugus, Swampscott, . Topsfield, Wenham, . West Newbury,	:	:	 386 371 156 145 262	276 124 60 60 120	29 21 16 5	-
Totals, .			27,560	19,890	1,178	56

#### COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield.					142 127 156 143 195 147 201 84 110 521 80 79 82 47 35	70 73 171 41 69 97 250 112 51 485 11 33 443 3 443 29 167	22 12 13 12 11 40 41 5 7 1 13 5 - 24 16 19	2
	:				119	29	16	-
			:	:	164 598	167 296	19 28	-
Rowe, .	:				69	21 63	12 22	-
Shelburne, Shutesbury,	:		:	:	262 67	34	2	_
Sunderland, Warwick,	:	:	:	:	108 68	36 58	18 1	_
Wendell,				٠	40 65	47 117	8 14	_
Whately,	•	•	•	•			381	
Totals,	•	•	•	٠	4,100	2,854	991	2

TOWNS.		Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
Agawam, Blandford, Brimfield, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holland, Hollyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Springfield, Tolland, Wales, Westfield, West Springfield, Wilbraham, Totals,		145 111 119 166 598 117 117 134 147 349 444 420 57 107 3,868 39 87 905 182	202 68 80 98 850 94 44 69 69 113 240 26 83 71 120 3,101 3,101 34 43 1,018 263 89	12 54 14 2 43 4 4 6 6 2 2 44 13 21 12 4 23 -7 206 -1 5 19 19 18	1
C	OUNTY	OF HA	MPSHIRE		
Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Easthampton, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntungton, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott,		452 239 100 132 370 146 56 90 83 198 137 144 1,004 1,004 71 94	224 131 39 45 318 41 2 55 41 109 136 1,111 28 15 32	47 10 13 10 23 6 9 11 5 10 2 3 1 5 5 5	

TOW	NS.			Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, . Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington,	:	:	:	358 129 462 78 166 112 4,731	234 46 435 21 190 37 3,405	20 13 5 16 54 4	-

#### COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

					i i	1		
Acton, .					265	154	13	_
Arlington,	:	:	•	•	499	477	4	_
Ashby, .		:	•		118	64	15	-
Ashland,	•	•	•	•	264	178	10	_
	٠	•	•	•	232	178	6	-
Ayer, .	٠	•	•					_
Bedford,	٠		•	•	120	62	3	-
Belmont,	•	•		•	183	133	3	-
Billerica,					294	96	8	_
Boxborough,					34	38	-	_
Burlington,					49	65	-	-
Cambridge,					4,330	4,832	240	-
Carlisle, .					81	23	2	-
Chelmsford,					335	123	18	-
Concord,					342	245	-	-
Dracut, .					149	140	3	_
Dunstable,					53	58	1	-
Everett, .					869	389	53	-
Framingham,					848	871	15	_
Groton, .					217	115	3	_
Holliston,					274	294	29	_
Hopkinton,	:				365	441	11	_
Hudson,.	Ĭ	Ĭ.			387	367	85	_
Lexington,	:	:	:		355	220	_	_
Lincoln,	:		:		94	54	9	_
Littleton,	:	:	:	:	148	60	_	_
Lowell, .	:	:	:		5,630	5,228	121	_
Malden, .	•	•	:	•	2,090	1,297	94	
Marlborough	•	•		•	965	1,105	47	
		•	•	•	235	1,103	2	_
Maynard,	٠	•	•	•		625	35	-
Medford,	•	•	•	٠	1,024		42	-
Melrose, .	٠	•	•	•	848	461		_
Natick, .	٠	•	•	٠	859	968	72	-
Newton, .			•		2,086	1,404	112	-

	_										
то	W	NS.			Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.			
North Readin Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Somerville, Stoneham, Stoneham, Stow, Tewksbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsboroug Wakefield, Waltham, Watertown, Wayland, Westford, Wilmington, Winchester, Woburn, Totals,	h,				114 332 499 127 146 3,108 685 94 145 171 237 84 745 216 234 127 483 1,797 35,768	41 199 198 83 41 1,821 420 71 64 58 123 40 524 1,299 456 132 143 77 72 77 438 1,346 28,624	2 27 49 3 6 6 6 6 6 2 12 28 28 1 20 55 43 9 12 1 16 44				
		C	OU:	NTY	OF NAM	NTUCKET					
Nantucket,					487	215	13	-			
COUNTY OF NORFOLK.											
Avon, . Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, . Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, . Foxborough, Franklin,		:			144 123 483 842 372 244 681 70 344 442	141 62 392 702 479 107 544 42 188 227	7 4 9 21 3 12 - 11 32 35	-			

TOWNS.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
Holbrook, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Weymouth, Wrentham, Totals,	298 928 228 292 81 399 292 66 67 71,192 358 166 475 241 212 1,161 203	216 615 92 22 264 53 266 199 49 299 1,181 510 107 418 227 214 1,004 131	6 45 3 50 4 7 13 1 15 27 12 8 8 23 12 13 13 13 14 14 15 23 13 13 13 14 15 23 13 13 14 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	-
Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hansover, Hunson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marlon, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymaouth, Plympton, Rochester,	492 348 2,467 59 205 308 73 253 141 520 69 94 96 220 206 206 619 201 138 837 62 126	493 292 1,550 81 119 258 35 115 75 256 40 108 41 55 89 22 301 116 55 89 22 301 64 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	15 9 123 14  30 8 7 6 6 44  10 3 3 10 9 17 7 6 17 7 9 9 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	

T(	WY.	vs.			Harrison.	Cleveland	Fisk.	Scattering
Rockland, Scituate, Wareham, W. Bridgew Whitman,	ater,	:	:		535 219 222 167 480	473 141 172 83 388	23 50 41 11 42	-
Totals,		•			9,366	6,093	618	-
			COI	UNT	Y OF SU	FFOLK.		
Boston, . Chelsea, . Revere, . Winthrop,	:	:	:	:	27,762 2,721 450 258	36,690 1,538 310 85	777 99 21 24	-
Totals,					31,191	38,623	921	-
		(	cour	YTY	of wo	RCESTER	2.	
						1		
Ashburnhan	1,				263	137	18	_
Athol, .	1,	:	:		263 501 110	137 315 42	18 41 13	-
	1,	:	:		501	315	41	-
Athol, . Auburn, .	1,	:	:	:	501 110	315 42	41 13	-
Athol, . Auburn, . Barre, . Berlin, . Blackstone,	ı,	:			501 110 197 148 249	315 42 102 26 660	41 13 52 19 17	-
Athol, . Auburn, . Barre, . Berlin, . Blackstone, Bolton, .	:			:	501 110 197 148 249 119	315 42 102 26 660 18	41 13 52 19 17	-
Athol, . Auburn, . Barre, . Berlin, . Blackstone, Bolton, . Boylston,	:		:	:	501 110 197 148 249 119 96	315 42 102 26 660 18 19	41 13 52 19 17 17	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield,	:		:		501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276	41 13 52 19 17 17 5	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton,			:		501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 31	
Athol, . Auburn, . Barre, . Berlin, . Blackstone, Bolton, . Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, .	:		:		501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234 871	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 31 10 50	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234 871 70	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889 37	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 31 10 50 29	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234 871	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 31 10 50	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234 871 70	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 . 147 889 37 198 212	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 81 10 50 29	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Fitchburg, Gardner,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234 871 70 180 150 1,953 719	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889 37 198 212 21,334 601	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 5 31 10 50 29 5 5	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 234 871 70 150 150 1,953 719 427	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 - 147 889 37 198 212 1,334 601 219	41 13 52 19 17 5 81 10 50 29 5 71 90 24	
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 284 871 70 180 150 1,953 719 427 231	315 422 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889 37 198 212 1,334 601 219	41 18 52 19 17 17 5 31 10 50 29 5 71 90 24	-
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 236 871 70 180 150 1,953 719 427 231 144	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889 37 198 212 1,334 601 219 120 92	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 31 10 50 29 5 71 90 24 2	1
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Boltstone, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard, Holden,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 286 284 871 70 180 150 1,953 719 427 281 144 244	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889 37 198 212 1,334 601 219 120 92 85	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 81 10 50 29 5 71 90 24 2 4 22	1
Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard,					501 110 197 148 249 119 96 236 871 70 180 150 1,953 719 427 231 144	315 42 102 26 660 18 19 276 147 889 37 198 212 1,334 601 219 120 92	41 13 52 19 17 17 5 31 10 50 29 5 71 90 24 2	1

TOWN	s.		Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Scattering.
Lancaster, Leicester, Leicester, Leominster, Lunenburg, Mendon, Milford, Milford, Milford, Milford, Morthbrough, Northbridge, Northbrough, Northbrough, Northoridge, Northorough, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Princeton, Royalston, Royalston, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southbridge, Sterling, Sterling, Sterling, Sterling, Sturbridge, Stutton, Templeton, Uybton, Uybton, Uybton, Uybton, West Broskfield, Westborough, West Broskfield, West Broskfield, West Broskfield, Westminster, Winchendon, Worcester,			243 315 950 950 152 133 759 80 62 200 327 414 80 246 149 120 66 140 181 80 199 202 474 222 169 333 307 224 323 327 170 221 497 7,313	81 228 345 345 65 875 233 38 114 210 393 38 118 35 66 68 45 170 456 62 125 153 179 226 338 179 129 129 129 139 139 149 159 169 179 179 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 18	7 5 5 40 22 2 5 39 8 - 12 2 25 9 28 8 - 8 14 26 6 16 4 4 12 37 8 7 26 25 11 6 60 17 66 60 10 10 10 46 6 245 5	
Totals, .	•	•	25,005	17,939	1,501	1

Aggregate of Votes for Presidential Electors-at-large for 1888.

	arodio II A			
ЗК.	Лоћп Віясѣтет.	180 406 584 119 1,178	381 511 325 1,517 13 448 608 921 1,504	8,695
Fisk.	Латев Н. Коретів.	180 403 584 119	381 510 325 1,519 13 449 618 921 1,501	8,701
CLEVELAND.	George М. Stearns.	1,045 6,073 8,985 199 19,890	2,854 9,181 3,405 28,624 216 8,729 6,093 38,623 17,939	151,855
CLEVE	John Boyle O'Reilly.	1,044 6,070 8,972 199 19,812	28,552 3,177 28,570 28,570 8,720 6,086 38,540 17,930	151,590
Robinson R. Tilliam F. Traper.		3,371 6,829 14,574 569	9,575 9,575 4,730 35,737 10,731 9,366 31,174 25,008	183,842
Пляв	George D.	3,371 6,826 14,570 570 27,560	4,100 9,577 4,731 35,768 10,770 9,366 31,191 25,005	183,892
		• • • • •		٠
				٠
	ES.		• • • • • • • • •	٠
	COUNTIES.	• • • •		•
	00	• • • •		•
		Barnstable, Berkshire, Bristol, Dukes,	Franklin, Hampshire, Middleeex, Nantucket, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, Suffolk, Worcester,	Totals, .

# Popular Vote of all the States for President. A Comparative Table based on Official Returns.

[From the Boston Journal.]

		1888.	20 20			1884.	84.	
STATES.	REPUBLI- CAN.	DEMOCRAT.	PROHIBI- TION.	LABOR.	REPUBLI- CAN.	DEMOCRAT.	PROHIBI- TION.	GREEN
	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Streeter.	Blaine.	Cleveland.	St. John.	But
Alabama.	57.197	117,310	583	ı	59,591	93,951	612	
Arkansas	58,752	85,962	614	10,613	50,895	72,927	1	
California, .	124,809	117,729	5,761	1,591	102,416	89,288	2,920	64
Colorado	50,766	37,542	2,100	1,265	36,290	27,723	191	
Connecticut, .	74,584	74,920	4,234	240	65,923	62,199	2,305	
Delaware	12,973	16,414	400	8	12,951	16,964	22	
Florida,	26,659	39,561	403	1	28,031	31,766	7.2	
Georgia,	40,443	100,472	1,802	136	48,603	94,667	195	
Illinois,	370,473	348,272	21,695	7,090	337,474	312,355	12,074	](
Indiana,	263,361	261,013	9,881	2,694	238,463	244,990	3,028	~
Iowa.	211,598	179,877	8,550	9,105	197,089	177,316	1,472	
Kansas,	182,914	102,738	6,452	36,236	154,406	90,132	4,495	1(
Kentucky	155,134	183,800	5,225	622	118,122	152,961	3,139	
Louisiana.	30,701	85,032	1	1	46,347	62,540	1	
Maine.	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	72,209	52,140	2,160	-
Maryland	986,986	106,168	4,766	1	85,639	96,932	2,794	

175	150,369	4,874,986	4,851,981	143,960	250,076	5,530,452	5,433,765	Total,
4	7,656	146,459	161,157	8,552	14,277	155,282	176,553	Wisconsin, .
	939	67,317	63,096	1	1	75,558	75,052	West Virginia, .
	138	145,497	139,356	1	1,678	151,977	150,438	Virginia,
	1,752	17,331	39,514	ı	1,459	16,788	45,192	Vermont,
n	3,534	225,309	93,141	29,459	4,749	234,882	88,422	Texas,
	1,131	133,258	124,078	,	5,969	158,779	138,988	Tennessee
	1	068,69	21,733	ı	1	65,825	13,740	South Carolina, .
	928	12,391	19,030	1	1,281	17,533	21,960	Rhode Island
16	15,283	392,785	473,804	3,865	20,478	446,520	526,091	Pennsylvania
	492	24,604	56,860	363	1,677	26,524	33,293	Oregon.
5	11,069	368,280	400,082	3,496	24,356	396,455	116,054	Obio
	454	142,952	125,068	. 1	. 1	147,902	134,784	North Carolina.
16	25,016	563,154	562,005	2,668	30,231	635,965	650,337	New York,
ಣ	6,159	127,798	123,440	,	106,7	151,493	144,344	New Jersey.
	1,571	39,183	43,249	1	1,570	43,444	45,728	New Hampshire.
	1	5,578	7,193	F	97	5,326	7.238	Nevada.
	2,899	54,391	76,912	4,226	0,429	80,552	108,425	Nebraska.
	2,153	235,988	202,929	15,853	4,954	261,957	236,325	Missouri.
	,	76,510	43,509	ı	218	85,476	30,096	Mississippi.
3	4,684	70,144	111,923	1	15,000	99,664	136,359	Minnesota
42	18,403	149,835	192,669	4,543	20,942	213,404	236,370	Michigan.
2.4	10,026	122,481	146,724	1	8,701	151,855	183,892	Massachusetts

#### VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

(BY COUNTIES.)

#### COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

то	Wì	NS.			Ames.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.
Barnstable, Bourne, . Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, . Provincetown Sandwich, Truro, .					428 195 112 248 314 49 364 249 46 155 418 218	210 83 30 117 46 22 105 62 3 30 91 126 22	6 5 6 14 21 4 27 27 4 3 18 21 41 8	1
Wellfleet, Yarmouth, Totals,	:	:	:	:	3,352	42 67 1,056	221	1

#### COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

TOWNS.	Атев.	Russell.	Earle.	All other
Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,	131 61 28 15 118 1,306 68 49 1,453 74 91 86 178 218 64 36 113 302 82 6798	239 36 8 15 138 787 51 20 1,666 63 94 43 140 219 45 36 217 38	13 12 14 14 14 15 6 6 35 2 2 5 7 14 12 2 4 4 23 1 14 14 15 4 4 4 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1
COUNT	Y OF BI	RISTOL.		
Acushnet, Attleborough, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven, Fairhaven, Fall River, Freetown, Mansheld, New Bedford, North Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swanzey, Taunton, Westport,	155 669 167 331 235 431 330 4,073 195 299 3,039 3,039 184 205 226 117 225 176 2,432 38	33 256 19 36 65 316 109 3,967 29 2159 1,446 456 81 455 96 99 104 61 1,559 38	6 41 19 21 31 6 6 6 98 9 57 104 6 6 7 13 13 16 8 8	22

14,434

Totals,

8,974

610

5

ТО	Wì	NS.		Ames.	Russeil.	Earle.	All others.
Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, . Tisbury, .			:	 40 99 208 10 13 185	26 41 57 7 7 65	20 29 1 4 - 71	- - - - -
Totals,				555	203	125	

#### COUNTY OF ESSEX.

					007	007	40	
Amesbury,	٠				881	637	43	_
Andover,	٠	•			595	316	16	_
Beverly, .					1,313	542	36	2
Boxford,.					106	52	10	
Bradford,					339	219	4	_
Danvers, .					765	401	36	15
Essex, .					258	118	8	1
Georgetown,					291	165	2	-
Gloucester,					2,284	968	12	-
Groveland,					214	222	8	-
Hamilton,					114	70	4	-
Haverhill,					2,333	1,759	72	1
Ipswich, .					435	241	33	-
Lawrence,					2,590	3,234	151	-
Lynn, .					4,892	4,116	352	-
Lynnfield,					114	36	6	-
Manchester,					191	120	33	-
Marblehead,					902	1,005	40	-
Merrimac,					275	226	46	-
Methuen,					456	244	24	-
Middleton,					114	61	2	-
Nahant, .					50	90	4	_
Newbury,					203	67	4	_
Newburyport					1,257	1,129	26	2
North Andov	er.				351	294	3	-
Peabody,	,				869	830	40	2
Rockport,					536	169	2	_
Rowley, .	:				202	93	2	1
Salem, .	:			:	2,738	2,007	68	_
Salisbury,	:				145	120	27	-
Saugus, .	:	:	:	:	372	280	• 31	-
Swampscott,		•		•	372	120	21	_
o wantpacou,	•	•	•	•	012	120	21	
						1		

ТО	W.S	īs.			Атен.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.
Topsfield, Wenham,				:	155 142	60 61	15 6	_
West Newbur	·y-,				244	131	14	1
Totals,					27,098	20,203	1,201	25
			COU	NTY	OF FR.	NKLIN.		
Ashfield,.					143	68	26	_
Bernardston,					124	76	11	-
Buckland,					157	166	17	_
Charlemont,					141	41	12	_
Colrain,					194	70	11	-
Conway, .					145	96	43	_
Deerfield,					201	273	41 .	-
Erving, .	•	•	٠		82	113	6	_
Gill,	•	•	•	•	111	51	_	
Greenfield,	•	•	-		525	483	32	_
TT I	•	•			80	11	7	_
	•	•		- 1	79	35	í	-
Heath, . Leverett,	•				81	45	13	1
Leyden, .		•		٠	46	31	6	1
Monroe, .		•		•	35	3		_
					396	440	99	_
Montague, New Salem,								_
New Salem,	•				119	29	16	_
Northfield,		*			169	167	14	-
Orange, .					595	295	28	-
Rowe, .				- 1	67	21	13	-
Shelburne,					262	63	22	-
Shutesbury,		٠			67	34	2	-
Sunderland,		٠			107	36	18	1
Warwick,					69	57	1	-
Wendell,					40	47	S	-
Whately,	٠	٠	•		66	117	13	
Totals,	•				4,101	2,868	383	1
			COU	NT	Y OF HA	MPDEN.		
Agawam,		_			144	201	12	_
Blandford,		•			111	69	5	_
Brimfield,		•	•	.	117	80	15	_
		•	•	.	111	00	10	_

TOWN	s.		Δmes.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.
Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holland, Hollyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Springfield, Tolland, Wales, Westfield, West Springfield, Wilbraham, Totals,			165 567 116 98 29 1,471 154 148 348 348 58 107 3,559 90 86 90 90 9,516	98 853 95 69 15 2,141 108 58 242 26 399 72 120 3,090 34 43 1,021 264 90	2 43 4 6 2 2 42 2 14 22 24 27 7 7 211 1 48 11 18	1
	СО	UNTY	OF HA	MPSHIRE		
Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Northampton, Pelham, Pelham, Piainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware,	:		459 238 100 134 363 147 56 66 69 91 81 191 187 142 53 1,007 71 71 71 71 81 81 81 81 83 83 83 84 88	223 130 39 40 320 40 2 54 44 43 109 136 101 1,106 1,106 2,28 23 23 46 444 440	48 11 13 14 27 6 9 11 5 10 2 2 3 3 2 2 54 5 3 3 12 14 11 27 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1

TOW	NS.			Атев.	Вивве]].	Earle.	All others.
Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington,	:	:	:	75 166 112	23 190 37	17 54 4	=
Totals, .	٠	•	٠	4,712	3,409	335	1
	(	COU	NTY	OF MID	DLESEX.		
Acton, Arlington, Arlington, Ashby, Ashby, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Cambridge, Carlisle, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Everett, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Madden, Marlborough, Maynard, Medford, Medford, Medrord, Newton, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading,				247 493 118 261 231 120 175 293 31 49 4,066 80 333 844 149 53 825 850 217 272 355 336 349 94 151 272 949 2355 974 111 330 446	163 479 64 181 198 60 139 96 139 96 4,953 24 124 229 57 406 869 115 296 5,274 1,332 1,311 189 657 460 982 1,382 1,111 189 657 400 982 1,382	14 5 15 16 6 3 8 8 2 2 18 2 2 18 10 12 12 12 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	5

то	W1	SS.			Ames.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.
Sherborn, Shirley, Somerville, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsboroug Wakefield, Waltham, Wayland, Westford, Westford, Wilmington, Winchester, Woburn,	b,				128 145 2,921 669 94 145 169 237 87 725 1,729 215 124 4,947 1,037	\$2 41 1,852 426 71 64 56 124 40 532 1,319 462 134 142 77 425 1,367	3 6 107 64 2 133 28 28 25 9 47 7 17 17 56 1,664	99
		С	OUN	VTY	OF NAM	TUCKET		
Nantucket,				٠	485	216	14	-
			COT	UNT	Y OF NO	ORFOLK.		
Avon, Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Millon,					140 122 489 836 298 248 671 71 346 438 300 877 225 290 81	140 622 378 700 538 101 540 41 183 227 214 631 92 268 58 53	10 4 11 22 5 12 - 11 32 35 56 3 50 4 8	3 3

TOWNS.	Ames.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.
Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Welpele, Wellesley, Weymouth, Wrentham, Totals,	2\$2 65 372 1,161 354 163 465 237 208 1,161 259	203 48 297 1,185 514 104 416 227 211 1,001 133	16 3 15 44 12 12 24 15 16 74 3	1 5
Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland,	490 349 2,386 2,486 204 304 73 2254 137 516 68 209 94 94 96 219 200 576 60 139 835 60 126 538	492 292 1,604 81 120 257 36 115 74 287 42 2107 40 58 82 22 337 76 653 635 31	15 9 123 14 - 31 7 7 6 6 44 10 10 22 27 7 7 7 7 9 9 36 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	33
Scituate, South Scituate, Wareham, West Bridgewater, Whitman,	219 198 223 165 474	140 116 171 81 394	51 17 42 11 41	- - - 1

9,211

Totals,

6,181

624

NWN	s.			Λmes.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.
2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 100 111 122 13 14 15 122 22 23 24				1,564 609 802 979 886 264 248 348 348 1,001 804 2,252 1477 1,559 920 656 651 1,292 1,548 998 1,470 2,082 677 1,733 2,435	1,187 1,630 1,424 1,171 1,268 1,505 1,506 1,543 1,416 2,602 1,416 2,602 1,433 1,610 1,497 1,295 1,992 2,210 1,202 1,193 1,205 1,902 1,208 1,190 1,208 1,190 1,208 1,190 1,208 1,190 1,208 1,190 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208 1,208	64 13 44 49 47 10 14 7 7 49 39 51 19 65 25 36 64 51 31 47 66 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 4 4
:	:	:	:	27,198 2,551 445 234	36,651 1,624 310 107	1,027 120 28 28	39 3 - -
				30,428	38,692	1,203	42
	(	COUL	TY	OF WO	RCESTER		
				261 502 110 197 150 248 114 96 281	139 315 42 100 24 660 18 19 275	17 41 13 51 18 17 22 5	1
	rd 1 23 34 45 66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 114 15 116 177 122 233 224 25	2,	rd 1,	rd 1,	rd 1, 1,564 2, 699 3, 802 4, 979 5, 886 6, 264 7, 348 8, 598 9, 1,001 10, 804 11, 2,252 12, 4:77 13, 317 14, 1,539 15, 920 16, 656 17, 1,292 18, 1,548 19, 998 20, 1,470 21, 2,082 22, 667 23, 1,733 24, 2,435 25, 867   COUNTY OF WOI	rd 1, 1,564	rd 1,

TOW	XS.			Ames.	Russell,	Earle.	All other
Dana,				71	36	29	-
Douglas,				180	198	5	_
Dudley,				153	214	5	-
Fitchburg, .		-		1,954	1,331	62	-
Gardner, .				719	598	95	-
Grafton,		-		423	220	25	-
Hardwick, .		:		230	122	2	-
Harvard,				145	91	4	- - - 1
Holden, .				244	85	22	-
Hopedale, .				176	53	7	
Hubbardston,				144	74	30	_
Lancaster, .				242	81	8	-
Leicester, .		-		314	226	5	-
Leominster, .				948	346	41	-
Lunenburg, .				153	32	24	i -
Mendon,				132	67	6	2 -
Milford,				744	886	43	2
Millbury, .				379	232	8	-
New Braintree,		-		62	38		-
Northborough,				192	113	18	-
Northbridge, .				325	210	41	-
North Brookfield	1, .			415	393	24	-
Oakham, .				77	38	11	-
Oxford,				239	188	29	-
Paxton,				80	28	2	-
Petersham, .				120	74	8	-
Phillipston, .				66	18	-	-
Princeton, .				139	35	- 8	-
Royalston, .				179	56	15	-
Rutland,				80 200	68	26	- - 1
Shrewsbury, .					82	17	
Southborough,				196	170 484	5	-
Southbridge, .	•	-	•	476 596	530	10	1
Spencer, .	•			219	930 64	37	- - - -
Sterling, .	•			170	124	. 9	-
Sturbridge, .		-		192	154	27	-
Sutten,				303			-
Templeton, .	٠			222	171 140	29 21	-
Upton,	•	-		329	227	16	-
Uxbridge, . Warren, .		•		331	326	63	-
Warren, .	•			401	499	19	1
Webster, . Westborough,	٠		•	401	348	71	1
West Poulet	٠		•	221	548 87		-
West Boylston,				174	169	20 6	-
West Brookfield	, .	•		221	81	10	-
Westminster,	•		•	491	175		-
Winchendon, Worcester, .	:	:	:	7,264	5,333	50 259	_
Totals, .				24,831	17,956	1,563	7

COUNT	IES.			Ames.	Russell.	Earle.	All others.	
Barnstable, Berkshire, Bristol, Dukes, Dukes, Essex, Franklin, Hampden, Hampden, Hamtucket, Nantucket, Plymouth, Suffolk, Worcester,				3,352 6,798 14,434 555 27,098 4,101 9,516 4,712 34,772 485 10,556 9,211 30,428 24,831	1,056 6,197 8,974 203 20,203 2,868 9,188 3,409 28,976 8,751 6,181 38,692 17,956	221 415 610 125 1,201 383 514 335 1,664 14 502 624 1,203 1,563	1 1 5 - 25 1 2 1 17 - 5 4 42 7	
Totals, .				180,849	152,780	9,374	111	
For Governor.  Oliver Ames of Easton,								
	For	· L	ieu	tenant-	Govern	nor.		
John Q. A. Brackett of Arlington,								
For S Henry B. Pe William N. ( Henry C. Sm	irce Osgo	of 2	Abin of E	gton, . Boston,		onwealt · ·	2h. 186,527 149,063 8,709	
All others, .							46	

Henry C. Thacher of Yarmouth,				149,274
John M. Fisher of Attleborough,				8,730
All others,				58
For Audit	or.			
Charles R. Ladd of Springfield,				186,562
William A. Williams of Worceste	r, .			148,871
Edmund M. Stowe of Hudson,.				8,704
All others,				141
For Attorney-G	lener	al.		
Andrew J. Waterman of Pittsfield				186,364
Samuel O. Lamb of Greenfield,	,			149,125
Allen Coffin of Nantucket, .				8,730
All others,				61
For Executive Co	un ail	llon		
FOI BACCURIVE CO	uncn	LIUI	ъ.	
DISTRICT NO	. 1.			
Isaac N. Keith of Bourne, .				23,830
John M. Hathaway of Fairhaven,				12,610
Henry C. Coombs of Middleborou	gh,			1,312
Benjamin F. Hathaway of Fairhay	en,			473
Nathaniel S. Cushing of Middlebox	_			406
All others,				4
DISTRICT NO	. 2.			
Arthur W. Tufts of Boston, .				25,193
George O. Wentworth of Stought				20,347
Hiram B. Cross of Boston, .				933
All others,				3

	0						
William E. Plummer	r of 1	Vewto	on,				16,714
Sylvanus C. Small o	f Wi	nches	ter,				854
All others,	٠		•			•	11
	Dist	RICT	No.	4.			
Edward J. Flynn of	Bost	on,					22,362
Joseph C. Tyler of I	Bosto	n,					15,372
Melbourne A. Marks	of I	Bosto	n,				371
All others,						•	21
	Dist	RICT	No.	5.			
Augustus Mudge of	Dan	vers,					23,331
William Stopford of							15,755
Ezra Woodbury of S	Salem	ι,					1,011
All others,		•					7
	Dist	RICT	No.	6.			
Francis Jewett of L	owel	1,					25,245
Charles J. Williams							19,289
James K. Fellows of	f Lov	vell,					1,098
	Dist	RICT	No.	7.			
George W. Johnson	of B	rooki	field,				26,321
Ransom C. Taylor o							18,786
Charles M. Bowers					•		1,541
•	Dist	TRICT	No.	8.			
Levi J. Gunn of Gre	eenfle	ld,					23,210
Christopher C. Mer			ringf	ield,			20,339
Roland F. Alger of		_	-		٠.		1,539
All others,							4

#### (BY DISTRICTS.)

# ${\it Congressional\ District\ No.\ 1.}$

TOWNS.	TOWNS.		Cummings.	Delano.	Miller.	All others.
Acushnet, Brinstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Cottage City, Dartmouth, Dennis, Dighton, Eastham, Edgartown, Fairhaven, Fairhaven, Falmouth, Freetown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Lakeville, Marion, Mashpee, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Nanucket, New Bedford, Orleans, Provincetown, Rehoboth, Rochester, Sandwich, Seekonk, Somerset, Swanzey, Tisbury, Truro, Wareham, Wellfleet, Westport, Yarmouth,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	148 439 195 120 248 40 97 3 83 314 233 40 211 249 41 249 45 46 47 47 49 48 48 49 48 49 48 49 48 49 48 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	47 2 65 3,908 17 1 10 137 398 - - 12 103 76 39 - - 12 103	232 201 822 202 116 65 65 66 205 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 822 111 8	6 6 6 5 6 6 13 20 23 12 11 31 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	12 12 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Totals, .		14,588	5,103	3,468	809	36

TOWNS.	30°	ıcy.	lips.	Josiah A. Quincy.	All others.
	Morse.	Quincy.	Phillips.	Josi	All
Abington, Attleborough, Avon, Berkley, Braintree, Bridgewater, Broekton, Carver, Canton, Carver, Canton, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Holbrook, Hull, Kingston, Mansfield, N. Attleborough, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Quincy, Randolph, Raynham, Roekland, Scituate, Sharon, Stoughton, Taunton, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, Taunton, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, Whitman,	450 626 128 168 468 344 2,333 58 397 224 198 385 282 72 234 133 471 284 473 290 211 473 191 110 806 63 349 205 205 211 110 211 110 211 110 211 211 211 211	520 220 153 18 402 298 1,390 80 477 125 331 272 35 330 229 518 116 168 198 94 1,230 431 126 81 126 81 126 127 128 129 129 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130	13 35 9 19 4 3 94 14 2 21 11 - 2 31 6 33 2 - 7 5 1 1 2 2 3 1 4 6 6 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 4 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	294	1
Totals,	17,072	13,388	719	294	20

TOWNS.	Andrew.	Beard.	Shugg.	All others
Boston, Wards 11, 17, 18, 19, 2, 21, 22, 23, 24, and Precincts 3 and 4 of 15,	16,060 278	14,416 361	277 6	31
Totals,	16,338	14,780	283	31

# Congressional District No. 4.

TOWNS.	O'Neil.	Morrison.	Whiteomb	All others.
Boston, Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 16, Precinct 2, 3 and 4 of 8, and 1 and 2 of 15,	14,749	6,718	187	42

# Congressional District No. 5.

TO	WN	rs.			Вапкв.	Higginson.	Kendall.	All others.	
Arlington, Belmout, Boston, War	d= 9	. 10.	25. 2	ır.d	479 178	490 138	3	1 -	
Precinct 1					2,917	2,748	64	15	
Burlington, Cambridge,	•	•	•		49 4,232	65 4,937	199	4	
Lexington,		:		:	343	229	-	-	
Somerville,					3,193	1,828	54	-	
Waltham,					1,865	1,237	26	-	
Watertown,					584	464	35	-	
Woburn,			-		1,089	1,329	40	-	
Totals,					14,929	13,465	424	20	

то	WN	ıs.		Lodge.	Usher.	Crosman.	All others
Boston, Wardchelsea, . Everett, . Lynn, . Malden, . Medford, Melrose, . Nahant, . Reading, . Revere, . Saugus, . Stoneham, . Swampscott, . Wakefield, . Winchester, . Winthrop,		4 a	nd 5,	3,093 2,743 872 4,917 2,108 1,080 861 103 449 438 388 662 575 742 517 250	3,544 1,524 388 4,141 1,276 570 455 38 210 327 279 430 118 533 - 388 83	79 88 49 295 88 32 36 4 45 16 23 59 21 13 10 27	1
Totals,				19,598	14,304	885	4

# Congressional District No. 7.

то	TOWNS.	Roads.	Gregory.	All others.				
Amesbury, Beverly, . Boxford, . Bradford, Danvers, Essex, . Georgetown, Gloucester, Groveland, Hamilton, Haverhill, Ipswich, . Lynnfield,					863 1,234 102 328 743 248 285 2,210 213 112 2,180 442 104	659 643 52 218 445 129 170 1,048 223 74 1,923 241 46	39 39 9 6 32 7 7 3 10 8 4 61	-

TOWN	s.		Cogswell.	Roads.	Gregory.	All others.
Manchester, . Marblehead, . Merrimae, . Middleton, . Newbury, . Newburyport, . Peabody, . Rockport, . Rowley, . Salem, . Salisbury, . Topsfield, . Wenham, . West Newbury, .			213 760 250 115 195 1,216 847 538 197 2,732 138 151 138 242	100 1,121 266 61 71 1,158 874 167 100 2,040 129 64 65 137	34 42 31 24 4 23 23 23 2 1 68 25 18 7 14	-

# ${\it Congressional\ District\ No.\ 8.}$

то	W	vs.		Greenhalge.	Donovan.	Glidden.	All others.
Acton, Andover, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Bolton, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Harvard, Lancaster,				268 614 118 242 124 285 117 34 81 334 341 154 53 218 147 245	159 298 64 186 53 100 18 38 22 123 234 135 56 114 91	12 18 15 5 3 8 19 - 2 19 - 3 3 3 7	3

TOWN	īs.		Greenhalge.	Donovan.	Glidden.	All others.
Lawrence, Littleton, Lowell, Lunenburg, Methuen, North Andover, North Reading, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, Wilmington, Totals,			2,824 52 5,709 154 472 361 117 830 145 94 172 240 84 234 130	3,017 54 5,101 31 229 282 38 201 41 70 55 122 40 143 74	112 	- - 4 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

# Congressional District No. 9.

TOV	VNS.		Candler.	Burnett.	Park.	All others.
Ashland, Beilingham, Berlin, Berlin, Blackstone, Brookline, Clinton, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Framkin, Holliston, Hopedale, Hopkinton, Hudson, Hyde Park,	:		250 121 146 238 915 843 8677 71 363 806 452 267 183 448 368 907	192 64 29 675 630 917 550 41 178 913 220 307 54 364 393 647	1 4 18 18 19 47 11 22 13 31 25 4 9 76 37	

TOWNS.				Candler.	Burnett.	Park.	All others.
Lincoln, Marlborough, Maynard, Medfield, Medway, Mendon, Milford, Millis, Natick, Needham, Newton, Norfolk, Northborough, Norwood, Sherborn, Soutborough, Sudbury, Walpole, Wayland, Wellesley, Westborough, Westborough, Westborough,				84 9111 219 445 289 751 751 751 831 290 1,948 62 119 119 119 125 232 213 2467 1467 1467 1467 1467	69 1,161 206 71 175 771 889 60 01,903 1,903 195 118 805 91 205 75 5 136 87 143	1 39 1 3 4 4 6 6 31 2 5 4 1 1 1 7 6 6 2 1 1 1 1 4 1 0 6 2 3 3	1
Totals, .	•			15,714	13,678	719	2

# Congressional District No. 10.

T	TOWNS.					Sayleв.	Allen.	All others.
Auburn, . Barre, . Boylston, Brimfield, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, . Dudley, .					90 178 78 108 255 222 174 134	59 104 24 83 291 148 201 228	54 5 16 33 9 5 6	9 - 1 - 1 -

TOWN	s.		Walker.	Sayles.	Allen,	All others.
Grafton, Hardwick, Holden, Holland, Leicester, Millbury, New Braintree, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Stutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Wairen, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Worcester,			330 225 185 25 292 307 78 323 78 200 66 134 468 468 551 194 137 131 1214 317 214 316 63 551 194 137 131 1214 316 63 54 55 56 57 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	302 122 113 19 238 305 305 38 211 427 39 220 34 35 81 85 568 75 142 178 433 433 433 433 626 103 110 5,625	24 44 1 4 7 -3 24 9 27 38 26 17 10 33 9 7 26 18 15 16 16 16 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Totals, .			13,965	12,050	834	20

# Congressional District No. 11.

то	WNS	3.		Wallace.	Skinner.	Cowell.	All others.
Amherst, Ashfield,. Ashburnham, Athol, .	:	:		349 144 262 505	310 61 136 311	41 29 18 41	-

то	WNS		Wallace.	Skinner.	Cowell.	АН отвеги.
Belchertown, Bernardston, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Chesterfield, Colrain, Conway, Cummington, Dana, Perrield, Easthampton Enfield, Erving, Fitchburg, Gardner, Gill, Greenwich, Hadley, Hawley, Hatheld, Hawley, Hubbardston, Huntington, Leominster, Leyden, Wontague, Montague, Montague, Northampton Northfield, Orange, Pelham, Petersham, Phillipston, Plainfield, Prescott, Rowe, Royalston, Shelburne, Shutesburne, Shutesburne,			229 126 139 96 195 141 148 70 205 351 146 80 2,366 719 111 50 90 128 176 128 1488 145 145 146 52 2,466 52 34 397 122 924 169 120 66 69 182 2280 87	141 73 169 41 40 9 95 77 38 270 333 41 13 941 42 127 145 11 15 52 125 75 106 344 42 29 1,168 164 295 30 74 18 65 66 64 34	10 11 19 14 13 11 14 12 28 34 25 60 90 - 1 12 28 37 12 28 37 12 28 37 13 28 37 13 28 37 13 28 37 13 28 37 13 28 37 13 28 37 13 37 13 13 14 28 14 28 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	

TOWI	īs.		Wallace.	Skinner.	Cowell.	All others.
South Hadley, Southampton, Sunderland, Templeton, Ware, Warwick, Wendell, Westhampton, Westminster, Whately, Williamsburg, Winchendon, Worthington,			327 129 108 309 451 69 49 74 221 57 146 493 99	26 47 36 170 445 57 39 24 81 126 219 170 52	20 12 18 25 3 1 7 17 10 13 44 51 3	

# Congressional District No. 12.

TOWNS	3.		Rockwell.	Ely.	Cuther.	All others.
Adams, Alford, Agawam, Becket, Blandford, Cheshire, Chester, Chicopee, Clarksburg, Dalton, Egremont, Florida, Granville, Grat Barrington, Hampden, Hancock, Lanesborough,			554 23 143 84 111 152 159 602 83 216 115 56 112 410 98 81 110	472 48 207 93 67 143 104 849 29 171 81 10 95 405 68 25 155 98	36 3 9 22 5 8 2 41 1 2 15 9 6 4 4 5 6 6 6	1

TOWNS.	Rockwell.	Ely.	Cutler.	All others.
Lee,	341 218 159 189 351 60 39 28 116 1,313 66 420 49 1,533 103 3,939 224 36 64 183 103 3,939 224 36 64 857 857 857 857 857 857 857 857 857 857	322 162 106 30 30 36 30 8 8 12 139 51 396 63 74 94 43 137 118 3,029 218 35 40 35 40 36 43 31 31 36 43 43 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 3	44 12 13 19 24 12 1 1 2 14 14 16 26 6 6 32 2 5 7 12 5 183 11 1 6 4 4 39 10 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 2
Totals,	 14,853	12,826	811	7

DISTRICT No. 1.			
Charles S. Randall of New Bedford,			14,588
John W. Cummings of Fall River, .			5,103
George Delano of Rochester,			3,468
William Miller of Swanzey,			809
All others,			36
DISTRICT No. 2.			
			17 070
Elijah A. Morse of Canton, Josiah Quincy of Quincy,	•	•	17,072
William H. Phillips of Taunton,	•	•	13,388 719
	•	•	294
Josiah A. Quincy of Quincy,	•	•	294
All others,	•	•	20
DISTRICT No. 3.			
John F. Andrew of Boston,			16,338
Alanson W. Beard of Boston, . :			14,780
Henry W. Shugg of Boston,			283
All others,			31
DISTRICT No. 4.			
Joseph H. O'Neil of Boston,			14,749
Peter Morrison of Boston,			6,718
Frederic G. Whitcomb of Boston, .			187
All others,			42
DISTRICT No. 5.			
			14,929
Nathaniel P. Banks of Waltham, . Thomas Wentworth Higginson of Cambr	· idaa	•	13,465
	luge,	•	424
Edward Kendall of Cambridge, All others,	•	•	20
All others,	•	•	20
DISTRICT No. 6.			
Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, .	•	•	19,598
Roland G. Usher of Lynn,	•	•	14,304
George A. Crossman of Swampscott,	•	•	885
All others,	•	•	4

William Cogswell of Salem,	•	•	16,796
Samuel Roads, Jr., of Marblehead, .			12,224
James J. H. Gregory of Marblehead,		•	548
DISTRICT No. 8.			
Frederic T. Greenhalge of Lowell, .	•	٠	14,493
John J. Donovan of Lowell,	•	•	11,273
Nathaniel A. Glidden of Chelmsford,	•	•	455
All others,	•	•	9
DISTRICT No. 9.			
John W. Candler of Brookline, .			15,714
Edward Burnett of Southborough, .			13,678
John C. Park of Newton,		•	719
All others,			2
DISTRICT No. 10.			
Joseph H. Walker of Worcester, .			13,965
Irving B. Sayles of Millbury,			12,050
Charles G. Allen of Barre,	•	٠,٠	834
All others,			20
·	•	•	
DISTRICT No. 11.			
Rodney Wallace of Fitchburg,	•		15,335
William Skinner of Holyoke,			11,519
Hervey S. Cowell of Ashburnham, .		٠	1,128
All others,		•	2
DISTRICT No. 12.			
Francis W. Rockwell of Pittsfield, .			14,853
Henry W. Ely of Westfield,		•	12,826
Henry Cutler of Wilbraham,	•	•	811
All others,	•	•	7
•		-	•

## CHIEF OF THE DISTRICT POLICE, RUFUS R. WADE.

# JAMES P. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

CENTRAL OFFICE: Commonwealth Building, Boston.

[See chapters 113 and 389, and section 13, chapter 426 of the Acts of ISSS.]

John T. White;*  Everett D. Eldredge,* Josiah A. Bean,† Joseph H. L. Coon,* Joseph A. Moore,* Joseph H. L. Coon,* Joseph H. Suffolk County, Joseph H. Suffolk County, Joseph H. Suffolk County, Joseph H. Suffolk County, Samuel C. Hunt,* Francis A. Osgood,* Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Chadwick,* Joseph E. Chadwick,* Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Joseph H. White,† Joseph E. Shaw,† Josep	
Everett D. Eldredge,* Josiah A. Bean,† Vorthern, Joseph H. Whitney,† Joseph H. L. Coon,* Suffolk County, Edwin Y. Brown,* Joseph Halstrick,* Joseph Halstrick,* Suffolk County, Boston. Suffolk County, Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston	CE.
Josiah A. Bean,†  Jophanus H. Whitney,† Joseph H. L. Coon,* Joseph A. Moore,* Edwin Y. Brown,* Joseph H. Bastern, Joseph H. Bastern, Joseph H. L. Coon,* Joseph H. L. Coon,* Suffolk County, Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Boston. Lawrence. Lynn. Marblehead. Lynn. Lawrence. James H. Chadwick,* South-eastern, Dedham. Boston.	
Jophanus H. Whitney,† Northern, Joseph H. L. Coon,* Suffolk County, Boston.  Joseph A. Moore,* Suffolk County, Boston.  Edwin Y. Brown,* Suffolk County, Boston.  Joseph Halstrick,* Suffolk County, Boston.  Joseph Halstrick,* Suffolk County, Boston.  Joseph Halstrick,* Suffolk County, Boston.  Joseph E. Staw,† Eastern, Marblehead.  Joseph E. Shaw,† Eastern, Lynn.  Moulton Batchelder,† Eastern, Lemuel Pope,* South-eastern, Boston.	
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Joseph Halstrick.* Suffolk County, Samuel C. Hunt,* Eastern, Salem.  Joseph E Shaw,† Eastern, Lynn.  Moulton Batchelder,† Eastern, Lawrence.  James H Chadwick,* South-eastern, Boston.	
Frederick A. Rhodes,† Suffolk County, Salden.  Samuel C. Hunt,* Eustern, Salem.  Francis A. Osgood,* Eastern, Marblehead.  Joseph E Shaw,† Eastern, Lawrence.  James H Chadwick,* South-eastern, Boston.	
Samuel C. Hunt,* . Eastern,	
Francis A. Osgood,* Joseph E. Shaw,† Moulton Batchelder,† James H. Chadwick,* Lemuel Pope,* South-eastern, Boston. Boston.	
Joseph E Shaw,† Eastern, Lynn. Moulton Batchelder,† * . Eastern, Lawrence. James H Chadwick,* . South-eastern, Boston. Lemuel Pope,* South-eastern, Boston.	
Moulton Batchelder,† * . Eastern, . Lawrence. James H Chadwick,* . South-eastern, Boston. Lemuel Pope,* South-eastern, Boston.	
James H Chadwick,* . South-eastern, Dedham. Lemuel Pope,* South-eastern, Boston.	
Lemuel Pope,*   South-eastern,   Boston.	
George C. Pratt. +   South-eastern,   North Abing	
	ton.
Franklin E. Emery, † .   South-eastern,   Hyde Park.	
Henry A. Dexter,*   Southern,   Fall River.	
George F. Seaver, † Southern, Taunton.	
Joseph M. Dyson,* Middle, Worcester.	
Justin B. Willard,* Middle, Worcester.	
David H. Hayter, † Middle, Worcester.	
Warren S Buxton,* .   Western,   Springfield.	
John L. Knight,*   Western,   Springfield.	
Moses H. Pease, † Western, Lee.	
Benson Munyan, † North-western, Northampton	a.
Ansel J. Cheney, * Special, Beverly.	
Frank H. Morton,* . Berkshire and Frank-	
lin Counties, Chicopee Fa	lls.
Frederick W. Merriam,* . Berkshire and Frank-	
lin Counties, North Adam	S.
Daniel W. Hammond,* . Bristol County, . Haverhill.	
William H. Proctor, t Swampscott.	

Storehouse of the Chief of the District Police, 65 Bowdoin St., Boston. Clerk of Storehouse, Belle C Davis.

^{*} Inspector. † Detective. ‡ Inspector Inland Fisheries.

# MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[Appointed under Chapter 26 of Public Statutes.]

#### BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

No. 1.—Harwich, Dennis, Yarmouth, Brewster, Chatham, Orleans and Eastham, Harwich.  No. 2.—Barnstable, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee and Falmouth, Sandwich, Mashpee and Falmouth, Sandwich, Willis W. Gleason, Provincetown.
BERKSHIRE COUNTY.
No. 1.—Williamstown, Clarksburg, Adams, North Adams, Florida, Savoy, New North Adams.
No. 2.—Lanesborough, Windsor, Pittsfield, Dalton, Hinsdale, Peru and Hancel Pittsfield.
No. 3.—Richmond, Lenox, Washington, Becket, Lee, Stockbridge, Tyringham Lee.
No. 4. — West Stockbridge, Alford, Great Barrington, Monterey, Sandisfield, Samuel Camp, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Egre- mont and Mt. Washington, Great Barrington.
BRISTOL COUNTY.
No. 1 Attleborough, Seekonk, Norton, Frederick L. Burden, Mansfield and Rehoboth, Attleborough.
No. 2.—Taunton, Raynham, Easton, Berkley   Silas D. Presbrey, and Dighton,   Taunton.
No. 3.—Fall River, Somerset, Swanzey, Jerome Dwelley, Freetown and Westport, Fall River.
°No. 4.—New Bedford, Dartmouth, Fairhaven   William H. Taylor, and Acushnet,   New Bedford,

No. 1. — Edgartown and Cottage City,
No. 2 Tisbury and Gosnold, William Leach, Tisbury.
No. 3 Chilmark and Gay Head, Vacancy.
Essex County.
No. 1. — Gloucester and Rockport, Sumner F. Quimby, Gloucester.
No. 2. — Ipswich, Rowley, Hamilton and William E. Tucker, Essex, Ipswich.
No. 3. — Newburyport, Newbury, West New-) George W. Snow, bury, Amesbury and Salisbury, . \ Newburyport.
No. 4. — Haverbill, Bradford and Merrimac, . William Cogswell, Bradford.
No. 5. — Lawrence, Methuen, Andover and Octavius T. Howe, North Andover, Lawrence.
No. 6.—Georgetown, Boxford, Top-field and Richmond B. Root, Groveland, Georgetown.
No. 7 Beverly, Wenham and Manchester, . Charles Haddock, Beverly.
No. 8.—Peabody, Danvers, Middleton and George S. Osborne, Lynnfield, Peabody.
No. 9 Lynn, Saugus, Nabant and Swamp- Joseph G. Pinkham, scott, Lynn.
No. 10.—Salem and Marblehead, (Charles A. Carlton, Salem.
FRANKLIN COUNTY.
Eastern District. — Bernardston, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Leverett, Montague, Northfield, Shutesbury and Sun- derland,
Northern District. — Orange, Warwick, New Walter M. Wright, Salem and Wendell, Orange.
Western District. — Ashfield, Buckland, Char. lemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne and Whately,
HAMPDEN COUNTY.
No. 1.—Brimfield, Holland, Palmer, Monson William Holbrook, and Wales, Palmer.
No. 2.—Springfield, Agawam, Chicopee, Longmeadow, Ludlow, West Springfield, Wilbraham and Hamp, den,

No. 3. — Holyoke, . 9 6221612 ALA - L GCCAC 9 · Holyoke. No. 4.—Blandford, Chester, Granville, Mont-gomery, Russell, Southwick, Tol. James A. Shepard, man and Westfield, . . . . . . . . . . . Westfield. HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. No. 1. — Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshun, Christopher Seymour, Hatfield, Northampton, Plainfield Northampton. No. 2. - Easthampton, Huntington, Middle-field, Southampton, Westhampton Joseph W. Winslow, Easthampton. No. 3. - Amherst, Granby, Hadley, Pelham | Dyer B. N. Fish, and South Hadley, . . . . Amherst. No. 4. - Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, David W. Miner, Prescott and Ware, . . . . Ware. MIDDLESEX COUNTY. No. 1. — Cambridge, Belmont and Arlington, Alfred F. Holt, No. 2. - Malden, Medford, Somerville and Thomas M. Durell, . . . Somerville. Everett, . No. 3. - Melrose, Stoneham, Wakefield, Wil- Winthrop F. Stevens, mington, Reading and North Read- Stoneham. ing, . . . . No. 4. - Woburn, Winchester, Lexington and | Daniel March, Jr., Burlington, . . . . . Winchester. No. 5. — Lowell, Dracut, Tewksbury, Billorica, Chelmsford and Tyngsborl Lowell. No. 6 .- Concord, Carlisle, Bedford, Lincoln, ) Henry A. Barrett, Littleton, Acton and Boxborough, Concord. No. 7. - Newton, Watertown, Waltham and / Julian A. Mead, . . . Watertown. No. 8. - Framingham, Wayland, Natick, Zabdiel B. Adams, Sherborn, Holliston, Hopkinton Framingham. Weston, . No. 9. - Marlborough, Hudson, Maynard, Eugere G. Hoitt,

No. 10.—Ayer, Groton, Westford, Dunstable, Benjamin H. Hartwell, Per perell, Shirley, Townsend and Ayer.

. . . Marlborough.

Stow and Sudbury, .

One	District,		•	•	•	٠	John A	Kite, Nantucket.

NORFOLK	Correman

NORFOLK COUNTY.
No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Norwood and Andrew H. Hodgdon, Dover, Dedham.
No. 2. — Hyde Park and Milton,
No. 3. — Quincy and Randolph, John H. Gilbert, Quincy. No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, Charles C. Tower, Weymouth.
No. 5 Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Alexander R. Holmes, Sharon,
No. 6 Franklin, Foxborough and Wren Joseph G. S. Hitchcock, tham, Foxborough.
No. 7. — Medway, Medfield, Norfolk and Bel.   Charles A. Bemis, lingham,   Medway.
No. 8. — Brookline,
No. 9. — Cohasset, Oliver G. Howe, Cohasset.
PLYMOUTH COUNTY.
No. 1. — Brockton, West Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, Bridgewater and Brockton.  Whitman,
No. 2. — Abington, Rockland, Hanover, Han- 1 Jubal C. Gleason, son, South Scituate and Pembroke, (Rockland.
No. 3. — Plymouth, Halifax, Kingston, Plymp- { James B. Brewster, ton and Duxbury, } Plymouth.

# No. 4. — Middleborough, Wareham, Mattapoisett, Carver, Rochester, Lakeville and Marion, . . . . Middleborough.

No. 5. - Hingham, Hull, Scituate and Marsh | J. Winthrop Spooner, field, . . . . . . . . . Hingham.

#### SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston, Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop,	Frank W. Draper, Boston. Francis A. Harris, Boston. George Stedman (Asso- ciate), Boston.
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No. 2. — Gardner, Templeton and Winchen $\}$ Edward $\Lambda.$ Sawyer, don, Gardner.
No. 3.—Ashburnham, Leominster, Lunen- burg, Princeton, Westminster and Fitchburg, Fitchburg.
No. 4.—Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Harvard, George M. Morse, Lancaster and Sterling, Clinton.
No. 5 Grafton, Northborough, Southbor-   Henry A. Jewett, ough and Westborough,   Northborough.
No. 6. — Mendon, Milford and Upton, } John M. Eaton, Milford.
No. 7. — Blackstone, Douglas, Northbridge   George E. Bullard, and Uxbridge,   Blackstone.
No. 8.—Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, South-1 Cary C. Bradford, bridge, Sturbridge and Webster, . (Southbridge.
No. 9 Brookfield, North Brookfield, Spen- / David W. Hodgkins,

cer, Warren and West Brookfiell, Brookfield. No.10. - Barre, Dana, Hubbardston, Hard-wick, New Braintree, Oakham and Charles W. Whitcomb,

Rutland, . . . .

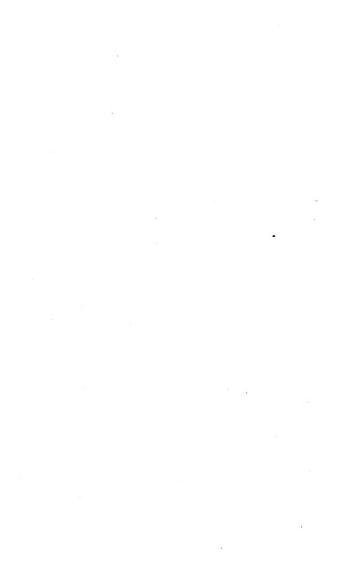
Athol.

Barre.

Royalston,



# RULES OF THE SENATE.



# RULES OF THE SENATE.

[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted. The rules as they are here printed were adopted by the Senate on Jan. 31, 1889.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previous to that year these rules are not to be found, although from the Senate Journal it appears that they were printed.

Numbers enclosed in parentheses following each rule indicate the corresponding House rule.]

#### THE PRESIDENT.

- 1. The President shall take the chair at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business. (1.) [1831; 1888.]
- 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the Senate. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting. (2, 5,) [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]
  - The President may vote on all questions. (4.) [1826.]
- 4. The President may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at any one time. (7.) [1831; 1862; 1865; 1888.]

5. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member appointed by him to perform the duties of the chair, is absent at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, the eldest senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or a President pro tempore, is elected by ballot, and such election shall be the first business in order. (8.) [1831; 1885; 1888]

# CLERK.

- 6. The Clerk shall keep a journal of the proceedings of the Senate, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. He shall, in the journal, make note of all questions of order, and enter at length the decisions thereon. He shall insert in an appendix to the journal the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches.
  - 「1882: 1888.7
- 7. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table, and such other memoranda as he may deem necessary, and as the Senate or the President may direct (13.) [1882; 1888.]
- 8. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry, orders of notice and enacted bills), until the right of reconsideration has expired. (15.) [1855; 1856; 1875; 1882; 1885; 1888.]
- 9. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion. [1882.]

## Members of the Senate.

- 10. No member shall be permitted to act on any committee or to vote upon a question in which his private right, distinct from the public interest, is immediately concerned. (25, 62.) [1855; 1888: 1889.]
- 11. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence. (18.) [1817.]

#### COMMITTEES.

12. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year, to wit:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

To consist of five members.

A committee on Probate and Insolvency;

A committee on the Treasury;

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Rules;

Each to consist of three members. (21.)

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870; 1876; 1882; 1885; 1886; 1888.]

13. Committees shall be appointed by the President unless the Senate shall otherwise specially order, and the member first named upon a committee shall be its chairman. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. (22, 23.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

14. No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without a vote of the Senate. (99.)

[1836; 1863; 1888.]

15. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have, in writing, waived notice. (30.) [1870; 1871; 1885.]

16. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured under existing laws, or, without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, or a general law, as the case may be. (29.) [1882; 1885; 1888.]

#### FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

17. Bills and resolves shall be presented in a legible form without material erasures or interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, and dates and numbers shall be written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no part of any such law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (40.)

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1889.]

# Introduction of Business.

18. Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall endorse his name thereon, and a brief

statement of the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of the instrument shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (35.) [1831; 1888.]

- 19. All motions contemplating legislation, when not founded upon petition, or upon bill proposed to be introduced on leave, shall be made in the form of an order of inquiry to a committee, which shall indicate the nature of the legislation proposed; and if reference is made to any particular law, for amendment or otherwise, the order shall specify the chapter and section, as well as the subject to which it relates. (38.) [1858; 1888.]
- 20. No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House of Representatives, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee, except that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall thereupon be referred to the proper committee for consideration and report. (45.)

[1881; 1882; 1888.]

- 21. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill or resolve, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (39.) [1885.]
- 22. No legislation affecting directly the rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the people of the whole Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading (47.)

[1875; 1882; 1885.]

#### Course of Proceedings.

- 23. Bills and resolves from the House, after they are read a first time, shall be referred to a committee of the Senate, unless they have been reported by a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves from the House reported by joint committees, shall, after they have been read once, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second reading without a question, except as otherwise provided by rule 24. (43.) [1825; 1885; 1888.]
- 24. Bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, or a grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Expenditures, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth or of any county thereof. (42.) [1871; 1882; 1887; 1888; 1889.]
- 25. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. (50.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

26. Bills and resolves, in their several readings, shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. (46.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

27. If a committee to whom a bill or resolve is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill or resolve, if it has been read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (41.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

28. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall

be placed in the orders for the next day for such reading. (57.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

- 29. If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, as the case may be, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (61.) [1882; 1888.]
- **30.** Bills and resolves when ordered to a third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes; but any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. (49, 27.)

[1817; 1836; 1882; 1888.]

31. Engrossed bills and resolves shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bills or resolves as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so endorse on the envelope thereof; and the question of enactment or final passage shall be taken thereon without further reading, unless specially ordered. (28, 51, 52, 53.)

[1817; 1831; 1882; 1888.]

#### ORDERS OF THE DAY.

- 32. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider. (59.) [1830; 1870.]
- 33. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are made to the Senate or received from the House, as the case may be; except that the report of a conference committee and the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. (56.)

[1845; 1853; 1888.]

34. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. (58.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

35. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom or considered out of its regular course. (60.) [1885.]

# RULES OF DEBATE.

**36.** Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President. (72.)

[1817; 1831; 1871.]

- 37. When two or more members rise to speak at the same time, the President shall designate the member who is entitled to the floor. (73.) [1831; 1888.]
  - 38. No member shall speak more than once to the

prevention of any other member who has not spoken and desires to speak on the same question. (75.)

[1817; 1886.] .

- 39. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (74.) [1817; 1831.]
- **40.** After a question is put to vote no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

#### MOTIONS.

- **41.** Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs. A motion need not be seconded and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (76, 77.) [1817; 1844; 1871; 1888.]
- 42. A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. (90.) [1817; 1841; 1888.]
- 43. When a question is under debate the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except a motion to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same except:—
  - (1) To lay on the table;
  - (2) To close debate at a specified time;
  - (3) To postpone to a day certain;
  - (4) To commit (or recommit);
  - (5) To amend;
  - (6) To refer to the next General Court; or
  - (7) To postpone indefinitely;

These motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. (79.)

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885; 1888.]

- **44.** Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (84.) [1882.]
- **45.** When motions are made to refer a subject to diferent committees, the committees proposed shall be considered in the following order:—
  - (1) A standing committee of the Senate;
  - (2) A special committee of the Senate;
  - (3) A joint standing committee of the two branches;
  - (4) A joint special committee of the two branches. (87.) [1884; 1888.]
- **46.** No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended. (52.) [1837.]
- 47. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under the color of an amendment. (89.) [1882.]
- **48.** In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (86, 91.) [1882.]
- 49. The motion to adjourn, and the call for yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (68, 78.)

[1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885.]

# RECONSIDERATION.

50. When a vote has passed, except on motion to adjourn, for the yeas and nays, to lay on the table or to

take from the table, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day; and such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and, when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (69, 70.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885; 1888]

## REJECTED MEASURES.

**51.** When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session. (48.)

[1817—dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838—amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

## VOTING.

- **52.** The President shall declare all votes; but if a member doubts a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate. (3, 65.) [1831; 1888.]
- by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct. If, before the question is taken, a member states to the Senate that he has paired with another member and how each would vote on the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. (67.)

[1817; 1852; 1888.]

**54.** Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken: and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair. (67.)

[1837; 1844.]

#### ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

55. In all elections by ballot a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto. (95.) [1831.]

#### REPORTERS.

**56.** Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate. [1847.]

# THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

57. No person not a member shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

[1853; 1888.]

58. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government, and past members of the Senate and members of the press, shall be at any time admitted in the clerk's room or the room intervening between that and the Senate chamber, or admitted within the bar of the Senate while the Senate is in session, unless introduced by a Senator in person at the time of such admission. (98.) [1870; 1875; 1886.]

#### PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

59. The rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the Principles of Parliamentary Law, set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Rules of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches. (100.)

[1847; 1858; 1882.]

# ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION, OR REPEAL OF RULES.

**60.** This rule and rules 21 and 30 shall not be suspended if objection is made, and no rule shall be altered. suspended, or repealed, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present. (101.)

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882; 1888.]

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# RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.



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OF THE

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

#### THE SPEAKER.

- 1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business.
- 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House.

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 82 and 93.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided.

[See Rules 64 to 63.]

- 4. In all cases he may vote.
- 5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

- 6. He shall each day examine the journal of the House.
- 7. He may name a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding two days at one time.
- 8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior member present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker pro tempore or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]

#### MONITORS.

- 9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the Rules and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.
- 10. If a member transgress any of the Rules after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[See Rule 20.]

#### CLERK.

- 11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting and shall cause the same to be printed daily. [Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]
- 12. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules of the House, and of the two branches.

- 13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct. [Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]
- 14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.
- 15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: provided, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

#### MEMBERS.

- 16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair.
- 17. No member shall be absent more than two days without leave of the House.
- 18. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.
- 19. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.
- 20. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the Rules, he may be required by the House, on motion, to

make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

## COMMITTEES.

21. At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Probate and Insolvency;

A committee on Finance;

(to consist of nine members each).

A committee on elections;

A committee on County Estimates;

A committee on Rules:

(to consist of seven members each).

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Pay-Roll;

A committee on Leave of Absence;

(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Jan. 7, 1881; Jan. 10, 1883; Jan. 8, 1886.]

- 22. Unless other provision is made in any case all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman.
- 23. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman.
- 24. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.
- 25. No member shall serve on any committee in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

- 26. The committee on Finance shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert.
- 27. The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. [Amended, Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 28. The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay.
- 29. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 30. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the

Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice. [Adopted Jan. 26, 1881.]

31. On or before the second Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day, unless further time is granted, for cause. [Amended Feb. 15, 1883.]

# Committee of the Whole.

- 32. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.
- 33. The Rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order and be decided without debate.

## REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.

- **34.** Petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call for such papers.
- 35. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered.

## Papers from the Senate.

36. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conform-

ably to such of these Rules as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

# Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

37. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials, and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker or by a member in his place, and shall be read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

## Orders of Inquiry.

38. All motions contemplating legislation, when not founded upon petition, or upon bill proposed to be introduced on leave, shall be made in the form of an order of inquiry, which shall indicate the nature of the legislation proposed; and if reference be made to any particular law, for amendment or otherwise, the order shall specify the chapter and section, as well as the subject to which it relates.

# Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

39. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement.

# Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 94.]

40. Bills shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections; dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in,

such laws, unless such course is best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

- 41. If a committee to whom a bill is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be "Shall this bill be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill, if it has been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question; otherwise it shall be placed in the orders for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 10, 1883.]
- **42.** Bills involving an expenditure of public money, or grant of public property, shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. [Amended Jan. 24, 1887.]
- 43. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee.
- 44. Amendments, proposed by the Senate, and sent back to the House for concurrence, shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches. In which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. [Amended April 9, 1878.]
- 45. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but, when leave is asked for the introduc-

tion of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed before it is ordered to a second reading.

- **46.** Bills, resolves, and other papers that have been, or, under the Rules or usage of the House, are to be printed, shall be read by their titles only, unless the full reading is requested. [Adopted Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 47. No bill affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading of the bill. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880; also Jan. 10, 1883.]
- **48.** When a bill, order, petition, memorial, or remonstrance has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. [Amended April 26, 1877]
- 49. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination correction and report.

[See Rule 27.]

- **50.** No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.
- 51. Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison and report.

[See Rule 28.]

- 52. No engrossed bill shall be amended.
- 53. Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered.
- 54. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

# Orders of the Day.

- 55. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a Committee of the House, bills favorably reported to the House by committees, and bills the question of the rejection of which is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for the next day, and if they have been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question. [Amended Jan 10, 1883; Feb. 5, 1886.]
- 56. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: provided, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 57. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading.
- 58. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which

they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of.

**59.** When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the orders for the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under Rules fifty-five, fifty-six and fifty-seven. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider.

## Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of Order, etc., to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 39.]

- **60.** No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course.
- 61. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made.

#### VOTING.

- **62.** No member shall vote in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.
- 63. Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate, and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-seven. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Feb. 5, 1886.]
- 64. When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound.
- 65. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question.

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

- 66. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted. If upon the taking of such a vote the presence of a quorum is doubted, a count of the House shall be had, and if a quorum is present the vote shall stand. [Amended Feb. 11, 1889.]
- 67. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House

shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before such time, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. [Amended Jan. 4, 1878; also April 2, 1878; also April 1, 1879.]

**68.** The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under Rules sixty-four, sixty-five and sixty-six, shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under Rules sixty-five and sixty-six shall be omitted.

#### Reconsideration.

- 69. When a vote has passed (except as provided in the next rule), it shall be in order for any member to move the reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the next day after that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.
- **70.** When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall

be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:—

to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take from the table; or, for the previous question.

71. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes; but this rule shall not apply to a motion to reconsider a vote upon an amendment. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, etc., until the right of consideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

#### RULES OF DEBATE.

- 72. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker.
- 73. When two or more members rise at the same time the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not.
- 74. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order.
- 75. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question.

## Motions.

76. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs.

- 77. A motion need not be seconded, and may be with-drawn by the mover if no objection is made.
- 78. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, to commit or recommit, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate; and no member shall speak more than three minutes. [Amended Feb. 19, 1878; and Jan. 26, 1880.]

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 63.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule 68.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 82.]

79. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except,—

to lay on the table,
for the previous question,
to close the debate at a specified
time,
See Rules 80-85.
See Rules 84, 85.
to postpone to a time certain,
See Rules 84, 85.

to postpone to a time certain, See Rule 86.
to commit (or recommit), See Rules 78 and 87.
to amend, See Rules 88-91.

to refer to the next General Court,

or to postpone indefinitely, See Rule 92. which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule.

## Previous Question.

- 80. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "Shall the main question be now put?"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.
- 81. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put; and no member shall speak more than three minutes.
- 82. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 93.]

83. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate except as provided in Rule eighty-five, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

# Motion to Close Debate at a Specified Time.

84. Debate may be closed at any time not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; and Jan. 15, 1880.]

[See the next Rule.]

## When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.

**85.** When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the committee on Finance, under House Rule forty-two, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the committee on Finance is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the measure, and the member of the Finance Committee reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. [Amended March 28, 1877.]

# Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.

86. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit.

## Motion to Commit.

- 87. When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:
  - a standing committee of the House,
  - a select committee of the House,
  - a joint standing committee,
  - a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House.

#### Motions to Amend.

- 88. A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.
- 89. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.
- 90. A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it.
- **91.** In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

Equivalent for Motion to Postpone Indefinitely.

92. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

#### APPEAL.

**93.** No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 82.]

## RESOLVES.

94. Such of these Rules as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such. Except in Rule fifty-three,

the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

#### ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

95. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto.

#### SECRET SESSION.

**96.** All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

#### SEATS.

- 97. (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairmen of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.
- (2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]
- (3.) The seat numbered 34, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; that numbered 15, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Finance; that numbered 52, in the first division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Probate and Insolvency; and that numbered 39, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Railroads on the part of the House. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878; also Jan. 6, 1882.]

(4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 8 and 11, in the first division;
100 and 104, in the second division;
96 and 99, in the third division;
92 and 95, in the fourth division;
87 and 91, in the fifth division; and
4 and 7, in the sixth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882.]

- (5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.
- (6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.
- (7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

#### Privilege of the Floor.

98. (1.) Every member shall have the privilege of introducing upon the floor of the House, to occupy (for that day) any seat then vacant not belonging to a member, or belonging to a member who is absent, not more than one person at the same time, such person not having any private interest in any measure before the legislature dis-

tinct from the public interest: provided, that in any case, when by the exercise of this privilege on the part of some of the members the vacant seats have been filled, and the Speaker so announces, the further exercise of the privilege shall be suspended for that day, or until one or more of the seats thus filled are vacated.

- (2.) The Speaker may also invite visitors, without limit of number, to seats (not numbered) upon the floor of the House. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]
- (3.) Contestants for seats in the House, whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.
- (4.) Senators, and the principal officers* in the Executive and Judicial departments of the Civil Government of the Commonwealth, the Chaplains of both Houses, and the Clerk of the Senate, shall be admitted to the floor whenever they may have occasion to visit the House, and may occupy any of the seats not numbered which they may find vacant, or any seats which may be assigned by the Speaker for their use for the time being.

## Representatives' Chamber.

99. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

## PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

100. The rules or parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in

^{*} See list in the Blue Book.

which they are not inconsistent with these Rules, or the Joint Rules of the two branches.

DEBATE ON MOTIONS FOR THE SUSPENSION OF RULES.

101. Debate on all motions for the suspension of any of the Joint Rules and House Rules shall be limited to fifteen minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes. [Feb. 11, 1889.]

SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT, AND REPEAL.

102. Nothing in these Rules shall be dispensed with, altered, or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this rule, and Rules thirty-nine, forty-nine, and ninety-nine, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

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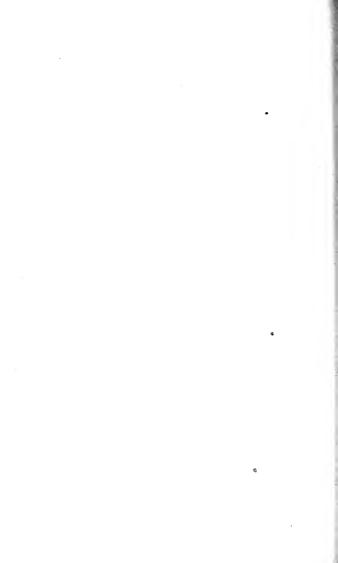
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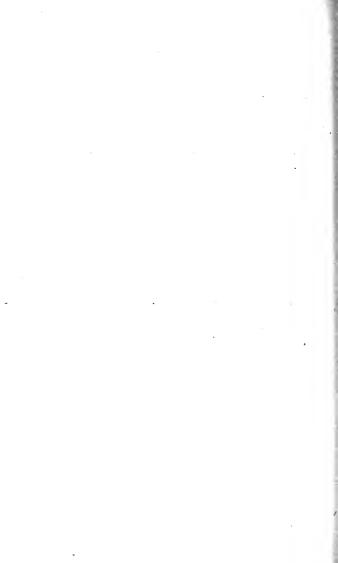
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# JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

#### Committees.

1. Joint standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year as follows:—

A committee on Agriculture;

A committee on Banks and Banking;

A committee on Cities;

A committee on Drainage;

A committee on Education;

A committee on Labor;

A committee on Manufactures;

A committee on Mercantile Affairs;

A committee on Military Affairs;

A committee on Public Charitable Institutions;

A committee on Street Railways;

A committee on Water Supply;

Each to consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight on the part of the House.

A committee on Election Laws;

A committee on Federal Relations;

A committee on Fisheries and Game;

A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;

A committee on Insurance;

A committee on the Library;

A committee on the Liquor Law;

A committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;

A committee on Printing;

A committee on Prisons;

A committee on Public Health;

A committee on Public Service;

A committee on Roads and Bridges;

A committee on State House;

A committee on Taxation;

A committee on Towns;

A committee on Woman Suffrage;

Each to consist of two members on the part of the Senate, and seven on the part of the House.

A committee on Railroads, to consist of four members on the part of the Senate, and eleven on the part of the House.

A committee on Expenditures, to consist of the committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the committee on Finance of the House.

Matters referred by either the Senate or the House to its committee on the Judiciary, on Probate and Insolvency, or on Rules, shall be considered by the respective committees of the two branches, acting as joint committees, when, in the judgment of the chairmen of the respective committees of the two branches, the interests of legislation or the expedition of business will be better served by such joint consideration. Matters may also be referred respectively to the committees on the Judiciary, on Probate and Insolvency, and on Rules, of the two branches, as joint committees.

The committees on Rules, together with the presiding officers of the two branches, acting as a joint committee, may consider and suggest such measures as shall, in their judgment, tend to facilitate the business of the session. [Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 5, 1883; Jan. 7, 1884; Jan. 8, 1885; Jan. 26, 1885; Jan. 8, 1886; Jan. 12, 1887; Jan. 9, 1888, and Jan. 28, 1889.]

2. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the Legislature.

- 3. Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]
- 4. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment.
- 5. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be printed or fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, and on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and with spaces between the several sections. Dates and numbers shall be printed or written in words at length. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]
- 6. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "inexpedient to legislate."

## Notice to Parties Interested.

7. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice.

## Printing and Distribution of Documents.

8. The committee on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the Legislature not otherwise disposed of, and such regulations shall be reported to and be subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

Bills, reports, and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows: to wit, Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's office; six copies to the State Library; one copy to each Public Library in the Commonwealth, which shall make due application therefor to the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall make proper provision for the transmis-

sion and preservation thereof; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee. [Amended Jan. 8, 1886, and Jan. 28, 1889.]

## Limit of Time Allowed for Reports of Committees.

9. Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the second Wednesday in March, unless further time is granted for cause.

# Committees of Conference.

10. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of Conference.

## Introduction of Business.

11. No bill or resolve affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the people of the whole Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading.

## Limit of Time Allowed for New Business.

12. Petitions, memorials, applications, and all other subjects of legislation, except reports required to be made to the Legislature, proposed or introduced after the first Wednesday of February, shall be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended, or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon.

# Duties of the Clerks.

- 13. If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall indorse upon the report such amendment.
- 14. All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.
- 15. After bills have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and when engrossed the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.
- 16. If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve, or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

- 17. The Clerk of the branch in which a bill originated shall make an endorsement thereon, certifying in which branch the same originated, which endorsement shall be entered on the journals by the Clerks respectively. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]
- 18. Bills, resolves and other papers requiring the approval of the Governor shall be laid before him for his approbation by the Clerk of the Senate, who shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were so laid before the Governor. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

#### Constitutional Amendments.

19. All resolves proposing amendments to the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the question upon agreeing to an amendment to the Constitution shall be taken by yeas and nays. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

## Joint Conventions.

- 20. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.
- 21. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.
- **22.** No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

#### Joint Elections.

23. In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

## Elections of United States Senators.

- 24. The joint assembly required to be held by the statutes of the United States, relating to the elections for Senators in Congress, shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said statutes. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the question is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule, the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and navs are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order; and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.
- 25. Any joint rule, except the twelfth, may be altered, suspended, or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present in each branch consenting thereto.

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# NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

## PRESIDING OFFICERS

FROM THE YEAR 1883.

PREPARED BY HON, GEORGE G. CROCKER.

MEMORANDA — S. stands for Senate Journal, H. for House Journal. Citations from Journals which have never been printed refer to the duplicate manuscript copy in the State Library.



# NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

# PRESIDING OFFICERS ON THE CONSTITUTION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Power of Presiding Officers to Decide Constitu-TIONAL QUESTIONS. - In a decision on a money bill, in which it was held that it was within the province of the chair to decide the constitutional question involved, the following statement was made: "It is of course not intended to assume to the chair any right of decision as to the constitutionality of matters of legislation in relation to their substance; but where the question relates to form and manner of proceeding in legislation, or, in other words, is one of order, it is the duty of the chair to rule upon the same, although it may depend upon the provisions of the Constitution for its solution." Cases of a proposition to adjourn for more than two days, of proceedings without a quorum, of a faulty enacting form, and of neglecting to take the yeas and navs on a vetoed bill, are cited. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 341. See also Jewell, H. 1868, p. 386; Stone, H. 1866, p. 436. See also notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the heading "Sundry Rulings."

Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II. — "No bill or resolve." See Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

"Laid before the Governor for his revisal." If either branch desires for any reason to revise an enacted bill, joint action of the two branches must be had, and the motion should be one providing that a message be sent by the two branches requesting the Governor to return the bill to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1869, p. 645. Notwithstanding this ruling, it is customary for the Senate, when it desires to revise an enacted bill, to request the return of the bill, without asking the concurrent action of the House.

"Who shall enter the objections . . . and proceed to reconsider the same." In a case in which a resolve and the objections thereto were laid on the table, it was held that it was then out of order to introduce a new resolve of a similar nature. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 613.

"But if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said Senate or House of Representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the Legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law." Under this provision it has been held that in the branch first taking action a vote of two-thirds of the members present is sufficient to pass a bill. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625; BULLOCK, H. 1862, p. 586.

It has been further held that the record of the yeas and nays is the only evidence of the number or names of the members present. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625.

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. IV.—"All manner of wholesome and reasonable orders." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

"To set forth the several duties, powers and limits of the several civil and military officers." For certain resolves defining the powers of the Legislature, especially the power to prescribe duties to the Governor and other executive officers, see H. 1857, p. 557.

CHAP. I, SECT. II., ART. VI.—"Provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VI. — For a case of an arraignment of a State official at the bar of the House, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 149.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VII.—"All money bills shall originate in the House of Representatives." The Senate can originate a bill or resolve appropriating money, or directly or indirectly involving expenditure. Opinion of Justices, S. 1878, appendix; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 279; PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 340. See, contra, Long, H. 1878, pp. 197, 563; Jewell, H. 1869, p. 630; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 385. See Loring, S. 1873, p. 409, for opinion that money bills should be allowed to originate in either branch.

Bills designating that certain property shall be subject to or exempt from taxation, as well as bills imposing a tax in terms, are "money bills." BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 419. See also Sanford, H. 1873, p. 283; Stone, H. 1866, p. 436.

But it has been held that a bill exempting from taxation certain property in a particular town is not a "money bill." PILLSBURY (acting President), S. 1884, p. 259.

A bill is considered as originating in that branch in which it is first acted upon. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 759.

For a case in which the Senate instructed a committee to report a bill to the House, see Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702.

- Chap. I., Sect. III., Art. VIII.—"Provided such adjournments shall not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. Jewell, H. 1868, p. 311; Stone, H. 1867, p. 270.
- CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. X.—"And settled the rules and orders of proceeding in their own House." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.
- Chap. VI., Art. II.—"But their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the Senate or House of Representa-

tives." It is not within the province of the chair to decide whether a member has forfeited his membership by accepting an office incompatible with his seat in the Legislature. HALE, H. 1859, p. 48.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, VIII. — See note to Constitution, Chap. VI., Art. II.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, IX.—An amendment of the Constitution may be amended on the second year of its consideration, but such action will necessitate its reference to the next Legislature. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 321; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 57.

It has also been held that an amendment to the Constitution cannot be amended on the second year of its consideration. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 906; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 323.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 377, 424-427.

As to the method of procedure in acting on an amendment on the second year, and in providing for its submission to the people, see Noyes, H. 1881, p. 466.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXI.—"Not less than one hundred members of the House of Representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business." See note to House Rule 65.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXII. — "Not less than sixteen Senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business." It is immaterial that a quorum does not vote if a quorum is present. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584. See note to House Rule 65.

# NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

## SENATE RULES.

The President. — The President has no power, either by general parliamentary law or by special authority vested in him by the Senate, to cause any document to be printed or distributed, or to prevent any document from being printed or distributed; and, upon the simple request of a member of the Senate, he has no authority to issue an order to the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove from the desks and files of the senators a report, portions of which are claimed to be unparliamentary. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 575.

Rule 8. See notes to House Rule 69.

"Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice." As to the reason for this exception and its effect, see LORING, S. 1873, pp. 295, 299. It would seem that the right to reconsider the enactment of a bill, the reference of a petition, or the adoption of an order of inquiry or of notice, should expire when the bill, petition or order passes out of the hands of the Clerk.

Rule 10. See notes to House Rule 62.

Rule 12. For sundry rulings as to committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "Committees."

"A committee on the Treasury." See notes to House Rules 21, 26.

Rule 16. A special act as distinguished from a general law is one which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 558, 589. It is not within the province of the chair to rule that the object of an application can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law. This question must be determined by the committee (Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 588), unless it appears on the face of the papers that the object can be secured under existing laws. Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 700. For a case in which it was held not to be allowable to substitute a general law for a special act, see Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 589. See note to House Rule 29.

RULE 17. Objection that this rule is violated cannot be sustained in the case of a House bill. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 582.

Rule 20. See note to House Rule 45.

Rule 21. For a case in which an order was held to be unparliamentary in form, see Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 140.

Rule 22. See notes to House Rule 47 and Joint Rule 11.

RULE 25. The subsequent rejection of a bill substituted for a report of committee recommending "no legislation," does not revive the question upon the adoption of the recommendation of the report. The requirement that every bill shall be read three times does not render the substitution liable to be nullified by the rejection of the bill at a subsequent stage. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 212.

ORDERS OF THE DAY. See note to House Rule 60.

RULES OF DEBATE. See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

MOTIONS. See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

The Senate having passed a general order that the reading of the Journal should be dispensed with unless otherwise ordered, it was held that a senator could not require the reading of the Journal without a vote to that effect, and that a motion that the Journal be read was not a question of privilege. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 290.

"Appeals." In accordance with Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies (sect. 1467), which, by Rule 55, is adopted as an authority governing the Senate, it has been held that a question on an appeal may be laid on the table, and if such action is taken, the matter, whatever it may be, which gives rise to the appeal, proceeds as if no appeal had been taken. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289. In the House it has been held that a motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order, and this would seem to be the better practice. It is to be noted that House Rule 100 is not so explicit as Senate Rule 55. See Marden, H. 1883, p. 582. See also notes to House Rule 93.

Rule 42. See notes to House Rule 90.

Rule 43. "To adjourn." See notes to House Rule 78. "Or some other motion which has precedence" Where the Senate assigned one matter for 2.30 p.m., and one matter for 3 p.m., it was held to be the duty of the presiding officer to call up the second assignment at 3 p.m., even though the consideration of the first assignment was not finished. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 316. See notes to House Rule 79.

"To lay on the table." Pending the consideration of one of the orders of the day, a motion to lay the orders of the day on the table is admissible. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

A motion to postpone laying the orders on the table is inadmissible. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

"To close debate at a specified time." See note to House Rule 79.

A motion that the debate be closed in one hour is admissible, although, under a general order, the Senate would adjourn before the expiration of the hour. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

After the time for closing debate has arrived, the taking of the question cannot be postponed by a motion to adjourn or to commit, or that the Journal be read, and these motions cannot then be entertained. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289.

If a motion to close debate in one hour is reconsidered, the question does not recur upon the original motion because that motion owing to the lapse of time is out of order. The debate will proceed without limitation unless a new motion to close it is made. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 589.

"Amend." A substitute, which by Rule 25 must have three several readings on three successive days, can be amended in the second degree. Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 416.

It is not out of order to substitute an entire bill for another entire bill. Brastow, S. 1868, p. 48. See also Senate Rule 25.

The substitution of a question on the rejection of an order for a question on the passage of the order is not a parliamentary substitution, because one is simply the negative of the other. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 575, 578.

If an amendment has been once rejected, the same or substantially the same amendment cannot again be moved at the same stage of the bill, but the rejection of the amendment may be reconsidered. HowLand (acting President), S. 1886, p. 611.

See notes to House Rule 89.

RULE 47. It seems that, in the absence of a rule excluding amendments proposing subjects different from those under consideration, such amendments must be considered as in order. Cushing's Manual, sect. 102; Brastow, S. 1868, p. 51.

If a committee reports only in part, amendments must be germane to that portion of the subject which is reported on. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 86.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 701; Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 589; Bishop, S. 1882, p. 310 (contra, Noves, H. 1882, p. 197).

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 435, 582, 585; Sessions (acting President), S. 1885, p. 320; Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 209, 573; Bishop, S. 1881, p. 384; Bishop, S. 1882, p. 347.

See notes to House Rule 89.

RULE 48. Prior to the adoption of this rule it was held that the smallest sum and the longest time must be put first. Cogswell, S. 1879, p. 376.

See note to House Rule 91.

Rule 49. "Not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate." Time consumed in taking the question on a motion to adjourn is not to be deducted from the ten minutes allowed for debate. Crocker. S. 1883, p. 288.

See notes to Senate Rule 43 and House Rules 78, 79.

RULE 50. President Loring (S. 1873, p. 299) goes so far as to say that there is no reconsideration of votes to commit petition, etc.; but it would seem that a better position to take would be that there can be no reconsideration after such petition. etc., has actually been handed over by the Clerk to the committee.

The same would be true, mutatis mutandis, with reference to enacted bills. In the case of the latter, a method sometimes adopted is to request the Governor to return the bill, and then reconsider its enactment. See Senate Rule 9 and notes thereto. See also note to Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

"Except on motion to adjourn," etc. This exception cuts off any reconsideration of votes on the motions mentioned. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

See notes to House Rule 69.

Rule 51. See notes to House Rule 48.

This rule is an expression of a principle of parliamentary law. For a full discussion of its origin and effect, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243.

"Finally rejected." These words must be construed to refer either to a rejection by both Houses, or to such action of the Senate as amounts to a final rejection of the measure independently of any action of the House. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584.

"When an order is rejected, or a petition excluded, or leave is refused to bring in a bill, or a bill or resolve is refused any one of its stages of advancement, it is 'finally rejected.'" Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306.

"The phrase 'when any measure shall be finally rejected' must be construed to apply solely to such measures as the Senate has power finally to reject, and cannot of course apply to amendments which may be offered at any stage of a bill, even if rejected at a previous stage; nor has it ever been denied that an amendment rejected by the Senate may be adopted by the House and sent up for concurrence. A substitute is an amendment differing only in this, that it is capable of amendment in the second degree, and by rules of the Senate, but not of the House, requires three several readings. To propose a substitute is therefore only to pro-

pose an amendment, and it does not become a 'measure,' until it is adopted. The rule being made by the Senate, and applicable to the Senate alone, must mean that no senator shall introduce a second time a 'measure,' that is, a bill or resolve, and some kinds of orders, which has been once and finally rejected by the Senate. Any other interpretation would put it in the power of a single senator to defeat any bill, which might be pending in either branch or in the committee, and to which he was opposed, by offering it as a substitute for any other bill which he had reason to believe the Senate was desirous of passing, and so compelling the Senate to choose between two bills, both of which it might be desirous of passing." Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 415 This ruling was made before the adoption of Senate Rule 47. See, contra, PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 517.

In conformity with the foregoing it was held that a bill passed in the branch in which it began might be sent from that branch to the other, and so introduced, although a similar bill was there pending, or had been passed or rejected. Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. See also BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

So also in a case when a report "inexpedient to legislate" had been adopted by the Senate, it was held that the Senate was still bound to entertain a House bill on the same subject, if the report had not been concurred in by the House. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 585.

When the above decisions of Presidents Coolidge and Cogswell were given, the words "by any committee or member" were not embodied in the rule, and the rule ended as follows: "and this rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate." These words were left out in 1877.

If, however, a bill or measure has been once rejected by both branches, general parliamentary law, as well as this rule, would prevent any measure substantially the same from being again introduced into either branch at the same session; and the fact that one branch had passed such measure and forwarded it to the other, would not justify its introduction in the latter branch. Thus, where a report of "leave to withdraw" had been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill which embodied a measure substantially the same as that contemplated in the petition must be laid aside, even though the bill came from the other branch. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243. See also PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

It seems that, notwithstanding this rule, an amendment of the Constitution can be introduced, although it is substantially the same as an amendment which came from the previous Legislature and which has been rejected. PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 325.

- "No measure substantially the same." A resolve providing only for biennial elections is not substantially the same as a resolve providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the Legislature. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 581. See also Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 635.
- "Shall be introduced." The rejection of a measure does not prevent the consideration of a measure substantially the same, if it was introduced previously to such rejection. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 485.
- Rule 54. "Unless excused before the vote is taken." After a viva voce vote has been taken, a request to be excused from voting cannot be entertained. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 583.

Rule 59. See notes to House Rule 100.

## NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

## HOUSE RULES.

RULE 15. "Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice." See notes to Senate Rules 8 and 50, and to House Rule 69.

Members. If the report of a committee that Mr. A., a sitting member, is not entitled to a seat, has been accepted, it is out of order for Mr. A. to take part in the proceedings, although a motion to reconsider the acceptance of the report is pending. Phelps, H 1856, p. 493.

- Rule 18. "No member shall absent himself from the House without leave." The phrase "the House" refers to the Representatives' Chamber alone. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 313.
- Rule 21. For sundry rulings as to reports of committees, see notes on the Joint Rules under the head of "Committees."
- "A Committee on Finance." Notwithstanding a previous investigation and report by the Committee on Claims, or other committee, the Finance Committee has power to examine every matter before it as a new question, and decide for or against it, on its merits. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 454. See also note to House Rule 26.
- Rule 26. Under an order authorizing the Committee on Finance to report from time to time such appropriation bills as may be required, the committee cannot properly

report an appropriation not authorized by law. Long, H. 1878, p. 347. See also note to House Rule 21.

RULE 29. "Can be secured . . . under existing law." Pending a point of order that the object desired by a bill could be secured by existing law, a motion to recommit was entertained. NOYES, H. 1887, p. 808.

"Or without detriment to the public interests by a general law." Prior to the adoption of this rule a committee could not change a special to a general bill. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 502. Nor could the Legislature change a private or special bill by amendment into a general law. Sanford, H. 1874, pp. 217, 513; Long, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361. See also Noyes, H. 1888, p. 600.

RULE 35. After a petition has been presented in accordance with the rules, and the question on its reference has been stated, it is then too late to call for a vote on its reception. HALE, H. 1859, p. 64.

Rule 39. This rule is not applicable to motions for adjournment. Rice (acting Speaker), H. 1859, p. 224.

Quære, whether an order can be postponed without question after the discussion of it has begun. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

- RULE 41. When the question, "Shall this bill be rejected?" is pending, a motion to amend the bill is not in order (PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 323), but it is in order to move the previous question. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 332.
- RULE 42. A bill will be referred under this rule to the Committee on Finance, even if the fact that it involves the expenditure of public money is not discovered until the question on its engrossment is pending. BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 709, 732.
- Rule 45. As to whether it is proper under this rule to move to take from the files of last year a bill (which was

then referred to the next General Court), and move its reference to a committee, without getting special leave to introduce it, see Long, H. 1877, p. 466, and Osgood, appellant, p. 469.

"Moved as an amendment to the report of a committee." After a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill is broader in its scope than the subject-matter referred to the committee. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 463.

### Rule 47. See notes to Joint Rule 11.

A bill to prohibit the imposition of fines, or deductions of wages of employees engaged at weaving, was held not to affect the legal rights of individuals otherwise than as it affected the interests of the whole people. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 476.

An amendment restricting the scope of a general bill to certain particular cases does not affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as they were affected by the original bill. Marden, H. 1883, pp. 484, 522, 523.

On a petition asking the extension of the provisions of a certain Act, a bill cannot be reported extending the provisions of a different Act. SANFORD, H, 1874, p. 392.

## Rule 48. See notes to Senate Rule 51.

It is not in order under this Rule to move as an amendment a bill which has once been finally rejected. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 819.

After a bill "making appropriations for expenses of various charitable and reformatory institutions" was rejected, it was held that one of the sections of that bill could be introduced without violating this rule. Marden, H. 1883, p. 569.

Notwithstanding this rule, a bill may be received from the Senate and considered by the House, although a similar bill is there pending, or has been passed or rejected. Once in the House, and there referred to a committee of the House, a subsequent report of it back from that committee is a part of its career, and not such an introduction of it as to bring it within this rule as "introduced by a committee." Long, H. 1877, p. 424; Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550. Contra, see Sanford, H. 1875, p. 323; Osgood (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 416.

A bill changed in but a single essential provision is not substantially the same. Noyes, H. 1881, p. 402. See also Noyes, H. 1881, p. 447; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 204.

A bill is excluded under this rule if it embraces a measure substantially the same as that covered by a previously rejected petition, or by an order on which a report of inexpedient to legislate has been accepted. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 349; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 555.

For a case in which a memorial was introduced and referred to a committee, although it related to the same subject as that embraced in a petition upon which a report of leave to withdraw had been accepted, see PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 683.

After a bill reported on a petition has been rejected, the petition cannot be further considered. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 511. See Sanford, H. 1873, p. 198; Kimball (acting Speaker), H. 1871, p. 400.

The acceptance of a report "no legislation necessary on the Governor's message," was held not to cut off action on a substitute for a bill previously reported by the same committee, although such bill and substitute covered matter embraced in the Governor's message. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 584.

It seems that reference to the next Legislature is not a final rejection. See GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 550.

"Introduced by any committee or member." As to the effect of these words, see Long, H. 1877, p. 427.

RULE 52. Notice of an amendment of an engrossed bill or resolve adopted by one branch should be communicated

to the other by a message. See Walley, H. 1846, pp. 314, 440, 578, 606. The formality of a message is now dispensed with.

RULE 59. "The unfinished business," etc. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

RULE 60. If a matter is discharged from the orders of the day, the vote cannot be reconsidered on the succeeding day. Bliss. H. 1853, p. 362.

RULE 61. "And shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put." By general parliamentary law it is not in order to amend a substitute at the same stage in which it is adopted. PHELPS. H. 1857, p. 984.

VOTING. A member has no right to change his vote after the result is declared, even though the declaration is erroneous, and the right is claimed prior to a corrected statement. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 496.

A vote may be declared null and void after it has been recorded. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 1570.

Pending a roll-call it is not in order to move that the doors be closed, because such a motion, if adopted, might prevent a member who happened to be outside from voting. It is, however, in order to close the doors in case of a call of the House, because it is the very object of the proceeding to ascertain who is present. Hale, H. 1859, p. 335.

RULE 62. In the case of a creditor or stockholder of the Eastern Railroad, it was held that he could vote on the bill "for the relief of the Eastern Railroad Company and the securing of its debts and liabilities," inasmuch as such creditor's or stockholder's interest was not "distinct from the public interest, but was inseparately mixed with it." Long, H. 1876, p. 181, and cases there cited. See also Winthrop, H. 1838, pp. 202, 212.

A director of a bank which has petitioned for an increase of capital was held not to be excluded by interest from voting on a motion to instruct the Committee on Banks and Banking to report leave to withdraw on all petitions by banks for an increase of capital. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 605. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 77, 78, 79; WINTHROP, H. 1840, p. 207.

In the case of a bill "to equalize the bounties of our soldiers," which provided for paying certain sums of money to a particular class of persons described in the bill, it was held that a member who, under the provisions of the bill, would be entitled to \$200, had such an interest as would deprive him of the right to vote. Stone, H. 1866, p. 364. See also cases there cited.

For other cases relating to this rule, see Banks, H. 1852, p. 225; Ashmun, H. 1841, p. 387.

RULE 63. Any member may require the observance by other members of the duty of voting while the vote is proceeding, and before it is declared; but it is too late to call for the enforcement of the rule after the vote has been completed and declared. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

"Members desiring to be so excused shall make application," etc. For a case which arose prior to the adoption of this provision, see Bliss, H. 1853, p. 367.

This rule applies only to main questions, and not to subsidiary, incidental or privileged questions. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 766.

RULE 65. When a quorum does not vote on a given question, though a quorum is in fact present, a second division of the House cannot be claimed as of right. It is not necessary to the valid decision of a question that a quorum shall actually vote if the requisite number is present. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

Rule 67. Under a rule which enabled one-fifth of the members present and voting to order the yeas and nays, it was held that a vote for the yeas and nays could not be reconsidered, except by a four-fifths vote. Eddy, H. 1855, p. 15. Contra, Phelps, H. 1856, p. 1120. Cushing, § 1271.

When a question is before the House, and the year and nays have been ordered, a motion to reverse the roll-call is not in order. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 299.

It seems that a motion for the yeas and nays cannot be laid on the table. See ASHMUN, H. 1841, p. 385.

"No member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared" For a case arising when the rule provided that no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished, see Eddy, H. 1855, pp. 1573, 1658.

RULE 69. Reconsideration can be had of a vote rejecting the report of a committee which declared that the seat of a member was vacant. Hale, H. 1859, p. 133.

As to reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc., and of the enactment of laws, see notes to Senate Rules 8 and 50.

The vote requiring the yeas and nays to be taken can be reconsidered Noyes, H 1881, p. 490.

A motion to suspend this rule may be entertained after the time allowed for a motion to reconsider has elapsed. Noves, H. 1887, p. 331.

When a vote has been passed to close debate at a specified time, and that time has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the debate. Noyes, H. 1880, p. 220.

As to whether the adoption of an order can be reconsidered, after its execution has begun, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 270.

It has been held that a motion to reconsider a vote on an undebatable question cannot be debated. Rockwell, H. 1858, p. 331.

"Such motion, if made on the same day, shall, except in the last week of the session, be placed first in the orders of the next day," etc. Notwithstanding this rule, it is necessary to take up forthwith a motion to reconsider a vote that when the House adjourn it be to a day or hour different from that fixed by the rules. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 415.

"It shall be forthwith considered." This does not prevent a postponement of action on the motion to reconsider by vote to that effect. HALE (acting Speaker), H. 1874, p. 23.

Where a bill had passed to be engrossed, and a motion to reconsider had been made, it was held that laying the motion to reconsider on the table would not carry the bill to the table, but would leave the Clerk at liberty to send it to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 428.

"Provided, however," etc. For the origin of this proviso, see Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

In the case of a motion to reconsider a vote whereby the House refused to discharge a matter from the orders of the day under a suspension of the rules, it was held that such motion should be considered at the time when made. Tobix (acting Speaker), H. 1886, p. 524.

Rule 70. "No question shall be twice reconsidered." Where a bill had been rejected, and reconsideration was carried, and the bill was then amended in an essential feature, it was held that a reconsideration of a second rejection would be in order, because the question on the second rejection was not the same as that on the first. Stone, H. 1867, p. 218; Heywood (acting President), S. 1865, p. 533.

The same question cannot twice be reconsidered. The fact that the question has been decided once in the affirmative and once in the negative makes no difference. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 721.

It is competent for the House to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a "reconsideration of the bill." Sanford, H. 1874, p. 983.

It has been held that this rule can be suspended so as to allow a second reconsideration. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 481.

RULES OF DEBATE. Remarks should be addressed to the presiding officer, not to the House in general. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

When a member yields the floor to another, he loses the right to it altogether. Brackerr, II. 1885, p. 741.

No person not a member of the legislative body has any right to take part in the debates. For a case in which application of this rule was made to the chaplain's prayer, see SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 291.

The uniform custom in the House has been to allude to a member by his residence. The pronouncing of the name of one member by another in debate is liable to lead to the excitement of personal feeling, and to a disturbance of that harmony and courtesy among the members which are essential to the highest style of order in a deliberative assembly. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

Allusions should not be made to the opinions or wishes of the executive for the purpose of influencing the decision of any question. This point is not one merely of formality or propriety, but one of principle, affecting the independence of the several branches of the government. The official acts and orders of the executive, and his opinions officially communicated to the Legislature, are properly subjects of discussion, and may well be referred to for the purpose of influencing the action of the legislative body: but it is irregular and unparliamentary in debate, for a member, with a view to securing the passage or defeat of a measure, to refer to the supposed opinion or wish of the executive not officially promulgated. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

After a point of order has been raised, the subject can be postponed to give the chair time for consideration. Noves, H. 1882, p. 446.

An order having been adopted that the Speaker should declare an adjournment on the completion of the business on which the House was engaged at five o'clock, it was held that a motion to take a recess until 7.30, made after five o'clock, was not in order, for the reason that the order had not been suspended. Brackett, H. 1885, pp. 771, 775.

RULE 74. The House has refused to sustain a ruling that the intent of this rule is to give the preference in speaking only to such members who have not spoken as rise at the same time with a member who may desire to speak a second time. HALE, II. 1859, p. 288.

MOTIONS. In general terms, it is a principle of parliamentary law that no question can be moved a second time upon which the judgment of the House has already been expressed. See Wade, H. 1879, p. 540; Hale, H. 1859, p. 277; Phelps, H. 1856, p. 530.

If a motion to lay on the table is lost, another motion to lay on the table is not in order until some substantial business has been transacted. The rejection of a motion to adjourn is not substantial business. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286; BLISS, H. 1853, p. 281.

A motion to suspend the rule limiting the time allowed to each speaker is in order pending a debate, although before the debate began a similar motion had been made and defeated. Hale, H. 1859, p. 603.

No two resolutions nor any two bills contradictory to each other can be passed at the same session. See Wade, H. 1879. p. 540.

If, however, an amendment is made at one stage of a bill, inserting certain words, the same words, or any part of them, may be stricken out by amendment at a subsequent stage without reconsideration of the first amendment. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 246. For further modifications and explanations of this principle, see notes to Senate Rule 51 and House Rule 48.

A resolution disapproving of the course of a member is not admissible, unless such course has been in violation of the rules and privileges of the House. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 292.

RULE 77. "A motion . . . may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made." Where a motion to reconsider was made, and under the rule went over to the succeeding day, it was held that it was no longer before the House and could not be withdrawn until reached on such succeeding day, unless the rule was suspended so that it could be at once considered. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 533.

RULE 78. "A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order." A motion to adjourn is not in order pending the verification of a vote. If the previous question is ordered, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the main question is decided. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 274. 365. See also LORING, S. 1874, pp. 551, 554; CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

A motion to adjourn to a specified time is not entitled to precedence. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 302.

If a motion to adjourn has been negatived, it cannot be renewed until substantial business has intervened. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 303.

The ordering of the yeas and nays on the pending question, and the interposition of a request to be excused from voting and ordering the yeas and nays on this question, is not substantial business. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 356.

If there is no other motion before the House, a motion to adjourn may be amended by specifying a particular day, and it has been held that it is not even then debatable. Crowninshield, H. 1849, p. 314.

Rule 79. See notes to House Rules 67 and 78.

"To close the debate at a specified time." The House is

not bound by a vote to take the question at a given time. The previous question would be in order, or the time might be extended for taking the vote. Sanford, H. 1873, p. 262. When, however, the time fixed for taking the vote has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the time. Noves, H. 1880, p. 220.

It has been held that a motion to close the debate must be put to the question before the time specified in the motion, even if it is necessary to interrupt a speaker for the purpose of so doing. Upham, S. 1858, p. 448.

The motion to close the debate at a specified time cannot be applied to a motion to refer a matter to the next General Court. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 599.

- "Or some other motion that has precedence." If a special assignment is not called up on the day assigned for its consideration, it has been held that it falls through and loses its privilege, but this ruling was overruled by the House. BLISS, H. 1863, p. 347. See note to Senate Rule 43.
- "To amend." See notes to House Rule 89 and Senate Rule 43.
- "The Previous Question" The announcement of a vote for the preacher of the election sermon having shown that no person had a majority, a motion was made that the person having the highest number of votes be declared elected, and the previous question was then moved and carried, and it was held that the main question was the motion that a plurality should elect. Bradbury, H. 1847, p. 273.
- RULE 83. If a motion for the previous question is carried while a motion to reconsider the adoption of an amendment is pending, the motion to reconsider is not thereby made the main question. ELDRIDGE (acting Speaker), H. 1860, p. 288.
- RULE 85. When debate is closed under this rule, the right to speak ten minutes belongs solely to the member in charge of the measure under consideration, and in his

absence no other member of the committee can be considered in charge thereof and be entitled to speak. Brack-ETT, H. 1885, p. 677.

RULE 88. It seems that a substitute can be amended in the second degree. See COOLIGE, S. 1870, p. 416.

RULE 89. Before the Joint Rules allowed committees to report a general law upon a petition for special legislation, it was held that a private or special act could not be changed by amendment to a general law. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 217; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.

Amendments extending the provisions of a private or special bill, so as to make it general, are admissible if the committee might have reported such a general bill on the order referred to it. Marden, H. 1883, p. 630.

If the subject-matter referred to a committee is general in its character, it is not in order to propose amendments changing the bill reported thereon from a general law to a special act. Noyes, H. 1887, pp. 700, 785. Wadlin (acting speaker), H. 1887, p. 448. See also Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 600.

An amendment is not in order if it extends beyond the scope of the subject-matter on which the report of a committee is based. Noves, H. 1887, pp. 422, 532, 654, 668; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558. See notes on Senate Rule 47.

In a case where a bill permissive in its character was the subject-matter referred, it was held that an amendment, which, if adopted, would make the bill mandatory, was not in order. McDonough (acting Speaker), H. 1888, p. 535.

An amendment which provides for a modification of an existing law is not germane to a bill which provides for a repeal of the law. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 512.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see Noyes, H. 1888, pp. 575, 676, 715, 828;

NOYES, H. 1887, p. 458; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 739; BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 650, 710, 723; MARDEN, H. 1884, pp. 320, 387, 408, 492, 506, 537; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 259, 457, 598, 671, 702, 765; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 289; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 380; NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; NOYES, H. 1880, pp. 178, 184; Long, H. 1878, pp. 216, 411; Long, H. 1877, pp. 390, 554; SANFORD, H. 1875, p. 304; Long, H. 1876, p. 245; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 483; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 573. See also notes to Senate Rule 47.

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Noyes, H. 1888, p. 582; Noyes, H. 1887, p. 419; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 665; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558; Noyes, H. 1882, p. 197; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; Long, H. 1878, p. 521; Long (acting Speaker), H. 1875, p. 470. See also note to Senate Rule 47.

It is too late to raise objection that an amendment is not germane to a bill after the amendment has been adopted (Noyes, H. 1888, p. 463), or after the consideration of the amendment has occupied the attention of the House a portion of two sessions. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 367. See also Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480. See notes to Joint Rules under the head of "Committees."

RULE 90. This rule does not save the right to amend when a simple motion to strike out (i. e., a motion not embracing a proposition to insert) has been made and rejected. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

"A question containing two or more propositions capable of division." The question, "Shall this bill pass to be engrossed?" is not divisible. Thus, in passing to be engrossed a bill fixing certain salaries, the bill cannot be divided so as to allow the salary of each official to be voted on separately. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 490.

[&]quot;Strike out and insert." See Noyes, H. 1880, p. 60.

RULE 91. Where there is no blank, and amendments are offered, changing the sum or time, the matter is to be treated as if the sum or time were left blank in the original motion, and the sum or time therein stated is to take its place among the amendments in accordance with the provisions of this rule. Wade, H. 1879, p. 144.

See note to Senate Rule 48.

RULE 93. An appeal from a ruling of the chair must be taken at once. The right to appeal is cut off by the intervention of other business. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 907. Also Crocker, S. 1883, p. 289.

For a case where the chair refused to entertain an appeal because the question had previously been decided by a ruling of the chair, which was confirmed by a vote of the House, see Bliss, H. 1853, p. 366. See also Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 289, 290.

The decision upon an appeal can be reconsidered. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 730, 736.

A motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. Marden, H. 1883, p. 582. See notes to Senate Rules, under heading "Motions."

RULE 95. The election of a State director of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company was held to be within this rule. GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 665.

Rule 100. It is not competent for the House on motion to suspend the principles of general parliamentary law. The House could not suspend the rule that the rejection of a motion to strike out precludes amendment, any more than it could suspend the rule requiring a majority of votes to pass a motion. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

# NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

## JOINT RULES.

COMMITTEES. A report adopted at a duly notified meeting of a committee, a quorum being present, was held to be a valid report of the committee, although an unsigned memorandum was written on the report, to the effect that certain members, constituting a majority of the committee, dissented. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 378.

When a report is received, the committee's duties as to the matter reported on are ended, and they can make no further report upon it, unless the subject is recommitted to them by vote of the assembly. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 529, 669.

Every report should conclude with some substantive proposition for the consideration of the assembly, such as, that a bill, resolve, order or resolution ought or ought not to pass, that it is inexpedient to legislate, that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, etc., etc.

If a report recommends the passage of a bill or resolve, action is had upon the bill or resolve alone, and it takes its several readings, or is otherwise disposed of, as to the assembly seems fit. In such cases nothing is done about "accepting the report." The statement of facts and argument embodied in the report in support of the recommendation of the committee is not accepted or adopted, . . . and the assembly, by passing the bill or resolve, does not endorse that statement of fact or argument any more than, when it passes a vote, it endorses every speech made in support of the motion.

What is true of a report recommending the passage of a

bill or resolve is equally true of a report recommending the passage of a resolution or order, reference to another committee or to the next General Court, or any other action. The substantive proposition of the report is the motion, as it were, of the committee, and that proposition alone is before the assembly for its action. The preliminary statement of facts and of opinions contained in reports in the usual forms is not before the assembly for its action, and therefore cannot be amended. If, however, the proposition of a report is that its statement of facts and of opinions should be endorsed and adopted by the assembly itself, then and then only such statement would properly be before the assembly, and might be amended or otherwise acted upon.

Whatever the proposition of the report is, the question should be so framed as to embody that proposition in distinct terms. The ordinary form of putting the question, namely, "Shall this report be accepted?" is inaccurate, ambiguous, misleading, and ought to be abolished. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576.

If a committee report in part only, their report should expressly state that it is "in part," and should clearly define what portion of the subject-matter committed to them is covered by the report. The use of the words "in part" is, however, not essential. If the committee intended to report in part only, and the phrascology of their report is consistent with such intent, their report will be treated as a report in part. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 87.

For a discussion as to the creation of joint committees, and their relation to the two branches, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 269.

A joint order having been adopted instructing joint committees to report reference to the next General Court on all matters remaining in their hands after a fixed date, a bill reported subsequently to such date was held to be improperly before the House. Noves, H. 1888, p. 832.

As to whether the same subject may be referred to two

committees, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 419. It seems that such action would conflict with the principle of parliamentary law, that no bill or measure shall be twice passed upon in the same session.

Committees must confine their report to the subject referred to them. Boardman, S. 1888, p. 439; Brackett, H. 1886, p. 713; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 858; Jewell, H. 1870, pp. 454, 475; Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392; Sanford, H. 1872, pp. 419, 421, 422. See also Bruce, S. 1884, p. 581; Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Noyes, H. 1880, pp. 68, 72, 77, 472; Long, H. 1878, p. 216.

In determining the scope of a petition, it should be construed liberally. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 703; BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 352; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 700.

A committee to which the report of a commission has been referred may report a bill on a subject covered by the report of the commission, although such report omits to recommend legislation. Noves, H. 1888, p. 670.

A committee can report a larger sum than that named in the resolve referred to it. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700.

As the greater includes the less, it is a general rule that a bill will not be ruled out because it does not cover all the objects embraced in the order. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 395.

But on an order looking to general legislation relating to all cities and towns, a committee cannot report a special bill applicable to a single city. Marden, H. 1884, p. 450.

It has further been held that a bill providing for a modification of an existing law cannot be reported on a petition which asks for a repeal of the law. Noves, H. 1887, pp. 523, 552.

As to what legislation can be based on the reference to a committee of a report of a commission or board of trustees, see Jewell, H. 1870, p. 478; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 670.

If any part of a bill covers a matter not referred to the committee, the whole bill must be withdrawn or excluded. It cannot be amended before it is received. Sanford, H.

1872, pp. 422, 429; SANFORD, H. 1875, p. 365; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702. But it has been held that such a bill may be recommitted. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 359; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 713.

A report, after its acceptance in one branch, can be laid aside in the other branch if it covers matter not referred to the committee. Marden, H. 1883, p. 478. But if an amendment has been adopted by one branch, the other branch cannot refuse to entertain it on the ground that it is not germane. Marden, H. 1884, p. 451.

Objection that a bill covers matter not referred to the committee cannot be raised after deliberate action on the bill, by amendment, or by passing it to a third reading, or even after continued deliberation in regard to it. Brackett, H. 1886, p. 503; Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 464; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 368; Jewell, H. 1870, p. 477. See also Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480; Wade, H. 1879, p. 540.

Where a committee has referred to it several petitions on the same subject, or various papers involving either directly or remotely the same subject, whether simply or connected with other things, and the committee has once considered and reported upon any one subject involved in them, it has entirely exhausted its authority over that subject.

After such report has been once made, the subject passes beyond the control of the committee and becomes the property of the House.

Any papers left in the hands of the committee, which may indirectly involve the same subject, must be treated as if that question was not in them. It seems not to be within the power of a committee to withhold mention of any particular petition, report or other paper, and thus retain possession of a subject once reported upon as a basis for a new action and a new report.

General considerations support strongly this view. It is a maxim of jurisprudence that it is for the public advantage that strifes should come to an end. It is equally for the public interest that contentions, in what our fathers called the Great and General Court, should be settled once for all. Many persons have a deep interest in the matters heard before committees. They appear in person or by counsel; and when the subject is, by report of the committee, brought before the Legislature, they appear to influence the action of members, as they have the right to do. When the matter is once disposed of, they depart, and suppose they may do so in safety. They have a right to believe their interests no longer require their presence. But, if a committee may revive questions once reported upon and settled, there will never be rest. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 480. See also Noyes, H. 1888, p. 584.

A resolve, not an order, should be the form used to provide for printing a document not for the use of the Legislature, and involving the expenditure of public money. Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

Further, as to cases in which orders would be suitable, see Long, H. 1878, p. 58.

A motion that several bills comprised in one report should be placed separately in orders of the day, is not in order before the report has been received and the bills read the first time. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 404.

RULE 6. "Special legislation." Special legislation in the sense of this rule is that which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588, 589. See notes to Scnate Rule 16.

RULE 8. "No printing . . . shall be ordered except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing." See Long, H. 1878, p. 116. See also note to Joint Rule 1.

RULE 10. It seems that any difference between the two branches can be submitted to a committee of conference. Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702.

That which has been agreed to by both branches cannot be disturbed by a committee of conference. It is competent for a committee of conference to report such change in the sections or portions not agreed to as is germane to those sections. Bishor, S. 1882, p. 391.

Rule 11. See note to House Rule 4.

A bill may be laid aside on the ground that it is in violation of this rule after it has passed through one branch. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

"No bill or resolve." An order that a committee investigate the management and condition of a certain society and report what legislation is necessary was held to be within the operation of this rule, because any bill or resolve embodying the conclusions of such investigation would be within the scope of the rule. Bauce, S. 1884, p. 580. Contra, Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 580.

"By amendment or otherwise." For the case of an amendment which was ruled out as within this rule, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 333.

An amendment proposing a new treatment of a subject already in the bill, and not the introduction of a new subject into the bill, is not covered by the rule. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

"Except by report of a committee on petition duly presented and referred" See Noyes, H. 1882, p. 90. For cases in which a bill was ruled out under this rule, see Long, H. 1878, pp. 116, 120; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 479.

The words "duly presented" do not require compliance with the provisions of chapter 2 of the Public Statutes in regard to notice. Those provisions are mandatory only to the petitioner, and the Legislature may, if it sees fit, hear the petitioner, notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law. Marden, H. 1883, p. 533.

A bill which is offered as a substitute for a report of a committee must be germane to the subject referred to the committee. Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342.

[&]quot; Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at

any stage prior to that of the third reading." For a case which arose prior to the insertion of these words, see Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463.

RULE 12. This rule does not exclude matters of privilege. They may be considered whenever they arise. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 583.

"All other subjects of legislation." See Long, H 1878, p. 572; Brackerr, H. 1885, p. 354.

An order which is merely incidental to a subject of legislation before the House is not within the scope of this rule. Marden, H. 1883, p. 311.

"Proposed or introduced." It has been twice ruled that matter referred by one General Court to the next, when called up in the General Court to which it is so referred, must be considered as the introduction of new business within the intent of this rule. In both cases the bill in question related to the compensation of members of the Legislature, and in both cases, on appeal, the decision of the chair was reversed. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 521, 578; LONG, II. 1877, pp. 466-473.

"Shall be referred to the next General Court." Where a bill had passed to a third reading, it was held that it was too late to secure its reference to the next General Court under this rule. Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 46?. See also Wade, H. 1879, p. 540

For a case arising under a somewhat similar rule, see Jewell, H. 1868, p. 591.

After the House had debated an order several times and had once adopted it, it was held too late to raise the point that the order came within the scope of this rule. Brack-ett, H. 1885, p. 354.

"This rule shall not be . . . suspended except by a concurrent vote." Pending the question on concurring in the suspension of this rule to admit a petition, it has been held not to be in order to move to lay the petition upon the table. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 260.

# SUNDRY RULINGS.

#### Courtesy between the Branches.

Where one branch has passed upon a matter and forwarded it to the other, the latter is, as a rule, bound to receive and act upon it. For a discussion of this principle, and the exceptions to it, see Marden, H. 1883, pp. 523-528, also p. 478; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307; Marden, H. 1884, p. 451; Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 582, 583; Morrison (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 443; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; BISHOP, S. 1881 (extra session), p. 19; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306; Long, H. 1877, p. 426; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392; Sanford, H. 1872, p. 125; Bullock, H. 1865, Appendix, p. 492; Piielps, S. 1859, p. 325.

See notes to Senate Rule 50.

#### Concurrence in Amendments.

Where a bill passed in the House was sent to the Senate, and there passed with an amendment, and was then returned to the House for concurrence in the amendment, it was held that the House might agree or disagree with the amendment, or it might agree after amending the amendment, or it might refer the question of agreeing to the amendment to a committee, or might lay the subject on the table, or defer action to some day certain, because

all such motions are supposed to be not unfriendly in their nature, at least not decisive or destructive. On the other hand, a motion to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, or any motion which carries with it an original purpose of destruction to the bill, is not in order, because the two branches have already agreed to the bill as a whole, and such a motion would be irregular in itself, and in its parliamentary effects uncourteous towards the other branch of the Legislature. Bullock, H. 1865, Appendix, p. 493.

For a discussion as to proceedings in case of a disagreement between the two branches in relation to amendments, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 116.

#### LIST OF THE

# Executive and Legislative Departments

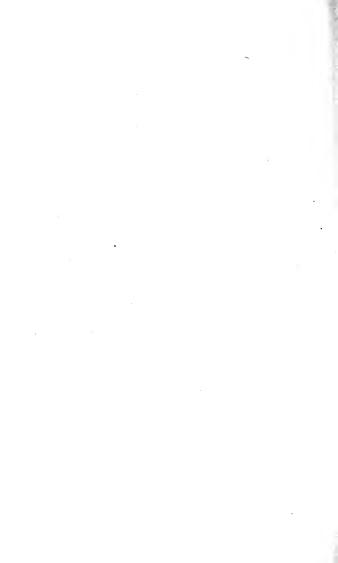
# OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

# COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH, WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1889.



# EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

# HIS EXCELLENCY OLIVER AMES of Easton, GOVERNOR.

353 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

HIS HONOR JOHN Q. A. BRACKETT of Arlington, LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.

#### Conneil.

District

I .- ISAAC N. KEITH of Bourne.

II. - ARTHUR W. TUFTS of Boston.

III. — Robert O. Fuller of Cambridge.

IV. - EDWARD J. FLYNN of Boston.

V .- AUGUSTUS MUDGE of Danvers.

VI. - Francis Jewett of Lowell.

VII. - George W. Johnson of Brookfield.

VIII. - LEVI J. GUNN of Greenfield.

Private Secretary of the Governor.

George H. Campbell of Easton.

Assistant Private Secretary.

SAMUEL J. MENARD of Boston.

Executive Clerk.

EDWARD F. HAMLIN of Newton.

#### Committees of the Council.

On Pardons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Jewett, Mr. Gunn, Mr. Fuller.

On Finance. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Gunn, Mr. Tufts, Mr. Keith.

On Harbors and Public Lands. — Mr. Jewett, Mr. Fuller, Mr. Tufts, Mr. Keith, Mr. Flynn.

On Charitable Institutions. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Jewett, Mr. Gunn, Mr. Tufts.

On Prisons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Jewett, Mr. Fuller, Mr. Mudge, Mr. Keith.

On Military Affairs. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Gunn, Mr. Keith, Mr. Flynn.

On Railroads. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Gunn, Mr. Fuller, Mr. Mudge, Mr. Flynn.

On Accounts .- Mr. Johnson, Mr. Mudge, Mr. Flynn.

On Warrants. - Mr. Jewett, Mr. Mudge, Mr. Tufts.

# Messenger to the Governor and Council.

William H. Jarvis, . . . . . . . Lynn.

# Secretary of the Commonwealth.

#### HENRY B. PEIRCE of Abington.

Henry J. Coolidge, 1st Clerk,	•			Boston.
Isaac H. Edgett, 2d Clerk,				Beverly.
George G. Spear, Jr., 3d Clerk.				Roston

# Treasurer and Receiber-General and Car Commissioner.

#### GEORGE A. MARDEN of Lowell.

John Q. Adams, 1st Clerk, .					Auburndale.
George S. Hall, 2d Clerk,					Cambridge.
L. P. Bridge, 3d Clerk, .					Medford.
Joshua Phippen, Cashier,					Salem.
Henry S. Bridge, Receiving Telle	r,				Medford.
James C. Bond, Paying Teller,					North Adams.
E. P. Simmons, Fund Clerk, .					Roxbury.
Deputy Tax Commissioner and	Co	nmis	sione	r of	Corporations.

Charles Endicott,.					Canton.
Andrew J. Morton,	Clerk,				Boston.
Edward D Endicot	t 9d (	Tork			Canton

# Anditor.

#### CHARLES R. LADD of Springfield.

William D. Hawley, 1st Clerk, .		Malden.
James Pope, 2d Clerk,		Melrose.
William H. Pomeroy, Extra Clerk,		Boston.
Laura Wilkins, Extra Clerk, .		Cambridge.

# Attorney-General.

Andrew J. Waterman of Pittsfield.

Office, Commonwealth Building.

Henry C. Bliss, 1st Assistant Attorney-General, Springfield. Henry A. Wyman, 2d Assistant Attorney-General, Boston.

#### Cobernor's Staff.

#### Aides-de-Camp.

Col. Allen G. Shepherd,			•	Lynn.
Col. Morgan Rotch,		<i>.</i>		New Bedford.
Col. Rockwood Hoar,				Worcester.
Col. Albert L. Newman.				Boston.

#### Maj.-Gen. Samuel Dalton of Boston, Adjutant-General.

Brig.-Gen. Alfred F. Holt of Cambridge, Surgeon-General.

Brig -Gen. Edward O. Shepard of Boston, Judge-Advocate-General.

Col. Horace T. Rockwell of Boston, Inspector-General of Rifle Practice.

Col. Edward E. Currier of Malden, Assistant Inspector-General.

Col. Augustus N. Sampson of Boston, Assistant Inspector-General.

Col. Fred W. Wellington of Worcester, Assistant Inspector-General.

Col. James W. Bennett of Lowell, Assistant Adjutant-General.

Col. Charles Weil of Boston, Assistant Adjutant-General.

Col John H. Abbott of Fall River, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Col. John G. Mackintosh of Holyoke, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Col. Richard F. Barrett of Concord, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Col. George R. Wallace of Fitchburg, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Col. Samuel J. Menard of Boston, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

# Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

Brigade.

Brig.-Gen. Benjamin F. Bridges, Jr., . . . Deerfield.

Second Brigade.

Brig.-Gen. Benjamin F. Peach, Jr., . . . Lynn.

Corps of Cadets - Unattached.

First Corps Cadets, Lieut.-Col. Thomas F. Edmands, Boston. Second Corps Cadets, Lieut.-Col. J. Frank Dalton, Salem.







# BY DISTRICTS. SENATE

Hon. HARRIS C. HARTWELL (Fourth Worcester), President.

	District.	uct.			NAMIE.	Residence.		During the Session.
First Suffolk,	folk,				Benjamin F. Campbell,	Boston, .		At home.
Second "	;	٠	٠	•	Edwin L. Pilsbury,	Boston, .	•	At home.
Third ,	:	٠			Edward J. Donovan,	Boston, .	•	At home.
Fourth "	•			•	James Donovan,	Boston, .		At home.
Fifth '	,	٠	٠		Henry H. Sprague,	Boston, .		At home.
Sixth ,	:			•	John A. Collins,	Boston, .	•	At home.
Seventh "	2	٠			Edward J. Hathorne,	Boston, .	•	At home.
Eighth '	;	٠	•		Thomas F. Hunt,	Boston, .	•	At home.
Ninth '	3				Daniel Gunn,	Boston, .	•	At home.

					AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUM	
DISTRICT.	cr.			NAME.	Residence.	During the Session.
First Essex, .				William A. Clark, Jr.,	Lynn,	At home.
Second "			•	Charles II. Symonds,	Salem,	At home.
Third ".	. •	٠	•	Benjamin F. Cook,	Gloucester, .	At home.
Fourth ".			•	James D. Pike,	Merrimac,	At home.
Fifth		٠	•	David Walker,	Lynn,	At home.
Sixth "		•		Edward F. O'Sullivan, .	Lawrence,	At home.
First Middlesex,				James F. Dwinell,	Winchester, .	At home.
Second "			•	Henry J. Hosmer,	Concord,	At home.
Third "			•	Chester W. Kingsley,	Cambridge, .	At home.
Fourth "				William N. Davenport, .	Marlborough, .	At home.
Fifth "		•	•	Moses P. Palmer,	Groton,	At home.
Sixth		٠	•	Alonzo H. Evans,	Everett,	At home.
Seventh "	•	•	•	Frank W. Howe,	Lowell,	At home.

At home.	Norton,	•	Austin Messinger,	•			First Bristol,	First 1
At home.	Middleborough, . At home.	•	James H. Harlow,	•				Second
At home.	Rockland,	•	Jubal C. Gleason,	•			First Plymouth,	First 1
At home.	Needham,	•	Enos II. Tucker,	•				" pnoos
At home.	Bruintree,	•	James T. Stevens,	•	•	•	First Norfolk,	First 1
United States Hotel.	Great Barrington,	•	Alfred S. Fassett,		shire	amp	Berkshire and Hampshire, .	Berksl
Adams House.	Pittsfield,	•	John C. Crosby, .	•	٠		hire, .	Berkshire,
American House.	Shelburne,		Edwin Baker, .	•	•		lin, .	Franklin,
Adams House.	Chicopee,	•	George W. Gibson,	•	•		,, ,	Second
Adams Honse.	Springfield, .	•	Edwin D. Metcalf,	•	•	•	First Hampden,	First 1
Young's Hotel.	Ware,		Charles B. Stevens,		shire	amı	Worcester and Hampshire, .	Worce
At home.	Fitchburg,	•	Harris C. Hartwell,	•	٠	٠	, .	Fourth
. At home.	Millbury,	•	Levi L. Whitney,	•	•		š	Third
. Tremont House.	Uxbridge,	•	Silas M. Wheelock,	•	•		,, ,,	Second
. At home.	. Worcester, .	•	Henry L. Parker,	•	:	•	First Worcester,	First

District.	NAME.	Residence.	During the Session.
Second Bristol,	Robert Howard, .	Fall River,	At home.
Third "	Thomas W. Cook,	New Bedford, . At home.	At home.
Cape,	David Fisk,	. Dennis,	. At home.

# ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

#### HON. HARRIS C. HARTWELL, PRESIDENT.

#### RIGHT.

- 1. Hon. William N. Davenport.
- 2. Hon. Benjamin F. Campbell.
- 3. Hon. Daniel Gunn.
- 4. Hon. James Donovan.
- 5. Hon. George W. Gibson.
- 6. Hon. Edward J. Donovan.
- 7. Hon. Robert Howard.
- 8. Hon. Thomas F. Hunt.
- 9. Hon, Edward F. O'Sullivan.
- 10. Hon. Charles H. Symonds.
- 11. Hon. Alonzo H. Evans.
- 12. Hon. Alfred S. Fassett.
- 13. Hon. Thomas W. Cook.
- 14. Hon. Levi L. Whitney.
- 15. Hon, James H. Harlow.
- 16. Hon. Henry L. Parker.
- 17. Hon. Henry J. Hosmer.
- 18. Hon. Edwin Baker.
- 18. Hon. Edwin Baker
- 19. Hon. David Fisk.
- 20. Hon. James F. Dwinell.

#### LEFT.

- 1. Hon. Benjamin F. Cook.
- 2. Hon. Jubal C. Gleason.
- 3. Hon. Henry H. Sprague.
- 4. Hon. Edward J. Hathorne.
- 5. Hon. John C. Crosby.
- 6. Hon. Moses P. Palmer.
- 7. Hon, David Walker.
- 8. Hon. James T. Stevens.
- 9. Hon. William A. Clark, Jr.
- 10. Hon. James D. Pike.
- Hon. Chester W. Kingsley.
- 12. Hon. Frank W. Howe.
- Hon. Edwin L. Pilsbury.
- 14. Hon. Austin Messinger.
- 15. Hon. Charles E. Stevens.
- 16. Hon. John A. Collins.
- 17. Hon. Edwin D. Metcalf.
- Hon. Silas M. Wheelock.
- 19. Hon. Enos H. Tucker.

# SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

Hon. HARRIS C. HARTWELL (Fourth Worcester),
PRESIDENT.

Baker, Edwin,			Franklin District.	
Campbell, Benjamin F.,			First Suffolk Dis	strict.
Clark, William A., Jr.,			First Essex	"
Collins, John A., .			Sixth Suffolk	"
Cook, Benjamin F.,.			Third Essex	"
Cook, Thomas W., .			Third Bristol	"
Crosby, John C., .			Berkshire	"
Davenport, William N.,			Fourth Middlesex	"
Donovan, Edward J.,			Third Suffolk	"
Donovan, James, .			Fourth Suffolk	"
Dwinell, James F., .			First Middlesex	"
Evans, Alonzo H., .			Sixth Middlesex	"
Fassett, Alfred S., .		. {	Berkshire and Hampshire	"
Fisk, David,		. (	Cape	"
Gibson, George W.,			Second Hampden	"
Gleason, Jubal C., .			First Plymouth	"
Gunn, Daniel,			Ninth Suffolk	"
Harlow, James H., .			Second Plymouth	"
Hartwell, Harris C.,			Fourth Worcester	

Hathorne, Edward J.,			Seventh Suffolk Di	strict.
Hosmer, Henry J., .			$Second\ Middlesex$	"
Howard, Robert, .			Second Bristol	"
Howe, Frank W., .			$Seventh\ Middlesex$	"
Hunt, Thomas F., .			Eighth Suffolk	"
Kingsley, Chester W.,			Third Middlesex	"
Messinger, Austin, .			First Bristol	"
Metcalf, Edwin D., .			First Hampden	"
O'Sullivan, Edward F.,			Sixth Essex	"
Palmer, Moses P., .			Fifth Middlesex	"
Parker, Henry L., .			First Worcester	"
Pike, James D., .			Fourth Essex	"
Pilsbury, Edwin L.,			Second Suffolk	"
Sprague, Henry H.,			Fifth Suffolk	"
Stevens, Charles E.,		. }	Worcester and Hampshire	"
Stevens, James T., .		. '	First Norfolk	"
Symonds, Charles H.,			Second Essex	"
Tucker, Enos H., .			Second Norfolk	"
Walker, David, .			Fifth Essex	"
Wheelock, Silas M.,			Second Worcester	"
Whitney, Levi L.,			Third Worcester	"

# OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CONCORD, . . Clerk.

WILLIAM H. SANGER, CAMBRIDGE, . Assistant Clerk.

JOHN G. B. ADAMS, LYNN, . . . Sergeant-at-Arms.

REV. EDMUND DOWSE, SHERBORN, . Chaplain.

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(BY COUNTIES.)

#### COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No.

of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative	Residence,
1	Falmouth, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee, Barnstable, Yarmouth, Dennis,	Albert R. Eldridge, Joshua Crowell,	Bourne. Dennis.
2	Harwich, Chatham, Brewster, . Orleans,	George Eldridge, .	Chatham.
3	Eastham, Wellfleet, Truro, Provincetown, .	Dåvid Conwell,	Provincetown.
	cou	NTY OF BERKSHIRE.	
i	New Ashford,. Williamstown, North Adams, Florida, . Clarksburg, .	Orland J Brown,	North Adams. North Adams.
2	Adams, Cheshire, Savoy,	Thomas Riley,	Adams.

No.

#### COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE-Concluded.

Donidonao

of	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence
Dist.			
3	Hancock, Lanesborough, . Lenox,	} Joshua L. D. Bowerman*	Lanesborough.
4 }	Pittsfield, Dalton,	Charles M. Wilcox, Peter J. McDonald,	Pittsfield. Pittsfield.
5 {	Stockbridge, Lee,	Charles N. Foote,	Lee.
6	West Stockbridge, . Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, .	Theodore Giddings, .	Gt. Barrington.
7{	Monterey, Otis, Otis, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Mt. Washington, Tyringham,	George A. Shepard, .	Sandisfield.
	COU	NTY OF BRISTOL.	
1	Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, Seekonk,	Stephen Stanley, Abijah T. Wales,	N. Attleboro'. Attleborough.
2 {	Mansfield, Easton, Raynham,	Charles B. Gardiner, .	Raynham.

Taunton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, .

Berkley, .
Fairhaven,
Acushnet,

Freetown,

Rollin H. Babbitt, . . . William L. White, Jr., . William M. Hale, . . .

Noah F. Mendall, .

Berkley. Taunton. Taunton.

Acushnet. '

^{*} Died January 25.

#### COUNTY OF BRISTOL -Concluded.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5 }	New Bedford, W'ds 1, 2, 3,	Isaac B. Tompkins, . David B Kempton, .	New Bedford. New Bedford.
6 }	New Bedford, W'ds	Charles P. Rugg, William Gordon, Jr , .	New Bedford. New Bedford.
7 }	Westport, Dartmouth,	George W Slocum, .	Dartmouth,
8	Fall River, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6,	John J. McDonough, . John Edwards, John H. Burgess,	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.
9 {	Fall River, Wards 5, 7, 8, 9,	Robert Henry,	Fall River. Fall River.
10 {	Dighton, Somerset,	Charles Perry,	Rehoboth.
	COUNTY	OF DUKES COUNTY.	
1	Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold,	Cornelius B. Marchant,	Edgartown.
	CO	UNTY OF ESSEX.	
1	Salisbury, Ame-bury,	George C. Rogers, John J. Prevaux,	West Newbury.
2	Haverhill, Wards 1, 2, 4, 6,	Henry H. Johnson, J. Otis Wardwell,	Haverhill. Haverhill.
3	Haverhill, Wards 3, 5,	William R. Rowell, Martin L. Stover,	Methuen. Haverhill.

# House of Representatives,

#### COUNTY OF ESSEX -Continued.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
4 }	Lawrence, Wards 1, 2, 3,	Michael F. Sullivan,   John F. Howard,	Lawrence.
5 }	Lawrence, Wards 4, 5, 6,	Phineas W. Haseltine, . John H. Stafford,	Lawrence.
6 }	Andover, North Andover, .	Thomas K. Gilman, .	North Andover.
7	Groveland, Georgetown, Boxford, Topsfield,	Baxter P. Pike,	Topsfield.
8 {	Newburyport, W'ds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . Newbury,	Edward P. Shaw, Luther Dame,	Newburyport. Newbury.
9	Rowley, Ipswich,	Simeon Dodge, Jr., .	Wenham.
10	Gloucester, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, . Essex, Manchester,	Edgar S Taft, Epes Davis,	Gloucester. Gloucester. Gloucester.
11 }	Gloucester, Ward 2, Rockport,	William H. Nichols, .	Gloucester.
12	Beverly,	William D. Sohier,	Beverly.
13	Salem, Wards 1, 2, .	Francis T. Berry,	Salem.
14	Salem, Wards 3, 5, .	Samuel L. Gracey, .	Salem.
15	Salem, Wards 4, 6, .	Edward F. Brown, .	Salem.
16	Marblehead,	Thomas Snow,	Marblehead.
17 }	Swampscott, Lynn, Wards 2, 3, .	James H. Richards, . Daniel P. Stimpson, .	Lynn. Swampscott.
18 }	Lynn, Ward 4, Nahant,	James P. Martin, Elihu B. Hayes,	Lynn. Lynn.
19 }	Lynn, Wards 1, 5, . Lynnfield,	John Macfarlane, Rufus Kimball,	Lynn. Lynn.

#### COUNTY OF ESSEX-Concluded.

	COL	JNTY	OF ESSEX - Concluded	d.
No. of Dist.	District.		Name of Representative	Residence.
20 }	Lynn, Wards 6 Saugus, .	5, 7, .	Langdon H. Holder, Horace H. Atherton,	. Lynn. . Saugus.
21	Peabody,.		Stephen S. Littlefield,	. Peabody.
22 }	Danvers, . Middleton,	: :	Charles H. Shepard,	. Danvers.
		COUN	TY OF FRANKLIN.	
1 {	Greenfield, Shelburne, Bernardston,		Nahum S. Cutler, .	. Greenfield.
2	Warwick, Orange, . New Salem, Erving, . Shutesbury,		Henry D. Hamilton,	. New Salem.
3	Northfield, Gill, Montague, Wendell, .		Ralph L. Atherton,	. Gill.
4	Leverett, . Sunderland, Whately, . Deerfield, Conway, .		John B. Packard, .	. Conway.
5 {	Ashfield, . Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, . Hawley, . Heath, . Leyden, . Rowe, . Monroe, .		Charles Howes,	. Ashfield.
		COUN	TY OF HAMPDEN.	
1	Chester,		John B Ripley,	. Granville.

# House of Representatives,

# COUNTY OF HAMPDEN-Concluded.

No of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2	Montgomery, Russell,	Oren B. Parks, Robert B. Crane,	Westfield. Westfield.
3	Holyoke, Wards 6, 7,	John Hildreth,	Holyoke.
4 }	Holyoke, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	Jeremiah J. Keane, .	Holyoke.
5	Chicopee,	George D. Eldredge, .	Chicopee.
6 }		William F. Ferry, Hiram B Lane,	Springfield. Springfield.
7	Springfield, Ward 5,	A. Olin Brooks,	Springfield.
8 }		Charles A. Call, Charles H. Bennett, .	Springfield. Springfield.
9	Longmendow,	Lurin J. Potter,	Longmeadow.
10 {	Ludlow, Palmer, Brimfield,	William W Leach, .	Palmer.

#### COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1	Northampton, W'ds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . Easthampton, Southampton,	John B. Bottum, . Henry A. Kimball,	Northampton. Northampton.
2	Chesterfield, Cummington,	Charles K. Brewster,	Worthington.

#### COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE-Concluded.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3	Hatfield, Hadley, South Hadley, . Williamsburg, .	John N. Pierce,	Hadley.
4	Amherst, Belchertown, . Granby,	Frank E. Paige,	Amherst.
5	Enfield, Greenwich,	· } William S. Douglas, .	Greenwich.

#### COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1 }	Cambridge, Wards	George A. Perkins, Chester F Sanger,	: 1	Cambridge. Cambridge.
2 }	Cambridge, Ward 2,	Horace E. Clayton, Horace G. Kemp, .		Cambridge. Cambridge.
3	Cambridge, Ward 3,	John W. Coveney,		Cambridge.
4 }	Cambridge, Ward 4,	Frank W. Dallinger, Moses D. Church, .	:	Cambridge. Cambridge.
5	Somerville, Ward 1,	Joshua H. Davis, .		Somerville.
6	Somerville, Ward 2,	Francis H. Raymond,		Somerville.
7 }	Somerville, Wards 3, 4,	Irving L. Russell, .		Somerville.
8	Medford,	J. Henry Norcross,		Medford.
9 }	Malden, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,	Henry E Turner, Jr., Thomas E. Barker,	:	Malden. Malden.
10	Everett,	Joseph H. Cannell,		Everett.
11	Melrose,	William E Barrett,	٠,	Melrose.
12	Stoneham,	Myron J. Ferron, .	٠	Stoneham.
13	Wakefield,	Charles F. Woodward,		Wakefield.

# COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Continued.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
14 {	Woburn,	Montressor T. Allen, . Lewis M. Bancroft, .	Woburn. Reading.
15 }	Arlington, Winchester,	Samuel W. McCall, .	Winchester.
16 }	Watertown, Belmont,	Charles Q. Pierce,	Watertown.
17 {	Newton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,	Gorham D. Gilman, . Winfield S. Slocum, .	Newton. Newton.
18 {	Waltham, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . Weston,	Henry S. Milton, George W. Cutting, .	Waltham. Weston.
19 {	Lexington,	John F. Hutchinson, .	Lexington.
20 {	Chelmsford, Billerica,	Edward M. Nichols, .	Wilmington.
21	Lowell, Ward 1, .	Michael J. Garvey, .	Lowell.
22	Lowell, Ward 2, .	Francis W. Qua,	Lowell.
23	Lowell, Ward 3, .	Peter J. Brady,	Lowell.
24 {	Lowell, Wards 4, 5, Dracut, Tyngsborough, .	Charles E Carter,	Lowell. Lowell. Dracut.
25	Lowell, Ward 6, .	Richard B. Allen,	Lowell.
26	Natick,	Albert Mead,	Natick.
27 }	Hopkinton, Ashland,	Abner Greenwood, .	Ashland.
28	Holliston, Sherborn, Framingham, Wayland,	George A. Reed, Charles E. Spring, .	Framingham. Holliston.

#### COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

No. of Dist.	District	·.		Name of Representative.	Residence.
29 {	Marlborough, Hudson, . Sudbury, .	:	:	I. Porter Morse, Francis C. Curtis,	Marlborough. Marlborough.
30	Maynard,. Stow,. Boxborough, Littleton,. Acton,. Carlisle,.	:	:	Nelson B. Conant, .	Littleton.
31 {	Westford, Groton, Pepperell, Dunstable,	:	:	John O. Bennett,	Pepperell.
$_{32}\Big\{$	Ayer, . Shirley, . Townsend,	:	:	Horace S. Brooks,	Ashby.
į	Ashby, .	•	•	j	
l	Ashby, .	cot	JNT	TY OF NANTUCKET.	
1	Nantucket,	cot	JNT	TY OF NANTUCKET.  Authory Smalley,	Nantucket.
1		•			Nantucket.
1		•		Anthony Smalley,	Nantucket.
	Nantucket,	•		Anthony Smalley, STY OF NORFOLK.	
1 }	Nantucket,  Dedham, . Norwood,	•		Authony Smalley,  NTY OF NORFOLK.  George C. Stearns, .	Dedham.
1 }	Nantucket,  Dedham, . Norwood, Brookline,	•		Authony Smalley,  NTY OF NORFOLK.  George C. Stearns, .  George N. Carpenter, .	Dedham. Brookline.
1 } 2 3	Dedham, . Norwood, Brookline, Hyde Park, Milton, .	•		Anthony Smalley,  NTY OF NORFOLK.  George C. Stearns, .  George N. Carpenter, .  Ferdinand A. Wyman, .	Dedham. Brookline. Hyde Park.

# House of Representatives,

#### COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

No. of Dist.	District.		Name of Representative.	Residence.
7	Randolph, . Stoughton, . Avon, Sharon, Walpole,	:	Robert S. Gray, Rufus A. Thayer,	Walpole. Randolph.
8	Franklin, Foxborough, . Wrentham, . Bellingham, . Medway, Norfolk,	:	William A. Wyckoff, . James D. Lincoln,	Franklin. Wrentham.
9 {	Needham, Dover, Medfield, Wellesley, Millis,	:	Albert E. Miller,	Needham.
	С	OUN	TY OF PLYMOUTH.	
1	Plymouth, .		Everett F. Sherman, .	Plymouth.
2	Marshfield, . Plympton, . Kingston, . Duxbury, .	:	Thomas Alden,	Duxbury.
3	Scituate, Norwell,	:	J. Dean Bonney,	Pembroke.
4 {	Cohasset, Hingham, Hull,	:	Z. Taylor Harrington, .	Hull.
5 }	Rockland, . Hanover,	:	William Henry Brooks,	Hanover.
6 }	Whitman, . Abington, .	:	Harvey H. Pratt,	Abington.

Ellis B. Purrington,

. Mattapoisett.

#### COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH - Concluded.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
8 {	Middleborough, . Lakeville, Halifax,	Jared F. Alden,	Middleborough.
9 {	Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, . West Bridgewater, .	Robert O. Harris,	E. Bridgewater.
10 }	Brockton, Wards 4, 5, 6,	Charles French Porter, .	Brockton.
11 }	Brockton, Wards 2, 3,	A. Cranston Thompson,	Brockton.
12 }	Brockton, Wards 1,	Charles C. Bixby,	Brockton.
	cour	NTY OF SUFFOLK.	
1	Boston, Ward 1, .	Charles T Witt, Clarence P. Lovell, .	Boston. Boston.
2	Boston, Ward 2, .	Patrick J. Kennedy, . Thomas O. McEnaney,	Boston. Boston.
3	Boston, Ward 3, .	John W. O'Neil, William H. Murphy, .	Boston. Boston.
4	Boston, Ward 4, .	William H. Preble,	Boston. Boston.
5	Boston, Ward 5, .	Omer Pillsbury, George N. Swallow, .	Boston. Boston.
6	Boston, Ward 6, .	John F. Gillespie, Richard M. Barry, .	Boston. Boston.
7	Boston, Ward 7, .	Thomas G. Farren,	Boston. Boston.
8	Boston, Ward 8, .	Harrison H. Atwood, . John H. Sullivan,	Boston. Boston.
9	Boston, Ward 9, .	Frank Morison, Andrew B. Lattimore, .	Boston. Boston.
10	Boston, Ward 10, .	Jacob Fottler, Edward Sullivan,	Boston. Boston.

## COUNTY OF SUFFOLK - Concluded.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11	Boston, Ward 11, .	Andreas Blume,	Boston. Boston.
12	Boston, Ward 12, .	Dennis J. Quinn, James J. Burke,	Boston. Boston.
13	Boston, Ward 13, .	SEdward J. Leary, Michael J. Moore,	Boston. Boston.
14	Boston, Ward 14, .	Robert F. Means, John H. Crowley,	Boston. Boston.
15	Boston, Ward 15, .	William S. McNary, . Joseph Nolan,	Boston. Boston.
16	Boston, Ward 16, .	Jeremiah Desmond, . Thomas J. Keliher, .	Boston Boston
17	Boston, Ward 17, .	John W. O'Mealey, . Robert H. Bowman, .	Boston. Boston.
18	Boston, Ward 18, .	(Henry Frost, John Albree,	Boston. Boston.
19	Boston, Ward 19, .	William H. Monahan, . Thomas H. Duggan, .	Boston. Boston.
20	Boston, Ward 20, .	Michael J. McEttrick, . John H. McDonough, .	Boston. Boston.
21	Boston, Ward 21, .	Henry S. Dewey,   Francis W. Kittredge, .	Boston. Boston.
22	Boston, Ward 22, .	John E. Heslan,	Boston.
23	Boston, Ward 23, .	Edward W. Brewer, . Peletiah R. Tripp,	Boston. Boston.
24	Boston, Ward 24, .	( Henry P. Oakman, . Thomas W. Bicknell, .	Boston. Boston.
25	Boston, Ward 25, .	James W. Harvey, .	Boston.
26 }	Chelsea, Wards 1, 2, 3,	Franklin O. Barnes, . William S. Hixon, .	Chelsea. Chelsea.
27 {	Chelsea, Ward 4, . Revere, Winthrop,	Willard Howland, Charles Grant, Jr., .	Chelsea. Revere.

#### COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1 {	Athol, Royalston,	John D. Holbrook, .	Athol.
2	Gardner,	John H. Wilkins, Percival Blodgett,	Ashburnham. Templeton.
3	Barre,	George Ayres,	Petersham.
4	Westminster, . Hubbardston, . Princeton, . Holden, . Paxton, .	Herbert W. Howe, .	Hubbardston.
5	Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, New Braintree, Oakham, Sturbridge, Warren,	George Bliss, John B. Gould,	Warren. Warren.
6 {	Spencer,	Henry O. Smith,	Leicester.
7 {	Charlton,	George L. Clemence, .	Southbridge.
8	Webster,	Lyman R. Eddy,	Webster.
9 {	Douglas,	Stillman Russell,	Douglas.
10 {	Uxbridge,	Joseph A. Patridge, .	Upton.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
Blackstone, Mendon,	James Lally, Jr., Thomas McCooey, .	Milford. Blackstone.
Westborough, Northborough, Southberough, Berlin, Shrewsbury, Grafton,	Alden M. Bigelow, Samuel Wood,	Grafton. Northborough.
Boylston, Bolton,	Frank E. Holman, Albert H. Newhall,	Clinton. Sterling.
Leominster, Lunenburg,	Charles C. Putnam, .	Lunenburg.
Fitchburg, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,		Fitchburg.
Worcester, Ward 1,	Joseph P. Cheney, Jr., .	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 2,	Alfred S. Pinkerton, .	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 3,	Peter T. Carroll,	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 4,	James H. Mellen,	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 5,	James M. Cronin,	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 6,	John W. Plaisted,	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 7,	William B. Sprout, .	Worcester.
Worcester, Ward 8,	Edward B. Glasgow, .	Worcester.
	Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, Hopedale, Westborough, Northborough, Southberough, Serlin, Shrewsbury, Grafton, Boylston, Bolton, West Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster, Sterling, Leominster, Lunenburg, Fitchburg, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Worcester, Ward 2, Worcester, Ward 4, Worcester, Ward 6, Worcester, Ward 6, Worcester, Ward 6, Worcester, Ward 7,	Blackstone, Mendon, James Lally, Jr., Milford, Hopedale, Thomas McCooey, Thomas McCooey, Alden M. Bigelow, Serlin, Shrewsbury, Grafton, Boylston, Bolton, West Boylston, Clinton, West Boylston, Lancaster, Sterling, Lcominster, Lunenburg, Charles C. Putnam, Londenter, Lunenburg, Charles C. Putnam, Joseph P. Cheney, Jr., Worcester, Ward 1, Worcester, Ward 2, Worcester, Ward 3, Worcester, Ward 4, Worcester, Ward 5, Worcester, Ward 6, Worcester, Ward 7, Wolson F. Bond, James M. Cronin, James M. Cronin, John W. Plaisted, William B. Sprout,

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, . . . ALPHABETICALLY.

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING THE SESSION.

WILLIAM E. BARRETT, Speaker.

NAME.		District.		Residence.	Duri	During the Session.	cessio	÷		No. of Beat.
Adams, Warren W., .	•	5, Norfolk,	<u> </u>	Quincy,	At home,					238
Albree, John,	•	18, Suffolk,		Boston,	122 West Concord St., Boston,	oncord	St.,	Boste	Ĕ,	21
Alden, Jared F.,	•	8, Plymouth, .	-	Middleborough,. At home,	At home,				•	86
Alden, Thomas,	•	2, Plymouth, .		Duxbury,	At home,					128
Allen, Montressor T.,	•	14, Middlesen, .		Woburn,	At home,					39
Allen, Richard B., .	•	25, Middlesex, .   Lowell,	<del>-</del> -	Lowell,	At home,					188
Atherton, Horace II., .	•	20, Essex, .		Sungus, .	At home,					189

NAME.		District.		Residence.		During the Session.	Sessi	on.		No. of Beat.	
Atherton, Ralph L ,	-	3, Franklin, .		Gill,		Quincy House,				212	
Atwood, Harrison H.,		8, Suffolk,		Boston, .	•	30 Poplar Street, Boston,	, Bos	ton,	•	75	
Ayres, George,		3, Worcester, .		Petersham,	•	Somerville, .	٠		•	191	
Babbitt, Rollin H.,		3, Bristol,.		Berkley, .	•	At home, .			•	236	J
Bancroft, Lewis M.,		14, Middlesex, .		Reading, .	•	At home, .			•	115	
Barker, Thomas E.,		9, Middlesex, .		Malden, .	•	At home,	•		•	182	_
Barnes, Franklin O., .		26, Suffolk,		Chelsea, .	•	At home, .	٠	•	•	40	
Barrett, William E., .		11, Middlesen, .		Melrose, .	•	At home, .	٠	•	•	Speaker.	
Barry, Richard M.,		6, Suffolk,		Boston, .	•	12 Unity Street, Boston,	Bost	on,	•	190	-,
Beck, Walter P.,		4, Norfolk,		Milton, .	•	176 Tremont Street, Boston, .	eet, I	Soston		170	
Bennett, Charles H., .		8, Hampden, .	-	Springfield,	•	Adams House,	•	•	•	135	
Bennett, John O.,		31, Middlesex, .		Pepperell, .	•	At home, .	٠	٠	•	148	
Berry, Francis T.,	_	13, Essex,		Salem, .	•	At home,	•	•	•	126	

Bicknell, Thomas W.,	•	3, Suffolk,	•	. Boston, .	-	.   175 Harvard St., Dorchester,	., Do	rehester,	73
Bigelow, Alden M.,		12, Worcester, . Grafton,		Grafton,		At home, .	•		175
3ixby, Charles C.,	•	12, Plymouth, .		Brockton,		At home, .	٠		ಣ
3liss, George,	•	5, Woreester, .		Warren,		At home, .	٠		163
3lodgett, Percival, .	•	2, Worcester, .	•	Templeton, .		At home, .	٠		118
Blume, Andreas,		11, Suffolk,		Boston, .		7 Yarmouth Street, Boston, .	eet, I	soston, .	217
Bond, Nelson F.,		15, Worcester,		Fitchburg,		At home, .	٠		85
Bonney, J. Dean,	•	3, Plymouth,		Pembroke,.		At home, .	٠		159
Bottum, John B., .	•	1, Hampshire, .		Northampton, .		Adams House,			80
Bowerman, Joshua L. D.,*	*	3, Berkshire,		Lanesborough, .					154
30wman, Robert II., .		17, Suffolk,		Boston,		3 Union Park, Boston,	Sostor		61
Brady, Peter J.,		23, Middlesex, .		Lowell,		At home, .	٠		95
3rewer, Edward W., .	•	23, Suffolk,		Boston,		Alveston St., Jamaica Plain,	amaic	a Plain,	961
3rewster, Charles K., .	<del>.</del>	2, Hampshire, .	•	Worthington, .		United States Hotel,	otel,		53
	-		-		-			-	

* Died January 25.

# House of Representatives,

NAME.		District.	Residence.	I	During the Session.	sion.	No. of Seat.
Brooks, A. Olin,		7, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Adams	Adams House, .		103
Brooks, Horace S.,		32, Middlesex, .	Ashby,	111 Pe	111 Pembroke Street, Boston,	t, Boston,	113
Brooks, William H.,		5, Plymouth, .	Hanover,	Hotel	Hotel Brunswick, .		22
Brown, Edward F.,		15, Essex,	Salem,	At home,	ne,		214
Brown, Orland J.,		1, Berkshire, .	North Adams, .	United	United States Hotel,	•	167
Burgess, John H.,	•	8, Bristol	Fall River, .	At home,	ne,		143
Burke, James J.,		12, Suffolk,	Boston,	56 Oak	56 Oak Street, Boston,	, no	191
Call, Charles A.,	•	8, Hampden, .	Springfield, .	Adams	Adams House,		237
Cannell, Joseph H., .		10, Middlesex, .	Everett,	At home,	ne,		108
Carpenter, George N.,	•	2, Norfolk, .	Brookline,	At home,	ne, .		149
Carroll, Peter T.,	•	18, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	At home,	ne, .	•	232
Carter, Charles E.,		24, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	ne, .		91
Cheney, Joseph Tr., Jr.,		16, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	At home,	ne, .		145

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. At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	Quincy House,	At home,	At home,	Adams House,	At home,	United States Hotel,	126 Dove Street, So. Boston, .	At home,	American Honse,	At home,
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•		•	•			•
Cambridge,	Cambridge,	Southbridge,	Littleton, .	Dracut, .	Provincetown,	Weymouth,	Cambridge,	Westfield, .	Worcester,.	Dennis, .	Boston, .	Marlborough,	Greenfield,.	Weston, .
•	•	•	•			•				•	•			•
5, Middlesex, .   Cambridge,	2, Middlesex, .	7, Worcester,	30, Middlesex,	24, Middlesex,	3, Barnstable, .	5, Norfolk,	3, Middlesex,	2, Hampden,	20, Worcester,	l, Barnstable, .	14, Suffolk,	29, Middlesex,	l, Franklin,	18, Middlesex,
•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	•
Church, Moses D.,	Clayton, Horace E., .	Clemence, George L., .	Conant, Nelson B., .	Connell, Thomas II., .	Conwell, David,	Cook, Louis A.,	Coveney, John W.,	Crane, Robert B.,	Cronin, James M.,	Crowell, Joshua,	Crowley, John 11.,	Curtis, Francis C., .	Cutler, Nahum S.,	Cutting, George W., .

4, Middlesex, .
8, Essex, .
10, Essex, .
5, Middlesex,
6, Norfolk,
16, Suffolk,
21, Suffolk,
9, Essex, .
5, Hampshire,
9, Bristol, .
19, Suffolk,
8, Worcester,
8, Bristol,.

Eldredge, George D., .	•	5, Hampden, .   Chicopee,	Chicopee,	Adams House,	202
Eldridge, Albert R.,	•	1, Barnstable, .	Bourne,	At home,	37
Eldridge, George,	•	2, Barnstable, .	Chatham,	At home,	6
Farren, Thomas G., .	•	7, Suffolk, .	Boston,	37 Norman Street, Boston, .	17
Ferren, Myron J.,		12, Middlesex, .	Stoneham,	At home,	157
Ferry, William F.,		6, Hampden, .	Springfield, .	At home,	14
Foote, Charles N, .		5, Berkshire, .	Lee,	United States Hotel,	176
Fottler, Jacob,		10, Suffolk,	Boston,	3 Derne Street, Boston,	28
Frost, Henry,	•	18, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	664 Tremont Street, Boston, .	136
Gardiner, Charles B., .	•	2, Bristol,.	Raynham,	At home,	45
Garvey, Michael J., .		21, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	22.1
Giddings, Theodore, .		6, Berkshire, .	Great Barrington,	United States Hotel,	65
Gillespie, John F.,		6, Suffolk,	Boston,	17 Unity Street, Boston,	96
Gilman, Gorham D., .		17, Middlesex, .	Newton,	At home,	99
Gilman, Thomas K., .	•	6, Essex,	North Andover,.	At home,	31
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During the Session.	٠		use,						nse,				Court
Durin	At home,	At home,	Adams House,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	Adams House,	At home,	At home,	At home,	17 Newton Court, Boston,
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	er,	
Residence.	Woreester,.	New Bedford,	Warren, .	Salem, .	Revere, .	Walpole, .	Ashland, .	Taunton, .	New Salem,	Lowell, .	Hull,	East Bridgewater, At home,	Boston, .
			•	•	•			•			•	•	
District.	23, Worcester, .	6, Bristol,.	5, Worcester,	14, Essex, .	27, Suffolk,	7, Norfolk,	27, Middlesex, .	3, Bristol,.	2, Franklin,	24, Middlesex, .	4, Plymouth,	9, Plymouth,	25, Suffolk,
		•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•
NAME.	Glasgow, Edward B., .	Gordon, William, Jr.,	Gould, John B.,	Gracey, Samuel L., .	Grant, Charles, Jr., .	Gray, Robert S.,	Greenwood, Abner, .	Hale, William M.,	Hamilton, Henry D , .	Hanson, Charles II., .	Harrington, Z. Taylor,	Harris, Robert O.,	Harvey, James W.,

Haseltine, Phineas W.,	•	ő, Essex, .	. Lawrence,	 . At home, .	٠		-	205
Haskell, Forbes P., .	•	10, Essex,	Gloucester,	 At home, .	٠			168
Hayes, Elihu B.,	•	18, Essex, .	Lynn,	 At home, .	•		-	169
Henry, Robert,	•	9, Bristol,	Fall River,	 At home, .	•			30
Heslan, John E.,	•	22, Suffolk, .	Boston,	 33 Arklow Street, Boston,	t, Bo	ston,	•	178
Hildreth, John,		3, Hampden, .	Holyoke,	 814 E. Sixth St., So. Boston,	, So.	Boston		26
Hixon, William S.,		26, Suffolk,	Chelsea,	 At home, .	٠			ī.
Holbrook, John D., .	•	1, Worcester, .	Athol,	Adams House,	•			216
Holder, Langdon H., .		20, Essex, .	Lynn,	 At home, .	•			195
Holman, Frank E., .		13, Worcester, .	Clinton,	 At home, .	•			81
Howard, John F.,		4, Essex, .	Lawrence,	 At home, .	•		-	36
Howe, Herbert W., .	•	4, Worcester, .	Hubbardston, .	 6 and 8 Allston Street, Boston,	treet,	Boston		156
Howes, Charles, .		5, Franklin, .	Ashfield,	 American House,				185
Howland, Willard, .		27, Suffolk,	Chelseu,	 At home, .	٠			23
Hutchinson, John F.,.	•	19, Middlesex, .	Lexington,	 At home, .	٠			27

NAME.	 District.	Residence.	ice.	During the Session.	Session.		No. of Seat.
Johnson, Henry II.,	 2, Essex,	Haverbill, .		At home,			130
Keane, Jeremiah J.,	 4, Hampden, .	Holyoke,		Richwood House, .	· ·	•	88
Keliher, Thomas J.,	 16, Suffolk, .	Boston,		65 Albion Street, Boston,	, Boston,	•	158
Kemp, Horace G.,	 2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,		At home, .		•	142
Kempton, David B.,	 5, Bristol, .	New Bedford,	ord, .	At home, .		•	122
Kennedy, Patrick J.,	 2, Suffolk,	Boston,		151 Meridian St., E. Boston, .	, E. Bost	on, .	56
Kimball, Henry A.,	 1, Hampshire, .	Northampton,	ton,	Adams House,		•	124
Kimball, John W.,	 15, Worcester, .	Fitchburg, .	•	At home, .		•	19
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McEttrick, Michael J.,		20, Suffolk,		Boston,	~	7 Taber Street, Boston, .	et, B	ostor	٠,٠		7

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sessio				harl						E., C			
During the Session.	•	House,		PI., C				nse,		Hills	٠		
Durin	At home,	American House,	At home,	6 Linwood Pl., Charlestown,	At home,	At home,	At home,	Adams House,	At home,	291 Bunker Hill St., Charlest'n,	At home,	At home,	At home,
	At b	Ame	At p	6 Li	At b	At b	At p	Ada	At b	291 I	At h	At b	At p
	•			•			•	•	•	•	•	•	
Residence.	Watertown,	Hadley, .	Topsfield, .	Boston, .	Worcester,.	Worcester, .	Brockton, .	Longmeadow,	Abington, .	Boston, .	Amesbury,	Mattapoisett,	Lunenburg,
		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	
District.	16, Middlesex, .	3, Hampshire, .	7, Essex, .	5, Suffolk,	17, Worcester,	21, Worcester, .	10, Plymouth,	9, Hampden,	6, Plymouth,	4, Suffolk,	l, Essex, .	7, Plymouth,	14, Worcester, .
		•	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•
NAME.	Pierce, Charles Q., .	Pierce, John N.,	Pike, Baxter P.,	Pillsbury, Omer,	Pinkerton, Alfred S.,.	Plaisted, John W., .	Porter, Charles F., .	Potter, Lurin J.,.	Pratt, Harvey H.,	Preble, William H., .	Prevaux, John J.,	Purrington, Ellis B., .	Putnam, Charles C., .

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	44	•	oston,	t, B	Stree	204 Beacon Street, Boston,	•	Boston, .	•	11, Suffolk,		Sanger, George P., Jr.,
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117	, ·	stow	harle	St., C	45 Russell St., Charlestown, .		Boston, .	٠	4, Suffolk,	٠	Worth, Ira A.,
123	•				At home,		Wakefield,.	٠	13, Middlesex,	•	Woodward, Charles F.,
198	•		٠	٠	At home,	•	Northborough, .	٠	12, Worcester,	•	Wood, Samuel,
202	·,	30sto	last]	St., E	105 Eutaw St., East Boston, .		Boston, .	٠	1, Suffolk,	•	Witt, Charles T.,
90	•		٠	٠	At home,	•	Ashburnham,	•	2, Woreester,	•	Wilkins, John II.,
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No. of Seat.		'n.	Sessic	During the Session.	Durin		Residence.		District.		NAME.

# OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, I	Bosto	οN,	Clerk.
JAMES W. KIMBALL, LYNN,			$Assistant\ Clerk.$
JOHN G. B. ADAMS, Lynn,			Sergeant-at-Arms.
Pry DANIEL W WALDRON	Ross	P(13*	Chanlain

SIXTH DIVISION,

# MONITORS OF THE HOUSE.

FIRST DIVISION,	Messrs. GORDON of New Bedford, McDONOUGH of Boston.
SECOND DIVISION,	Messrs. MERRILL of Quincy, MELLEN of Worcester.
THIRD DIVISION,	Messrs. E. SULLIVAN of Boston, GILLESPIE of Boston.
FOURTH DIVISION,	Messrs. CONANT of Littleton, BRADY of Lowell.
FIFTH DIVISION,	Messrs. CARTER of Lowell, RILEY of Adams.

Messrs. GRACEY of Salem,
McETTRICK of Boston.

# Sergeant-at-Irms and Appointees.

John G. B. Adams, . . . . . . . . . Lynn.

Sergeant-at-Arms.

#### APPOINTEES.

Clerk .- Charles G. Davis.

Messengers. — William S. Stoddard, James N. Tolman, Calvin B. Hutchinson.

Engineer. - George E. Stafford.

ASSIGNED TO THE SENATE.

Doorkeeper. - Stillman W. Edgell.

Assistant Doorkeeper. - Joseph Sidwell.

Messengers. — James E. Armstrong, Charles N. Marsh, William H. Whiting, Charles W. Parker, Luke K. Davis, Alfred D. Wise, Benjamin H. Jellison.

Pages .- Henry Finan, Herbert E. Stevens.

ASSIGNED TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Doorkeeper. - Thomas J. Tucker.

Assistant Doorkeeper. - John Kinnear.

Postmaster. - James J. Mahoney.

Messengers. — George C. Clapp, Ezra T. Pope, Francis Steele, John B. Hollis, Jr., Joseph Conneton, Thomas F. Pedrick, Henry W. Sykes, Charles D. Ufford, Charles R. Ayer, James Beatty, Benjamin B. Brown, Thomas Coyne, Sidney Gardner, B. F. Wilson, John B. Fisher.

Pages. - Wilfred B. Tyler, George Lysholm.



# COMMITTEES.



# STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

# ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. Sprague . . . of Suffolk.

Crosby . . . of Berkshire.

Parker . . . of Worcester.

Davenport . . . of Middlesex.

Collins . . . of Suffolk.

# ON PROBATE AND INSOLVENCY.

Messrs. Crosby . . . . of Berkshire.

Davenport . . . of Middlesex.

Collins . . . of Suffolk.

#### ON THE TREASURY.

Messrs. Pike . . . of Essex.

Kingsley . . . of Middlesex.

Hosmer . . . of Middlesex.

# ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. Davenport . . . of Middlesex.

Collins . . . of Suffolk.

Clark . . . of Essex.

# ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. Baker . . . . of Franklin.

James Donovan . . of Suffolk.

Gunn . . . . of Suffolk.

# ON RULES.

Messrs. Sprague . . . of Suffolk.

Gleason . . of Plymouth.

Parker . . of Worcester.

# STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

# ON THE JUDICIARY.

. . . of Winchester.

Messrs, McCall

	Wardwell					of Haverhill.
	Pinkerton					of Worcester.
	Blume					of Boston.
	Pratt					of Abington.
	DEWEY					of Boston.
	DUBUQUE					of Fall River.
	HOWLAND					of Chelsea.
	Perkins					of Cambridge.
	On Pi	ROBA	TE A	ND IN	SOL	VENCY.
Messrs.	Qua .					of Lowell.
	Brewer.					of Boston.
	PREBLE .					of Boston.
	SOHIER .					of Beverly.

CARROLL . . . of Worcester.
SANGER . . . of Boston.
ROWELL . . . of Methuen.

HARRIS . . . of East Bridgewater.

McDonough . . . of Fall River.

#### ON FINANCE.

Messrs.	Wales .			of Attleborough.
	LOVELL .			of Boston.
	Bixby .			of Brockton.
	WILKINS			of Ashburnham.
	Bennett			of Springfield.
	CARTER		٠.	of Lowell.
	Norcross		٠.	of Medford.
	Russell			of Douglas.
	COULD			of Warren

#### ON COUNTY ESTIMATES.

	ON	Cou	NTY	ESTI	MATI	ES.		
Messrs.	CONNELL					of Dracut.		
	RICHMOND					of North Adams.		
	NEWHALL					of Sterling.		
	Worth					of Boston.		
	Burgess					of Fall River.		
	Nolan					of Boston.		
	FERRY	٠.	•			of Springfield.		
		On	ELE	CTION	s.			
Messrs.	PREBLE .					of Boston.		
	Bowman					of Boston.		
	HESLAN					of Boston.		
	Howes					of Ashfield.		
	Kittredge					of Boston.		
	PURRINGTON					of Mattapoisett.		
	GILLESPIE					of Boston.		
		О	n R	ULES.				
	THE SPEAKER	١.						
Messrs.	Воттим.					of Northampton.		
	SLOCUM .					of Newton.		
	Qua .					of Lowell.		
	SOHIER .					of Beverly.		
	MELLEN					of Worcester.		
	McDonough					of Boston.		
	LEACH .					of Palmer.		
ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.								
Messrs.	Glasgow					of Worcester.		
1.1000101	SANGER			·		of Boston.		
	FOOTE	•				of Lee.		
	TOOIL	٠ -	•	•	•	of Ecc.		
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Messrs.	CROWELL					of Dennis.		
	BONNEY					of Pembroke.		
	HESLAN					of Boston.		

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## ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs.	Howes .			of Ashfield.
	Eldridge			of Chatham.
	Moore .			of Boston.

#### On Pay Roll.

Messrs.	HOLDER			of Lynn.
	HAMILTON			of New Salem.
	I. H. SULLIVA	N		of Boston.

# JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

#### ON AGRICULTURE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Palmer of Middlesex. Baker of Franklin.

HARLOW of Plymouth.

Of the House. - Messrs. BABBITT of Berkley.

PAIGE of Amherst.

CLEMENCE of Southbridge.

RIPLEY of Granville.

CRANE of Westfield.

LATTIMORE of Boston.

PIKE of Topsfield.

Alden of Duxbury.

#### ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Evans of Middlesex. Harlow of Plymouth.

Hosmer of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. CALL of Springfield.

RICHARDS of Lynn.
SHERMAN of Plymouth.
WOOD of Northborough.

HOLBROOK of Athol.

WYCKOFF of Franklin. CLAYTON of Cambridge.

Barry of Boston.

#### ON CITIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. HATHORNE of Suffolk.

HOWE of Middlesex.

HUNT of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. SLOCUM of Newton.

FROST of Boston.

ATWOOD of Boston.

CHENEY of Worcester.

Means of Boston.

LEARY of Boston.

MORISON of Boston.

WILCOX of Pittsfield.

ON DRAINAGE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Kingsley of Middlesex.

PIKE of Essex.

DWINELL of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. SANGER of Cambridge.

GIDDINGS of Great Barrington.

CURTIS of Marlborough. HOLMAN of Clinton. FERREN of Stoneham.

MEAD of Natick.

TURNER of Malden.

DUGGAN of Boston.

On Education.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Campbell of Suffolk.

HOWARD of Bristol.

STEVENS of Worcester & Hampshire.

Of the House. - Messrs. BICKNELL of Boston.

KIMBALL of Lynn.

McEttrick of Boston.

Davis of Somerville.

SHEPARD of Sandisfield.

BOND of Fitchburg. KEANE of Holyoke.

Douglas of Greenwich.

#### ON ELECTION LAWS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Sprague of Suffolk.
O'Sullivan of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hayes of Lynn.
GILMAN of North Andover.
HUTCHINSON of Lexington.
TRIPP of Boston.
MONAHAN of Boston.
PUTNAM of Lunenburg.
O'NEIL of Boston.

#### ON EXPENDITURES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. PIKE of Essex.

KINGSLEY of Middlesex.

HOSMER of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wales of Attleborough.

LOVELL of Boston.

BIXBY of Brockton.

WILKINS of Ashburnham.

BENNETT of Springfield.

CARTER of Lowell.

NORCROSS of Medford.

RUSSELL of Douglas.

GOULD of Warren.

#### ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. HATHORNE of Suffolk. Cook of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Rugg of New Bedford.
PREVAUX of Amesbury.
REED of Framingham.
FERREN of Stoneham.
SULLIVAN of Lawrence.
WOODWARD of Wakefield.
O'MEALEY of Boston.

#### ON FISHERIES AND GAME.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Cook of Essex.

GIBSON of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. STIMPSON of Swampscott.

CONWELL of Provincetown.

SMALLEY of Nantucket.

HASKELL of Gloucester.

PUTNAM of Lunenburg.

McDonald of Pittsfield.

GARVEY of Lowell.

#### ON HARBORS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. METCALF of Hampden. WALKER of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. White of Taunton.

HIXON of Chelsea.

RUGG of New Bedford.

ELDRIDGE of Bourne.

CROWELL of Dennis.

KELIHER of Boston.

SWALLOW of Boston.

#### ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Stevens of Norfolk.

Metcalf of Hampden.

Of the House. - Messrs. Carpenter of Brookline.

HENRY of Fall River. CHURCH of Cambridge. STEARNS of Dedham. BANCROFT of Reading. PARKS of Westfield. MOORE of Boston.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Howard of Bristol.

WHITNEY of Worcester.

FASSETT of Berkshire & Hampshire.

Of the House. - Messrs. LEACH of Palmer.

BARNES of Chelsea.
CUTTING of Weston.
STAFFORD of Lawrence.
NICHOLS of Wilmington.
CROWLEY of Boston.
AVRES of Petersham.

EDWARDS of Fall River.

ON THE LIBRARY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. O'SULLIVAN of Essex.

CAMPBELL of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. FROST of Boston.

BREWER of Boston.
DEARING of Braintree.
SPROUT of Worcester.
BOWMAN of Boston.
BECK of Milton.

LITTLEFIELD of Peabody.

ON THE LIQUOR LAW.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gleason of Plymouth.

Campbell of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs.

GRACEY of Salem.
COOK of Weymouth.
CRONIN of Worcester.
MILTON of Waltham.
HOWE of Hubbardston.
SNOW of Marblehead.
MORSE of Marlborough.

#### ON MANUFACTURES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Palmer of Middlesex.

Wheelock of Worcester.

Walker of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Brooks of Springfield.
QUA of Lowell.
GRAY of Walpole.
GARDINER of Raynham.
LALLY of Milford.
PORTER of Brockton.
DODGE of Wenham.

#### ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

PILLSBURY of Boston.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Crosby of Berkshire.
Cook of Essex.
Stevens of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Bottum of Northampton.

Mellen of Worcester.

Barker of Malden.

Lane of Springfield.

McEnaney of Boston.

Lincoln of Wrentham.

Adams of Quincy.

Bigelow of Grafton.

ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Walker of Essex.

HATHORNE of Suffolk.

E. J. DONOVAN of Suffolk

E. J. Donovan of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messis. Spring of Holliston.

MARTIN of Lynn.

KEMP of Cambridge.

OAKMAN of Boston.

REED of Framingham.

DALLINGER of Cambridge.

HARVEY of Boston.

ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES

McNary of Boston.

Snow of Marblehead.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Messinger of Bristol.

Wheelock of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messis. Brooks of Hanover.
FOOTE of Lee.
BROOKS of Ashby.
DAVIS of Somerville.
GILMAN of Newton.
MCLAUGHUN of Boston.

ON PRINTING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gunn of Suffolk. Hunt of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Shepard of Danvers.

Conwell of Provincetown,

Macparlane of Lynn.

Mendall of Acushnet.

Barnes of Chelsea.

Eddy of Webster.

Burke of Boston.

On Prisons.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Fassett of Berkshire & Hampshire.
Gibson of Hampden.

Of the House. - Messrs. BERRY of Salem.

ATHERTON of Saugus.
TOMPKINS of New Bedford.
BRADY of Lowell.
HALE of Taunton.
NICHOLS of Gloucester.
ELDREDGE of Chicopee.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Clark of Essex.

Messinger of Bristol.

Gunn of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. THAYER of Randolph.

THAYER of Randolph.
CONANT of Littleton.
E. SULLIVAN of Boston.
BLODGETT of Templeton.
HUTCHINSON of Lexington.
McCooey of Blackstone.
BLISS of Warren.
ALLEN of Lowell.

ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gleason of Plymouth.

Baker of Franklin.

Of the House. - Messrs. MILLER of Needham.

MILLER of Needham.
DEARING of Braintree.
QUINN of Boston.
PATRIDGE of Upton.
SPROUT of Worcester.
BROWN of North Adams.
RILEY of Adams.

#### ON PUBLIC SERVICE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Parker of Worcester.
O'Sullivan of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Sohier of Beverly.

HASELTINE of Lawrence.
POTTER of Longmeadow.
BENNETT of Pepperell.
ALDEN of Middleborough.
GILLESPIE of Boston.
HOWARD of Lawrence.

#### ON RAILROADS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. PILSBURY of Suffolk.

Symonds of Essex.

STEVENS of Worcester & Hampshire.

JAMES DONOVAN of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. ALLEN of Woburn.

GORDON of New Bedford.
McDonough of Boston.
KIMEALL of Fitchburg.
RAYMOND of Somerville.
WYMAN of Hyde Park.
TAFT of Gloucester.
COVENEY of Cambridge.
BROWN of Salem.
HANSON of Lowell.
KIMEALL of Northampton.

# ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Cook of Bristol. FISK of the Cape.

Of the House. - Messrs. Dame of Newbury.

PLAISTED of Worcester.
SLOCUM of Dartmouth.
DAVIS of Gloucester.
STANLEY of Attleborough.

STOVER of Haverhill. FARREN of Boston.

ON STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Tucker of Norfolk.

GUNN of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. KITTREDGE of Boston.

FOTTLER of Boston.

MORISON of Boston.

HILDRETH of Holvoke.

ALBREE of Boston.

LITTLEFIELD of Peabody.

EDDY of Webster.

ON STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Howe of Middlesex.

TUCKER of Norfolk.

Cooк of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. Woodward of Wakefield.
Shaw of Newburyport.

CANNELL of Everett.

WITT of Boston.

DESMOND of Boston.

GRANT of Revere.

KENNEDY of Boston.

HARRINGTON of Hull.

ON TAXATION.

Of the Scnate. — Messrs. Symonds of Essex.

Evans of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Rowell of Methuen.

Gilman of Newton.

Packard of Conway.

PIERCE of Hadley.

J. H. SULLIVAN of Boston. McDonough of Fall River.

#### On Towns.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. WHITNEY of Worcester. Fisk of the Cape.

Of the House. - Messrs. Smith of Leicester.

CUTLER of Greenfield.
PERRY of Rehoboth.
GREENWOOD of Ashland.
MARCHANT of Edgartown.
RILEY of Adams.
ATHERTON of Gill.

#### ON WATER SUPPLY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Dwinell of Middlesex.
CLARK of Essex.

E. J. Donovan of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. PINKERTON of Worcester.

PINKERTON of Worcester.
THOMPSON of Brockton.
MERRILL of Quincy.
PIERCE of Watertown.
RUSSELL of Somerville.
JOHNSON of Haverhill.
KEMPTON of New Bedford.
MURPHY of Boston.

#### ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Kingsley of Middlesex.
Pilsbury of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs.

BREWSTER of Worthington.
GRACEY of Salem.
RUSSELL of Somerville.
ROGERS of West Newbury.
BICKNELL of Boston.
BROOKS of Hanover.
CRONIN of Worcester.

# JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. GLEASON of Plymouth.

CLARK of Essex.

METCALF of Hampden.

Of the House. - Messrs. Kimball of Lynn.

KIMBALL of Lynn.
SANGER of Boston.
SMITH of Leicester.
McEttrick of Boston.
BARKER of Malden.
ELDRIDGE of Chatham.
RUSSELL of Douglas.
GOULD of Warren.

# REPORTERS.

## IN THE SENATE.

FRANK H. FORBES, .	. Traveller.
ARTHUR M. BRIDGMAN,	. Herald.
ARTHUR T. LOVELL, .	. Journal.
EDWARD E. EDWARDS,	. Transcript.
JOSEPH C. SMITH,	. Globe.
WILLIAM H. WALSH, .	$\cdot \begin{cases} Advertiser. \\ Record. \end{cases}$
WILLIAM E. PLUMMER,	. Post.

IN 7	гне	HOI	JSE	•
ARTHUR M. BRIDGMAN	,			Herald.
B. LEIGHTON BEAL,				Journal.
R. L. BRIDGMAN, .				Springfield Republican. Worcester Spy.
CHAS. E. MANN, .			. {	Advertiser. Record.
BURTON M. FIRMAN,				Post.
EDWARD E. EDWARDS,				Transcript.
ARTHUR L. CALHOUN,				Traveller.
A. E. LEON,				Globe.

#### STATE LIBRARY OF MASSACHUSETTS.

The members of the Legislature are cordially invited to avail themselves of the privilege of the State Library. It contains about 60,000 volumes, and is strictly a reference library. The Librarian and assistants will be at the service of those in search of information, and should be freely consulted.

The fourteenth section of chapter five of the Public Statutes provides that the State Library shall be for the use of -

- 1. The Governor, Licutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives.
- 2. Such other officers of Government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use it.

The use of the Library is freely given to all persons who carefully observe simple rules of quiet and order.

#### REGULATIONS.

- 1. The Library is open every day in the year, except Sundays and Legal Holidays, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., except Saturdays, when it is closed at 2 p. M.
- 2. Visitors are requested to use the books at the tables, -not in the alcoves. - and to avoid conversation.
- 3. The Statutes, Law Reports, and some other reference books may be taken to any room in the State House for temporary use, but are not to be removed from the building.
- 4. Any book taken from the Library-room must be receipted for by the person taking it, who will be held responsible for its safe return.

#### TRUSTEES.

Arthur Lincoln, Hingham; Edward Everett Hale, Boston; Robert G. Seymour, Boston.

#### LIBRARIAN.

John W. Dickinson, Ex officio; C. B. Tillinghast, Acting.

#### ASSISTANTS.

Miss Ellen M. Sawyer, Principal; Miss Maria C. Smith, Miss Alice L. Munroe.

#### AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all bours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature

#### BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating . Proprietors of the Boston Athenaum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

#### MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Acts of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

### THE STATE HOUSE.

The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of \$4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis, and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins, and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet; and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855, and 1856.

Under a resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to expend \$150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surryiving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the second day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department were concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January, and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified. and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet, -- a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys, and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall; and its finish, as also that of the Senate Chamber, was much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged

laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green room," which was directly above. A new "green room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished, and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet. and finished in panels; and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in the basement story, which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Openings were made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured, leading directly from the Mount Vernon Street entrance, which by branch corridors are connected with each other, and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam. Warm, fresh hydrated air for ventilation is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine; and the same engine runs an exhaust-fan for removing the foul air from the hall, and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The legislature of 1868 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

By Resolve chap. 68 of the year 1881, the sum of \$45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Orch F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A.

Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce. Secretary of State. assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, that of the old part in the front portion of the building being lowered about three feet. In excavating for this, the drainage was found to be in a very defective condition, the drains being broken and clogged so that the sewage could not run into the cesspools, but spread under the floors, causing discomfort and actual danger to all who occupied the building. A complete change in the system of drainage was found to be necessary, and the old cesspools were given up, and a connection was made with the main city sewers in Beacon and Temple Streets. The whole equipment of the building for drainage is now of the most thorough and approved character. By excavating under the front steps, a large space was gained, which has been utilized for a barber-shop, a kitchen for the new restaurant, a new office for the commissioners of savings banks, and for sundry conveniences for the occupants of the State House. The room just behind this space, and formerly occupied by dark closets, passage-ways, and the air-ducts of the system of ventilation, has been finished into a commodious and welllighted restaurant, large enough to seat sixty persons at table, and conveniently fitted up for the purpose, giving a much-needed accommodation. The space occupied by the old kitchen and lunch-room, and for other purposes, on the easterly end, together with the Surgeon-General's old quarters, has been formed into a commodious suite of rooms for the Deputy Tax Commissioner and his assistants. The rooms formerly occupied by this department, on the floor above, reverted to the Department of the Secretary of State, to which they formerly belonged, and by which they were again much needed. The space in the southwest corner of the basement, formerly occupied by the Adiutant-General's department for a fire-proof, was remodelled and fitted into offices for the department of Public Charities, and the rooms vacated by this department are used for legislative committee rooms, for which there was pressing need. The room formerly occupied as the private office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, and that used for passage-ways near by, was made

into a fire-proof for the Adjutant-General's department; and the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture has been assigned a room on the floor above, the large room formerly occupied by his department being utilized for additional committee rooms and offices.

Three large new boilers were put in, adding greatly to the heating capacity, which increase was imperatively needed, and a complete arrangement for draught and ventilating ducts was secured by the building of a large new chimney. A place was also sccured for storing five hundred tons of coal, by excavation in the court at the westerly end. New entrances were added to the basement, one from Hancock Avenue on the west, and one from Mount Vernon Street on the east.

These improvements and repairs add greatly not only to the capacity and convenience of the building, but also remedy defects that were alike destructive to comfort and dangerous to life and health. The sum appropriated was somewhat exceeded in doing the work, an excess made necessary by the unforeseen condition of the drainage, without the remodelling of which the work could not proceed; and also by the insecure foundations in the front part of the basement, which, until the excavations had proceeded to a considerable extent, seemed to be solid masonry, but which proved to be only an insufficient wall, wholly unfit for use with the enlargement contemplated.

Under authority of chapter 70 of the Resolves of 1885, passenger elevators were erected in the east and west wings of the State Honse.

#### The Battle-Flags.

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the Rebellion were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq., architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number, -194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags, in the Washington statue recess; and the artillery and battery flags, in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

## The Statue of Washington,

By Chantrey, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are fac similes of certain memorial stones from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, Feb. 22, 1861.

#### The Statue of Webster,

By Powers, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of \$10,000.

#### The Statue of Mann.

BY MISS STEBBINS, was erected in 1865.

#### The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,

By Thomas Ball; was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1872

#### Lincoln, Wilson, and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln, Vice-President Wilson, and Senator Sumner, occupy niches in the Doric Hall.

#### Ex-Secretary Boutwell.

A bust of Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. George S. Boutwell, has been placed in the Library.

#### Charles Sumner.

The portrait of Charles Sumner, by Henry Ulke, in the Library, was a gift to the Commonwealth from the late James Wormley of Washington.

#### Gen. Gage.

An original portrait of Gen. Gage, in the Library, was a gift to the late Gen. W. H. Sumner from a son of Gen. Gage, and bequeathed to the State by Gen. Sumner. AN ACT concerning the Great Seal of the Commonwealth.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. The great seal of the Commonwealth shall be circular in form, and shall bear upon its face a representation of the arms of the Commonwealth, with an inscription round about such representation, consisting of the words "Sigillum Reipublicæ Massachusettensis"; but the colors of such arms shall not be an essential part of said seal, and an impression from an engraved seal according to said design, on any commission, paper or document of any kind, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, whether such colors, or the representation of such colors by the customary heraldic lines or marks, be employed or not.

- SECT. 2. The arms of the Commonwealth shall consist of a shield, whereof the field or surface is blue, and thereon an Indian dressed in his shirt and moccasins, holding in his right hand a bow, in his left hand an arrow, point downward, all of gold; and in the upper corner above his right arm a silver star with five points. The crest shall be a wreath of blue and gold, whereon is a right arm bent at the elbow, and clothed and ruffled, the hand grasping a broadsword, all of gold. The motto shall be "Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem."
- SECT. 3. The seal of the Commonwealth, now in use in the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, shall be deemed the seal authorized by this act so long as its use may be continued.
- SECT. 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved June 4. 1885.

# ÷CALENDAR:1889÷

JANUARY.					JULY.								
Sun.	Non.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Ĩ.	Sat.	Sun.	Non.	Tues.	Wed.		Ĕ	Sat.
6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27
FEBRUARY.						AUCUST.							
3 10 17 24	 4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22	2 9 16 23	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31
MARCH.						SEPTEMBER.							
3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28
J		А	PRI	L.			OCTOBER.						
7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26
			MAY				NOVEMBER.						
5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	18 18 25	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30
JUNE.					DECEMBER.								
2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27 	7 14 21 28 

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